

Hydrologic Conditions

for the month of

May 2019

Prepared by the
Hydrologic Data Section
Data Collection Bureau



June 25, 2019

<http://www.watermatters.org>

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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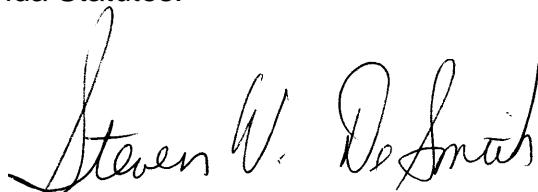
INTRODUCTION

The Hydrologic Conditions Report is generated monthly by the Hydrologic Data Section, Data Collection Bureau, of the Southwest Florida Water Management District. This report provides an end-of-month analytical summary of regional and temporal variations in the hydrologic conditions across the District's 16-county area for planning and regulatory purposes. In addition, it provides an excellent historical record for long-term local and regional hydrologic analysis.

The Hydrologic Data Section is responsible for the implementation and maintenance of a network of observation and monitoring stations used to track changes in various hydrologic parameters over time. Data collected are used by the regulatory, technical, and analytical sections of the District. Data recently collected and maintained by the section include: station and basin rainfall totals, stream and spring discharge measurements, and surface and ground water levels. Frequency of data collection ranges from hourly to monthly readings. All data collected are processed and analyzed, then uploaded into the Water Management Data Base for general access by the District. The Water Management Data Base is also periodically augmented from the United States Geological Survey's hydrologic data network.

The data presented in this report are monthly rainfall totals, streamflow, springflow, surface and ground water levels, reservoir levels and the Aquifer Resource Index. Associated maps of station locations are at the end of the report in the Appendices. Also reported herein are levels of public supply surface water reservoirs supplemented by various regional utilities. The data contained in this report was collected and analyzed in accordance with generally accepted procedures consistent with applicable scientific and technical standards of practice. The data presented are considered to be the best available at the time of publication and are subject to revision. Any questions about the significance, accuracy, or interpretation of these data should be referred to Granville Kinsman, Manager of the Hydrologic Data Section at (352) 796-7211 or (800) 423-1476, extension 4284.

The data evaluation, analyses and interpretation contained within this report have been prepared or approved by a certified Professional Geologist in accordance with Chapter 492, Florida Statutes.



Registration #PG-1704



Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

The Southwest Florida Water Management District (District) does not discriminate on the basis of disability. This nondiscrimination policy involves every aspect of the District's functions, including access to and participation in the District's programs and activities. Anyone requiring reasonable accommodation as provided for in the Americans with Disabilities Act should contact the District's Human Resources Bureau Chief, 2379 Broad Street, Brooksville, Florida 34604-6899; telephone (352) 796-7211 or 1-800-423-1476 (FL only), ext. 4703; or email ADACoordinator@swfwmd.state.fl.us. If you are hearing or speech impaired, please contact the agency using the Florida Relay Service, 1(800)955-8771(TDD) or 1(800)955-8770(Voice).

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Provisional Hydrologic Conditions as of June 20, 2019

Provisional rainfall totals are provided for the period of June 1, 2019 through June 19, 2019. The northern region has received an average of 8.55 inches, while the historic mean for the northern region for the month of June is 7.52 inches. The central region has received an average of 8.43 inches, while the historic mean for the central region for June is 7.32 inches. The southern region has received an average of 6.26 inches, while the historic mean for the southern region for June is 8.20 inches. District-wide, rainfall has averaged 7.71 inches, while the historic mean for the District for June is 7.72 inches.

Provisional lake level data indicate that during the first 19 days of June, regional water levels have increased in all four lake regions of the District. Average lake levels in the Northern region increased an average of 0.36 foot and were 0.13 foot below the base of the normal range. Average lake levels in the Tampa Bay region increased 0.27 foot and were 0.80 foot above the base of the normal range. Lake levels in the Polk Uplands region increased 0.29 foot and were 1.54 foot above the base of the normal range. The Lake Wales Ridge region posted an average increase of 0.13 foot and was 0.78 foot below the base of the normal range.

As of June 17, 2019, provisional streamflow data indicates, based on the three regional index rivers indicated below, that average streamflow has decreased in the northern region, while flow has increased in the central and southern regions, compared to last month's data. Normal streamflow is flow that falls on or between the 25th and 75th percentiles. The average streamflow for the Withlacoochee River near Holder in the northern region was within the normal range at the 41st percentile. The average streamflow for the Hillsborough River near Zephyrhills in the central region was within the normal range at the 67th percentile, while flow in the Peace River at Arcadia in the southern region was within the normal range at the 44th percentile.

Provisional groundwater data, as of June 19, 2019, indicate that levels in the intermediate and Floridan aquifers have increased in all three regions of the District, compared to last month's data. Normal aquifer levels are levels that fall on or between the 25th and 75th percentiles. Aquifer levels for the northern region were above-normal at the 84th percentile; levels for the central region were above-normal at the 81st percentile; while levels for the southern region were within the normal range at the 53rd percentile.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Hydrologic Conditions for May 2019

In May, average rainfall totals were within the normal range in all three regions of the District. The normal range for rainfall is defined by totals that fall on or between the 25th to 75th percentiles of the historical monthly accumulation for each region and where the 50th percentile represents the historical mean. The northern region received an average of 3.08 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 50th percentile of the historical May record, the central region received an average of 2.99 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 55th percentile, while the southern region received an average of 3.00 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 45th percentile. The District-wide rainfall average of 3.02 inches was equivalent to the 47th percentile.

During the eight-month "dry season," the period from October 1, 2018 through May 31, 2019, rainfall totals for all three regions of the District were within the normal range. The northern region received an average of 26.77 inches of rainfall, which was 3.41 inches above the historical "dry season" mean rainfall of 23.36 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the 66th percentile of historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal." The central region received an average of 23.40 inches of rainfall, which was 1.76 inches above the historical mean of 21.64 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the 63rd percentile of the historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal." The southern region received an average rainfall accumulation of 20.81 inches, which was 0.13 inch above the historical mean of 20.68 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the 53rd percentile of the historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal." District-wide, the "dry season" average rainfall was 23.44 inches, which was 1.66 inches above the historical "dry season" mean rainfall of 21.78 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the 61st percentile of the historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal."

During the 12-month period from June 1, 2018 through May 31, 2019, the average rainfall totals in all three regions of the District was classified as "normal." The northern region received an average of 57.70 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 71st percentile of the historical annual record. The central region received an average of 53.12 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 56th percentile, while the southern region received an average of 49.67 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 40th percentile. The District-wide rainfall average of 53.19 inches was equivalent to the 54th percentile of the historical annual record.

Average lake levels in May were below the annual normal range in the Northern and Lake Wales Ridge regions of the District, while levels were within the annual normal range in the Tampa Bay and Polk Uplands regions. Normal lake levels are defined as levels that fall between the minimum low management level and the minimum flood level. Lake levels in the Northern region decreased by an average of 0.41 foot and were 0.49 foot below the base of the annual normal range. Lake levels in the Tampa Bay region decreased an average of 0.36 foot and were 0.53 foot above the base of the annual normal range. Lake levels in the Polk Uplands region decreased by an average of 0.39 foot and were 1.25 feet above the base of the annual normal range. Lake levels in the Lake Wales Ridge region decreased by an average of 0.54 foot and ended the month 0.91 foot below the base of the annual normal range.

Total streamflow in May, based on the three regional index rivers indicated below, was within the normal range in all three regions of the District. Normal streamflow is defined as the flow that falls on or between the 25th and 75th percentiles. Streamflow measured at the Withlacoochee River near Holder station in the northern region was in the 50th percentile. Streamflow measured at the Hillsborough River near Zephyrhills station in the central region was in the 35th percentile, while streamflow measured at the Peace River at Arcadia station in the southern region was in the 48th percentile.

In May, groundwater data showed that levels in the intermediate and Floridan aquifers ended the month within the normal range in all three regions of the District. The normal range is defined as the level that falls on or between the 25th and 75th percentiles. The groundwater level in the northern, central and southern regions were in the 71st, 71st and 62nd percentiles, respectively.

REGIONAL OVERVIEW OF HYDROLOGIC CONDITIONS

MAY 2019

Northern Region

In May, the northern region received an average of 3.08 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 50th percentile of the historical May readings, which is considered "normal." Average lake levels decreased in the northern region and ended the month an average of 0.49 foot below the base of the annual normal range. Total streamflow measured in the Withlacoochee River near Holder station decreased and was in the 50th percentile. Regional groundwater levels indicated average surficial aquifer water levels decreased and were in the 53rd percentile, while levels in the intermediate and Floridan aquifer decreased and were in the 71st percentile.

Central Region

In May, the central region received an average of 2.99 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 55th percentile of historical May readings, which is considered "normal." Average lake levels decreased in the Tampa Bay and Polk Uplands regions, ending the month 0.53 foot and 1.25 feet, respectively, above the base of the annual normal range. Total streamflow measured at the Hillsborough River near Zephyrhills station decreased and was in the 35th percentile. Regional groundwater levels indicated average surficial aquifer water levels decreased and were in the 71st percentile, while levels in the intermediate and Floridan aquifer decreased and were in the 71st percentile.

Southern Region

In May, the southern region received an average of 3.00 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 45th percentile of historical May readings, which is considered "normal." Average lake levels decreased in the Lake Wales Ridge region and ended the month 0.91 foot below the base of the annual normal range. Total streamflow measured at the Peace River at Arcadia station decreased and was in the 48th percentile. Regional groundwater levels indicated average surficial aquifer water levels decreased and were in the 62nd percentile, while levels in the intermediate and Floridan aquifer decreased and were in the 62nd percentile.

RAINFALL

The rainfall data used for all tabulations in this report are provided to the District under contract with an external vendor. These data are created by enhancing contractor-developed NEXRAD radar rainfall imagery with 15-minute rainfall data collected from the District's network of real-time gauges. This process results in highly accurate cell-based rainfall data representative of conditions over the entire District, including those portions where rainfall data collection would otherwise be limited due to gaps in the gauging network.

As defined by the United States Geological Survey (USGS), a percentile is a value on a scale of one hundred that indicates the percent of a distribution that is equal to or below it. For example, a rainfall total equivalent to the 90th percentile is equal to or greater than 90 percent of the rainfall totals recorded for this month during all years that totals have been recorded.

Percentiles for rainfall were calculated from the historical record by region, and by specific interval. The "wet season" total is the sum of the rainfall from June through September. The "dry season" total is the sum of the rainfall from October through May. The annual total characterization was calculated from a dataset of moving 12-month rainfall sum for the same period (1915 through the most recent completed year). The moving 12-month rainfall sum was used for annual statistics because it provided a much larger dataset, and therefore a better estimate of the true percentiles. The historical 12-month cumulative average is updated monthly.

Characterization ranges were established for each region, and for the whole District, with breaks at the 10th (P10), the 25th (P25), the 75th (P75) and the 90th (P90) percentiles. The rainfall in inches for each percentile break, by rainfall interval and by region and the characterization ranges are summarized in the Appendix.

In May, rainfall totals were within the normal range in all three regions of the District. The normal range for rainfall is defined by totals that fall on or between the 25th to 75th percentiles of the historical monthly average for each region and where the 50th percentile represents the historical mean. The northern region received an average of 3.08 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 50th percentile of the historical May record. The central region received an average of 2.99 inches, equivalent to the 55th percentile of the historical May record, while the southern region received an average of 3.00 inches, equivalent to the 45th percentile. District-wide, rainfall averaged 3.02 inches, which is equivalent to the 47th percentile.

During the eight-month "dry season," the period from October 1, 2018 through May 31, 2019, rainfall totals for all three regions of the District were within the normal range. The northern region received an average of 26.77 inches of rainfall, which was 3.41 inches above the historical "dry season" mean rainfall of 23.36 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the 66th percentile of historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal." The central region received an average of 23.40 inches of rainfall, which was 1.76 inches above the historical mean of 21.64 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the 63rd percentile of the historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal." The southern region received an average rainfall accumulation of 20.81 inches, which was 0.13 inch above the historical mean of 20.68 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the

53rd percentile of the historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal." District-wide, the "dry season" average rainfall was 23.44 inches, which was 1.66 inches above the historical "dry season" mean rainfall of 21.78 inches. This rainfall average was equivalent to the 61st percentile of the historical "dry season" mean rainfall and is classified as "normal."

During the 12-month period from June 1, 2018 through May 31, 2019, the average rainfall totals in all three regions and District-wide were classified as "normal." The northern region received an average of 57.70 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 71st percentile of the historical record. The central region received an average of 53.12 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 56th percentile. The southern region received an average of 49.67 inches of rainfall, equivalent to the 40th percentile. The District-wide rainfall average was 53.19 inches, which is equivalent to the 54th percentile of the historical annual record.

Tampa Monthly Climate Summary for May 2019

According to the National Weather Service (NWS), the monthly average temperature (°F) for Tampa was 81.6 degrees, which was 3.2 degrees above normal. The highest temperature recorded during the month was 95.0 degrees, while the lowest temperature recorded during the month was 68.0 degrees. The May 2019 monthly high temperature of 81.6 degrees ranks as the 2nd warmest May since records began in 1890. The warmest May had an average temperature of 81.7 degrees, which occurred in 1995.

Temperature and Precipitation Outlook

The Climate Prediction Center's (CPC) three-month weather forecast, as of June 20, 2019, indicates equal chances for normal, above-normal or below-normal rainfall throughout the District during the composite 3-month period from July through September 2019. The temperature forecast for this same time-period indicates above-normal temperatures throughout the District.

For more information log on to the CPC's website at:

http://www.cpc.ncep.noaa.gov/products/OUTLOOKS_index.html

RELATIONSHIP OF MAY 2019 RAINFALL TO HISTORICAL RAINFALL AVERAGES

Regional Summary:

Region	MAY 2019 Average Rainfall	Historical Average for MAY	Departure from Historical Average	Calendar Year 2019 Cumulative Rainfall JAN-MAY	Calendar Year Historical Cumulative Rainfall JAN-MAY	Departure from Historical Cumulative MAY 2019	Cumulative 12-month Rainfall JUN 2018-MAY 2019	Historical 12-month Cumulative Rainfall	Departure from Historical 12-month Cumulative
Northern Counties	3.08	3.69	-0.61	12.91	16.02	-3.11	57.70	53.57	4.13
Central Counties	2.99	3.40	-0.41	12.56	14.63	-2.07	53.12	52.40	0.72
Southern Counties	3.00	3.71	-0.71	12.48	13.94	-1.46	49.67	52.44	-2.77
District All Counties	3.02	3.59	-0.57	12.64	14.78	-2.14	53.19	52.74	0.45

Regional Counties Summary:

NORTHERN COUNTIES	MAY 2019 Average Rainfall	Historical Average for MAY	Departure from Historical Average	Calendar Year 2019 Cumulative Rainfall JAN-MAY	Calendar Year Historical Cumulative Rainfall JAN-MAY	Departure from Historical Cumulative MAY 2019	Cumulative 12-month Rainfall JUN 2018-MAY 2019	Historical 12-month Cumulative Rainfall	Departure from Historical 12-month Cumulative
Levy County	1.77	3.27	-1.50	13.89	16.58	-2.69	65.52	53.94	11.58
Marion County	3.09	3.74	-0.65	14.25	16.67	-2.42	61.36	54.31	7.05
Citrus County	3.50	3.62	-0.12	12.96	15.94	-2.98	59.46	54.06	5.40
Sumter County	3.67	3.76	-0.09	12.57	15.79	-3.22	51.74	51.92	-0.18
Hernando County	2.63	3.71	-1.08	11.15	15.98	-4.83	54.09	55.01	-0.92
<hr/>									
CENTRAL COUNTIES									
Pasco County	2.54	3.65	-1.11	11.96	15.56	-3.60	53.97	54.06	-0.09
Pinellas County	3.40	2.91	0.49	14.07	14.02	0.05	50.95	51.67	-0.72
Hillsborough County	3.23	3.59	-0.36	12.80	14.64	-1.84	54.72	52.66	2.06
Polk County	2.96	4.16	-1.20	12.39	15.08	-2.69	52.01	52.01	-0.00
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SOUTHERN COUNTIES									
Manatee County	3.14	3.29	-0.15	11.02	13.81	-2.79	51.49	53.46	-1.97
Hardee County	2.57	3.98	-1.41	12.67	14.14	-1.47	50.26	52.16	-1.90
Highlands County	2.22	4.11	-1.89	13.68	14.03	-0.35	44.83	52.06	-7.23
Sarasota County	2.45	3.18	-0.73	10.61	13.32	-2.71	50.11	52.72	-2.61
DeSoto County	3.69	3.87	-0.18	14.48	13.53	0.95	49.70	51.92	-2.22
Charlotte County	3.69	3.61	0.08	13.39	12.85	0.54	48.90	52.62	-3.72

MAY 2019 RAINFALL CHARACTERIZATION

Regional Characterization:

Region	MAY 2019 Average Rainfall	Historical MAY Percentile	MAY Rainfall Characterization	Cumulative 12-month Rainfall JUN 2018- MAY 2019	Historical 12-month Cumulative Percentile	12-month Cumulative Rainfall Characterization
Northern Counties	3.08	50	Normal	57.70	71	Normal
Central Counties	2.99	55	Normal	53.12	56	Normal
Southern Counties	3.00	45	Normal	49.67	40	Normal
District Counties	3.02	47	Normal	53.19	54	Normal

Regional Counties Characterization:

NORTHERN COUNTIES	MAY 2019 Average Rainfall	Historical MAY Percentile	MAY Rainfall Characterization	Cumulative 12-month Rainfall JUN 2018- MAY 2019	Historical 12-month Cumulative Percentile	12-month Cumulative Rainfall Characterization
Levy County	1.77	23	Drier than normal	65.52	89	Wetter than normal
Marion County	3.09	53	Normal	61.36	80	Wetter than normal
Citrus County	3.50	60	Normal	59.46	73	Normal
Sumter County	3.67	61	Normal	51.74	46	Normal
Hernando County	2.63	43	Normal	54.09	48	Normal
<i>CENTRAL COUNTIES</i>						
Pasco County	2.54	42	Normal	53.97	52	Normal
Pinellas County	3.40	70	Normal	50.95	51	Normal
Hillsborough County	3.23	56	Normal	54.72	63	Normal
Polk County	2.96	39	Normal	52.01	52	Normal
<i>SOUTHERN COUNTIES</i>						
Manatee County	3.14	60	Normal	51.49	45	Normal
Hardee County	2.57	36	Normal	50.26	45	Normal
Highlands County	2.22	23	Drier than normal	44.83	22	Drier than normal
Sarasota County	2.45	46	Normal	50.11	42	Normal
DeSoto County	3.69	56	Normal	49.70	44	Normal
Charlotte County	3.69	61	Normal	48.90	38	Normal

RELATIONSHIP OF DRY SEASON (OCT 2018 to MAY 2019) RAINFALL TO HISTORICAL DRY SEASON RAINFALL

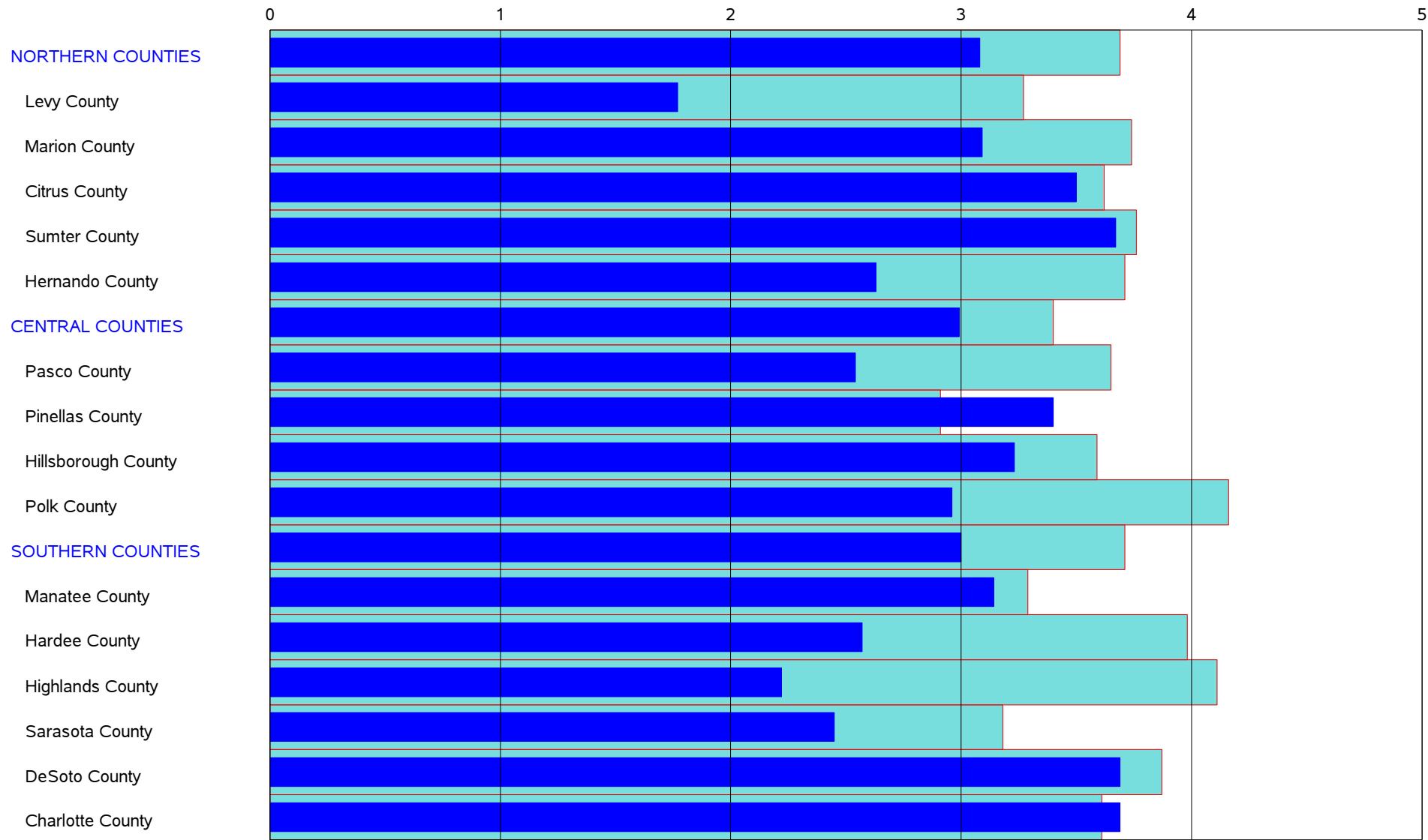
Regional Characterization:

Region	Dry Season Rainfall OCT 2018- MAY 2019	Historical Dry Season Rainfall Average	Departure from Historical Rainfall Average	Historical Dry Season Percentile	Dry Season Rainfall Characterization OCT 2018- MAY 2019
Northern Counties	26.77	23.36	3.41	66%	Normal
Central Counties	23.40	21.64	1.76	63%	Normal
Southern Counties	20.81	20.68	0.13	53%	Normal
District Counties	23.44	21.78	1.66	61%	Normal

Regional Counties Characterization:

NORTHERN COUNTIES	Dry Season Rainfall OCT 2018- MAY 2019	Historical Dry Season Rainfall Average	Departure from Historical Rainfall Average	Historical Dry Season Percentile	Dry Season Rainfall Characterization OCT 2018- MAY 2019
Levy County	28.75	24.41	4.34	73%	Normal
Marion County	29.70	24.40	5.30	77%	Wetter than normal
Citrus County	27.62	23.19	4.43	70%	Normal
Sumter County	25.34	22.92	2.42	64%	Normal
Hernando County	23.53	23.32	0.21	55%	Normal
CENTRAL COUNTIES					
Pasco County	23.53	22.79	0.74	56%	Normal
Pinellas County	25.72	21.16	4.56	73%	Normal
Hillsborough County	23.97	21.42	2.55	65%	Normal
Polk County	22.52	21.75	0.77	55%	Normal
SOUTHERN COUNTIES					
Manatee County	21.46	20.67	0.79	59%	Normal
Hardee County	21.45	20.64	0.81	57%	Normal
Highlands County	18.57	20.80	-2.23	40%	Normal
Sarasota County	20.53	20.30	0.23	57%	Normal
DeSoto County	21.79	20.24	1.55	62%	Normal
Charlotte County	19.52	19.64	-0.12	53%	Normal

MAY 2019 RAINFALL HISTORIC AVERAGE VS HISTORICAL MAY AVERAGE (INCHES)

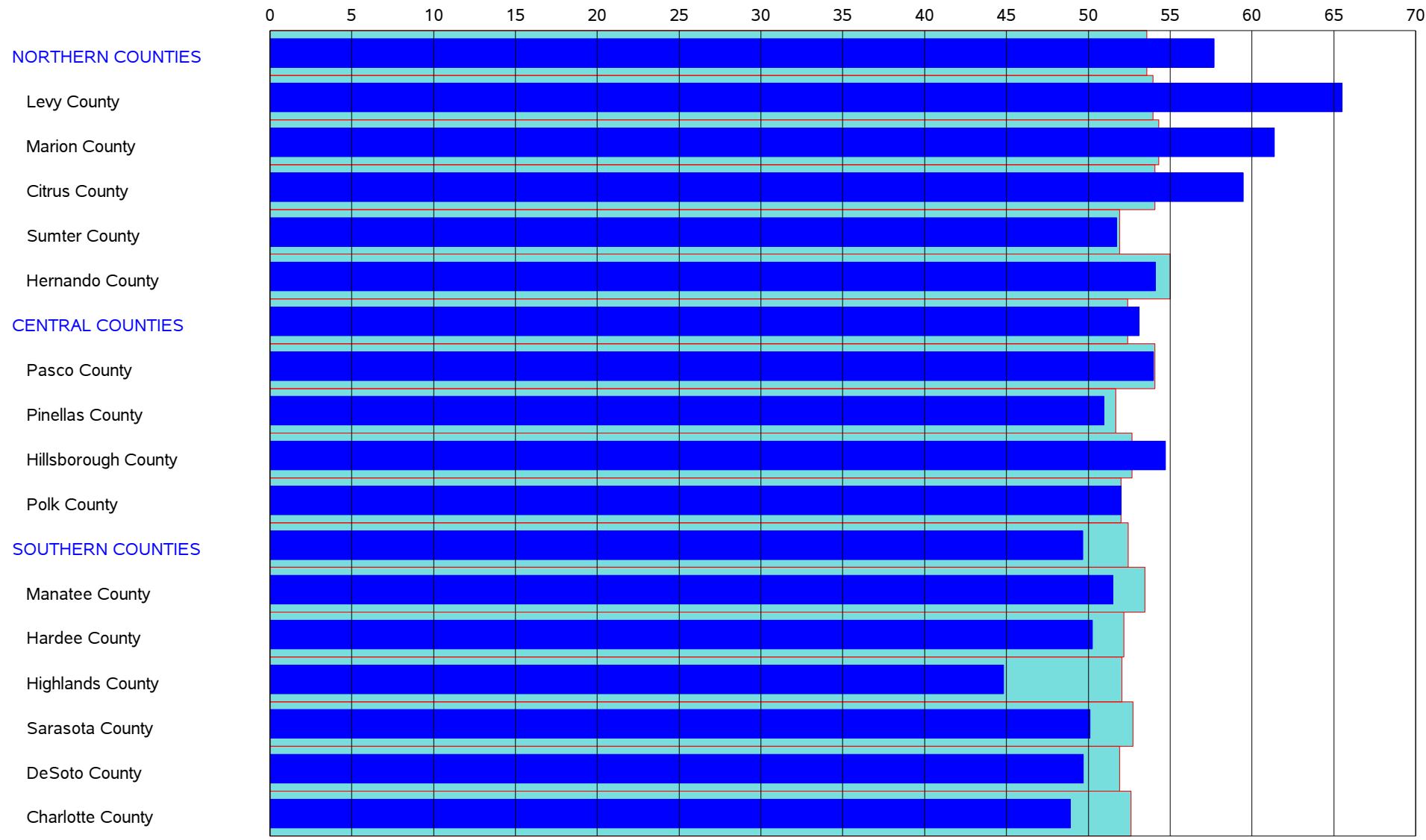


May 2019 Rainfall



Historical May Average Rainfall

MAY 2019 12-MONTH CUMULATIVE RAINFALL VS AVERAGE ANNUAL CUMULATIVE (INCHES)



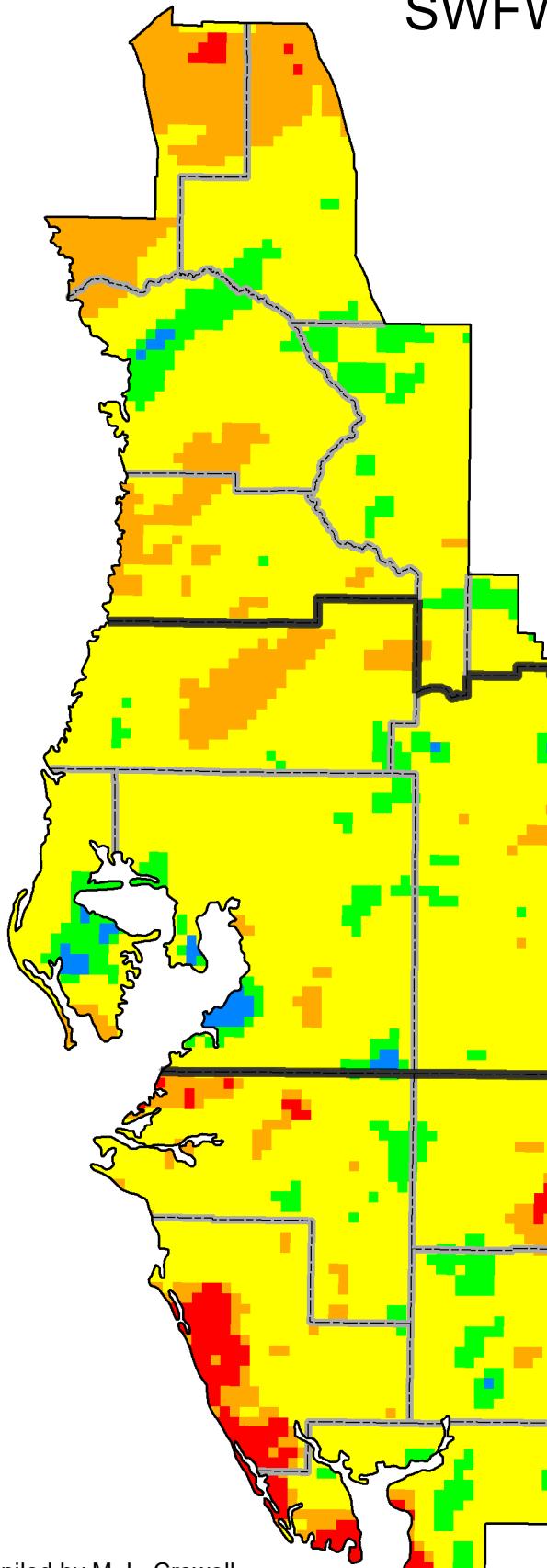
12-month Cumulative Rainfall



Average 12-month Cumulative

SWFWMD Rainfall Distribution

May 2019



- Very dry
- Drier than normal
- Normal
- Wetter than normal
- Very wet

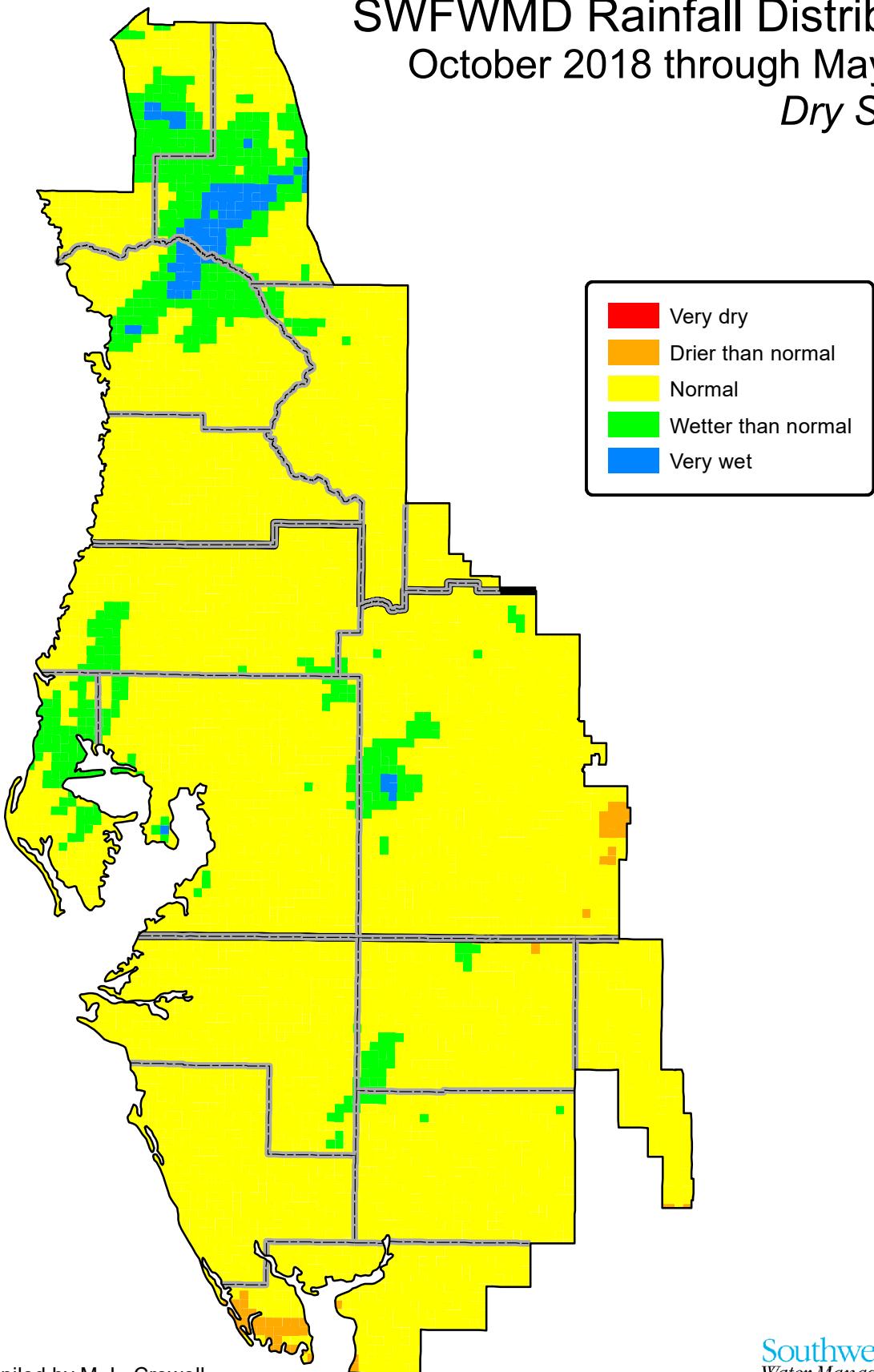
Compiled by M. L. Crowell
Data source: Vieux, Inc.

Southwest Florida
Water Management District

SWFWMD Rainfall Distribution

October 2018 through May 2019

Dry Season

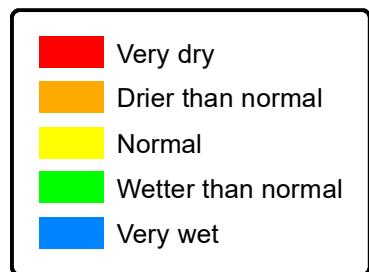
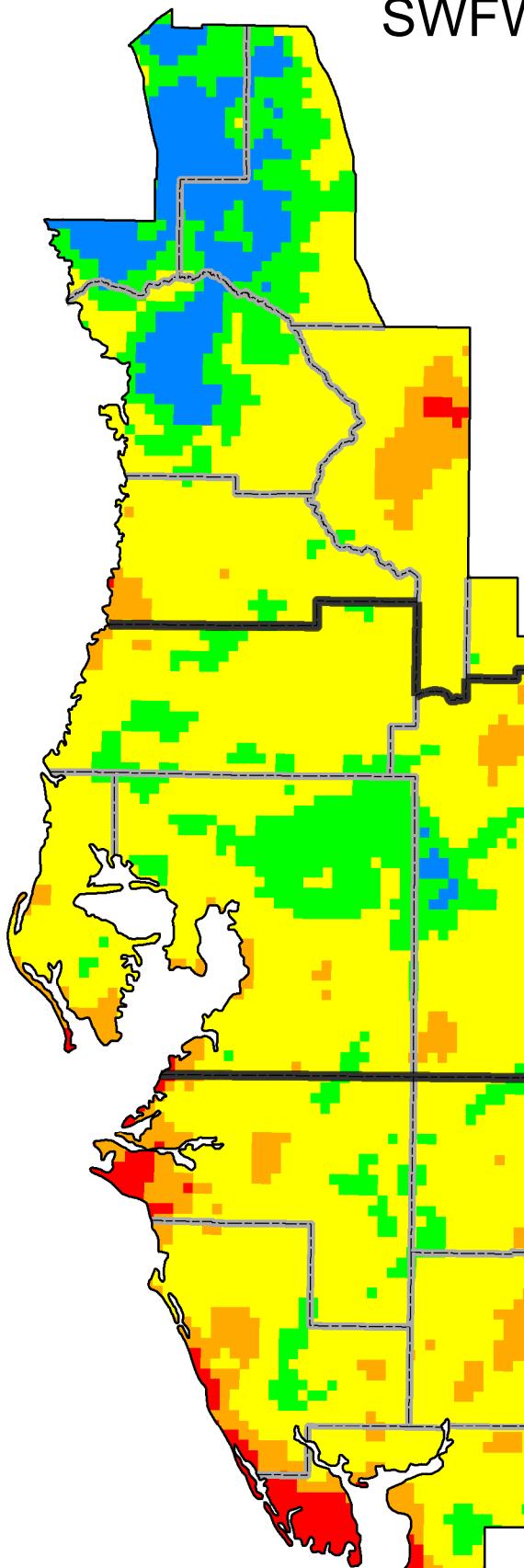


Compiled by M. L. Crowell
Data source: Vieux, Inc.

Southwest Florida
Water Management District

SWFWMD Rainfall Distribution

June 2018 through
May 2019



Compiled by M.L. Crowell
Data source: Vieux, Inc.

Southwest Florida
Water Management District

SURFACE WATER

Lakes

Across the District, 76 lakes have been selected as excellent indicators of current surface water conditions (see index map in Appendix). Water levels of these lakes are read monthly. In general, these lakes are concentrated in four regions, the northern region of Citrus, Hernando, and Sumter Counties, the Tampa Bay region of Hillsborough and Pasco Counties, the Polk Uplands region of northern Polk County, and the Lake Wales Ridge region of Polk and Highlands Counties. In this report, current monthly lake levels are tabulated and compared with previous records as well as District-established management levels. In addition, lake-level data representative of the four regions are presented in hydrographs showing a 15-year history of water levels, as a general indicator of surface-water conditions in that region.

The District's Governing Board (the Board) has established lake management levels for approximately 410 lakes within District boundaries, which are specified in Chapter 40D-8, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.). Management levels help protect the water resources of the District and the ecology of the lake or water-body for which it was established. In this report, the following three management levels are used to indicate normal and low lake levels: the Minimum Flood (MF) level, the Minimum Low Management (MLM) level, and the Minimum Extreme Low Management (MELM) level. In general, the MF level corresponds to the normal high level, the MLM to the normal low level, and the MELM to a drought-year low. These levels were derived from various sources, including technical publications, topographic maps, Water Resource Data Reports of the USGS, and other studies. Field investigations are also used to determine past surface levels from water marks, wetland vegetation, dry land vegetation, and to establish the elevation of septic tanks, docks, sea walls, roads and floor slabs.

During a normal year, each of the indicator lakes should reach both the designated normal high (MF) and the normal low (MLM) levels. In addition, it is generally beneficial for lakes to reach the adopted drought year low (MELM) level every four to six years for a short period of time for the biological health of the lake. In this report, hydrographs of representative lakes compare current and recent water levels against “**normal ranges**” defined by the adopted MF and MLM levels.

Of the 76 lakes presented in this report, 17 have water-control structures. These structures are used for water conservation and do not generally influence the water levels with regard to meteorologically wet or dry conditions. During periods of extreme high water, the structures may be operated to minimize flooding.

During May, 74 of the 76 lakes monitored for this report recorded water level decreases, compared to last month. Water levels decreased in the Northern, Tampa Bay, Polk Uplands and Lake Wales regions by 0.41, 0.36, 0.39 and 0.54 foot, respectively. District-wide, average water levels decreased by 0.40 foot, compared to last month.

In May, 40 of the 76 lakes monitored for this report recorded water level increases, 35 recorded decreases, while one recorded the same level, compared to last year's levels. In the Northern and Polk Uplands regions, average lake levels were higher by 0.31 and 0.02 foot, respectively, while in the Tampa Bay and Lake Wales Ridge regions levels were lower by 0.05 and 0.80 foot, respectively. District-wide, average lake levels were lower by 0.05 foot, compared to last year's levels.

Water levels in 50 of the 76 lakes were above the base of the annual normal range, levels in 25 lakes were below the base, while the level in one lake was equal to the bottom of the annual range. Average lake levels in the Northern and Lake Wales Ridge regions were 0.49 and 0.91 foot, respectively, below the base of the annual normal range, while average lake levels in the Tampa Bay and Polk Uplands regions were 0.53 foot and 1.25 feet, respectively, above the base of the annual normal range. District-wide, average lake levels were 0.34 foot above the base of the annual normal range. Water levels in 71 of the 76 lakes were above the drought-year levels.

SUMMARY OF LAKE ELEVATIONS OF REGIONAL LAKES (feet)

NORTHERN LAKES		Lake Name	County	Beginning of Record		APR 2019	MAY 2019	MAY 2018	Change from APR 2019	Change from MAY 2018	Diff from MELM	(MELM) Drought Year Low	(MLM) Normal Year Low	(MF) Normal Year High	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
				Beginning of Record	APR 2019	MAY 2019	MAY 2018	Change from APR 2019	Change from MAY 2018	Diff from MELM	(MELM) Drought Year Low	(MLM) Normal Year Low	(MF) Normal Year High	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date	
Big Fish Lake	Pasco	1980	74.21	73.48	73.31	-0.73	0.17	1.73	71.75	73.05	76.05	65.45	JUN 1997	77.40	SEP 2004			
Crews Lake	Pasco	1986	51.86	51.26	50.54	-0.60	0.72	1.26	50.00	52.00	55.00	42.63	APR 2001	54.92	MAR 1998			
Hancock Lake	Pasco	1978	100.92	100.38	98.40	-0.54	1.98	-1.62	102.00	104.00	106.50	90.00	MAR 2009	108.90	MAR 1998			
Hunters Lake	Hernando	1965	17.69	17.27	16.39	-0.42	0.88	1.27	16.00	17.50	20.50	11.70	JUN 2001	20.50	MAR 1970			
Lake Iola	Pasco	1965	140.11	139.57	138.47	-0.54	1.10	-2.93	142.50	145.00	147.50	128.96	MAY 2012	148.70	JAN 1989			
Lake Lindsey	Hernando	1982	65.74	65.47	65.01	-0.27	0.46	0.97	64.50	66.00	69.00	59.38	MAY 2012	69.47	MAR 1998			
Little Lake (Consu	Citrus	1985	38.61	38.20	39.86	-0.41	-1.66	0.95	37.25	39.00	41.50	31.10	MAY 2001	42.84	SEP 2004			
Lake Miona	Sumter	1978	53.53	53.37	53.09	-0.16	0.28	2.37	51.00	53.00	55.00	47.88	AUG 1992	56.60	OCT 1982			
Moon Lake	Pasco	1990	39.77	39.46	39.13	-0.31	0.33	3.96	35.50	37.50	40.50	32.98	APR 2009	41.26	SEP 2004			
Lake Panasoffkee	Sumter	1955	39.75	39.65	39.94	-0.10	-0.29	1.15	38.50	39.50	42.50	36.92	JUN 2007	44.28	APR 1960			
Lake Pasadena	Pasco	1984	92.01	91.41	90.13	-0.60	1.28	1.41	90.00	91.50	94.50	81.56	MAY 2001	94.86	OCT 2004			
Spring Lake	Hernando	1965	180.95	180.65	179.77	-0.30	0.88	2.40	178.25	181.25	184.25	174.85	JUN 1965	183.57	OCT 1984			
Floral City Pool	Citrus	1957	40.55	40.06	40.82	-0.49	-0.76	1.81	38.25	40.25	42.50	30.35	JUN 2001	44.22	MAR 1960			
Inverness Pool	Citrus	1958	39.42	38.97	39.49	-0.45	-0.52	2.72	36.25	38.25	40.50	31.46	MAY 2001	42.94	APR 1960			
Hernando Pool	Citrus	1958	38.29	38.02	38.25	-0.27	-0.23	3.27	34.75	36.75	39.00	31.09	JUL 2001	41.74	APR 1960			
TAMPA BAY LAKES		Lake Name	County	Beginning of Record		APR 2019	MAY 2019	MAY 2018	Change from APR 2019	Change from MAY 2018	Diff from MELM	(MELM) Drought Year Low	(MLM) Normal Year Low	(MF) Normal Year High	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
				Beginning of Record	APR 2019	MAY 2019	MAY 2018	Change from APR 2019	Change from MAY 2018	Diff from MELM	(MELM) Drought Year Low	(MLM) Normal Year Low	(MF) Normal Year High	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date	
Lake Alice	Hillsborough	1971	40.68	40.21	39.56	-0.47	0.65	2.71	37.50	40.25	42.25	33.24	MAY 2002	42.42	SEP 2004			
Lake Ann-Parker	Pasco	1969	47.05	46.78	46.76	-0.27	0.02	1.78	45.00	45.75	48.75	43.28	JUN 2002	49.29	SEP 1979			
Bay Lake	Hillsborough	1982	45.26	43.65	45.61	-1.61	-1.96	1.15	42.50	44.00	46.75	41.86	APR 1985	46.46	DEC 1997			
Lake Brant	Hillsborough	1971	57.64	57.36	57.07	-0.28	0.29	2.86	54.50	56.50	58.75	51.65	JUN 1994	60.04	AUG 1979			
Broker Lake	Hillsborough	1977	62.36	62.26	62.26	-0.10	0.00	3.26	59.00	61.00	64.25	56.49	MAY 2002	64.08	DEC 1997			
Calm Lake	Hillsborough	1965	49.83	49.48	48.92	-0.35	0.56	4.48	45.00	47.50	50.50	41.88	JUN 2002	51.04	JUL 2015			
Camp Lake	Pasco	1968	61.82	61.60	60.94	-0.22	0.66	2.60	59.00	61.75	64.00	50.82	MAY 2002	64.05	JUL 2015			
Carlton Lake	Hillsborough	1976	91.79	91.01	91.93	-0.78	-0.92	3.01	88.00	90.50	93.50	86.82	MAY 2001	94.60	FEB 1998			
Lake Carroll	Hillsborough	1985	36.03	35.72	35.95	-0.31	-0.23	3.22	32.50	34.50	37.00	30.87	MAY 2002	38.06	DEC 1997			
Church Lake	Hillsborough	1931	35.25	34.74	34.76	-0.51	-0.02	3.24	31.50	34.00	36.25	27.94	MAY 2002	38.60	FEB 1936			
Lake Cooper	Hillsborough	1946	59.58	59.46	59.78	-0.12	-0.32	2.46	57.00	59.75	61.75	55.60	JUN 2001	62.54	SEP 1947			
Crescent Lake	Hillsborough	1981	41.71	41.44	41.42	-0.27	0.02	2.94	38.50	40.00	42.50	35.34	JUN 2001	42.89	SEP 2017			
Deer Lake	Hillsborough	1977	66.12	65.88	65.23	-0.24	0.65	3.38	62.50	64.50	67.25	60.72	MAY 2002	67.42	DEC 1997			
Egypt Lake	Hillsborough	1978	36.26	36.18	36.09	-0.08	0.09	3.68	32.50	35.00	37.50	33.06	MAY 2000	38.15	SEP 1985			
Gorno Lake	Hillsborough	1979	37.14	36.29	36.19	-0.85	0.10	2.29	34.00	36.00	38.50	29.86	MAR 1979	39.48	FEB 1998			
Lake Harvey	Hillsborough	1970	60.53	60.36	60.31	-0.17	0.05	2.36	58.00	60.25	62.50	53.94	MAY 2002	63.90	DEC 1997			
Lake Hiawatha	Hillsborough	1981	49.99	49.74	49.57	-0.25	0.17	4.74	45.00	48.00	50.50	46.14	JUN 2000	51.12	APR 2010			
Horse Lake	Hillsborough	1930	46.28	45.63	45.32	-0.65	0.31	3.63	42.00	44.00	46.50	36.33	JUN 2002	50.00	AUG 1959			
Lake Keene	Hillsborough	1948	62.04	61.59	61.99	-0.45	-0.40	2.59	59.00	60.50	63.00	56.92	MAY 1994	63.69	SEP 2017			
Keystone Lake	Hillsborough	1984	40.99	40.72	41.10	-0.27	-0.38	1.72	39.00	39.75	42.00	37.89	JUN 1994	43.64	AUG 2015			
King Lake	Pasco	1983	102.30	101.90	101.42	-0.40	0.48	1.90	100.00	102.50	105.25	94.20	APR 2009	104.80	MAR 1987			
Lake Leclare	Hillsborough	1977	50.33	50.66	50.73	0.33	-0.07	3.66	47.00	49.50	52.00	44.95	JUN 2001	52.99	JUL 2015			
Lake Linda	Pasco	1969	65.15	64.85	64.87	-0.30	-0.02	2.85	62.00	64.00	66.75	60.07	MAY 2001	67.17	SEP 2017			
Little Lake	Hillsborough	1931	45.12	44.79	45.10	-0.33	-0.31	2.79	42.00	43.50	46.50	38.06	JUN 1994	48.65	AUG 1960			
Long Pond	Hillsborough	1978	45.26	45.00	45.15	-0.26	-0.15	3.00	42.00	44.00	46.50	36.33	MAY 1979	48.27	SEP 1998			
Mud (Walden) Lake	Hillsborough	1978	112.67	112.69	113.03	0.02	-0.34	2.19	110.50	112.50	115.00	111.45	MAY 2017	114.42	MAR 1978			
Lake Padgett	Pasco	1965	69.00	68.74	68.84	-0.26	-0.10	1.24	67.50	69.00	71.25	66.27	JUN 2001	71.90	SEP 1988			
Platt Lake	Hillsborough	1946	49.00	48.74	48.61	-0.26	0.13	2.74	46.00	47.75	50.50	42.53	JUN 2001	51.88	SEP 1979			
Rainbow Lake	Hillsborough	1971	39.23	38.62	38.31	-0.61	0.31	3.62	35.00	37.50	40.50	29.82	JUN 2002	40.95	JUL 2015			
Lake Stemper	Hillsborough	1946	60.27	59.98	60.03	-0.29	-0.05	1.98	58.00	59.50	62.00	53.36	JUN 2001	62.30	MAR 1960			
Lake Thomas	Hillsborough	1971	62.56	62.32	62.00	-0.24	0.32	3.07	59.25	61.25	63.50	56.48	JUN 2002	64.48	SEP 1979			
Turkey Ford Lake	Hillsborough	1970	50.35	50.23	50.05	-0.12	0.18	0.23	50.00	51.50	54.00	48.07	JUN 1985	55.28	SEP 1988			
Lake Wimauma	Hillsborough	1985	78.71	77.77	79.22	-0.94	-1.45	-3.23	81.00	83.00	86.75	70.12	MAY 2001	84.38	MAR 1998			

NOTE: M='no data' or 'not determined'

All elevations are referenced to NGVD 1929 datum. Report compiled by Hannah Kolb

SUMMARY OF LAKE ELEVATIONS OF REGIONAL LAKES (feet)

POLK UPLANDS LAKES															
Lake Name	County	Beginning of Record	APR 2019	MAY 2019	MAY 2018	Change from APR 2019	Change from MAY 2018	Diff from MELM	(MELM) Drought Year Low	(MLM) Normal Year Low	(MF) Normal Year High	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Lake Alfred	Polk	1961	129.87	129.36	129.19	-0.51	0.17	3.11	126.25	128.25	130.75	122.40	MAY 1977	132.76	MAR 1998
Lake Ariana	Polk	1945	136.63	136.17	136.50	-0.46	-0.33	3.67	132.50	134.50	137.00	131.28	MAY 1976	137.90	AUG 1946
Lake Arietta	Polk	1970	142.17	141.77	142.24	-0.40	-0.47	3.77	138.00	141.00	144.00	136.50	MAY 1977	144.12	SEP 2004
Blue Lake South	Polk	1986	112.55	111.97	113.31	-0.58	-1.34	-0.53	112.50	114.00	117.00	103.38	FEB 1991	119.19	DEC 2005
Lake Bonny	Polk	1954	130.15	129.65	131.08	-0.50	-1.43	3.65	126.00	128.00	130.50	122.34	MAY 2009	133.08	SEP 2004
Lake Buffum	Polk	1972	131.78	131.00	130.62	-0.78	0.38	4.25	126.75	129.25	132.25	123.90	JUN 1991	133.00	JUN 2005
Clearwater Lake	Polk	1979	143.53	143.14	142.92	-0.39	0.22	4.14	139.00	141.00	143.50	137.93	MAY 2001	146.06	AUG 1984
Lake Conine	Polk	1989	128.32	127.92	128.22	-0.40	-0.30	3.42	124.50	126.50	128.75	123.83	NOV 2009	129.95	SEP 2004
Eagle Lake	Polk	1965	129.36	129.05	128.38	-0.31	0.67	2.55	126.50	128.50	130.75	118.76	MAY 1976	131.50	SEP 1996
Lake Fannie	Polk	1967	124.95	124.69	124.42	-0.26	0.27	4.69	120.00	123.50	125.75	118.67	MAY 1977	127.51	SEP 2004
Lake Garfield	Polk	1969	101.87	101.55	101.10	-0.32	0.45	1.55	100.00	101.00	104.75	97.38	JUN 2001	105.91	SEP 1979
Lake Hamilton	Polk	1945	120.58	120.37	119.74	-0.21	0.63	3.12	117.25	119.00	121.50	116.61	JUN 2001	124.34	OCT 1948
Lake Helene	Polk	1961	145.51	145.17	145.29	-0.34	-0.12	6.17	139.00	141.00	144.00	134.06	JUN 2008	146.71	OCT 2017
Lake Howard	Polk	1987	131.50	131.11	130.65	-0.39	0.46	4.11	127.00	129.50	132.00	127.69	MAY 2001	133.08	SEP 2004
Lake Juliana	Polk	1961	132.65	132.23	132.12	-0.42	0.11	4.73	127.50	130.00	132.50	126.20	MAY 1976	134.10	MAR 1998
Lake Mcleod	Polk	1965	129.49	129.23	128.37	-0.26	0.86	1.23	128.00	129.50	132.00	115.11	MAY 1976	131.98	SEP 1998
Lake Otis	Polk	1954	126.94	126.65	125.76	-0.29	0.89	3.65	123.00	125.00	128.00	119.58	MAY 1976	129.12	SEP 1960
Lake Ruby	Polk	1971	124.64	124.40	123.90	-0.24	0.50	3.40	121.00	123.00	125.25	117.41	MAY 1976	125.98	SEP 2004
Lake Gibson	Polk	1969	142.62	142.28	143.61	-0.34	-1.33	0.78	141.50	143.50	140.21	MAY 2009	145.40	SEP 1988	

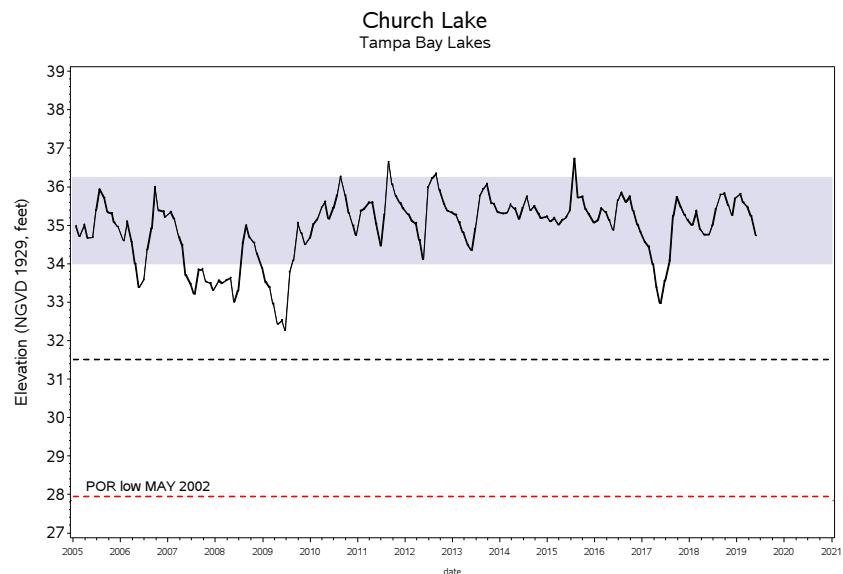
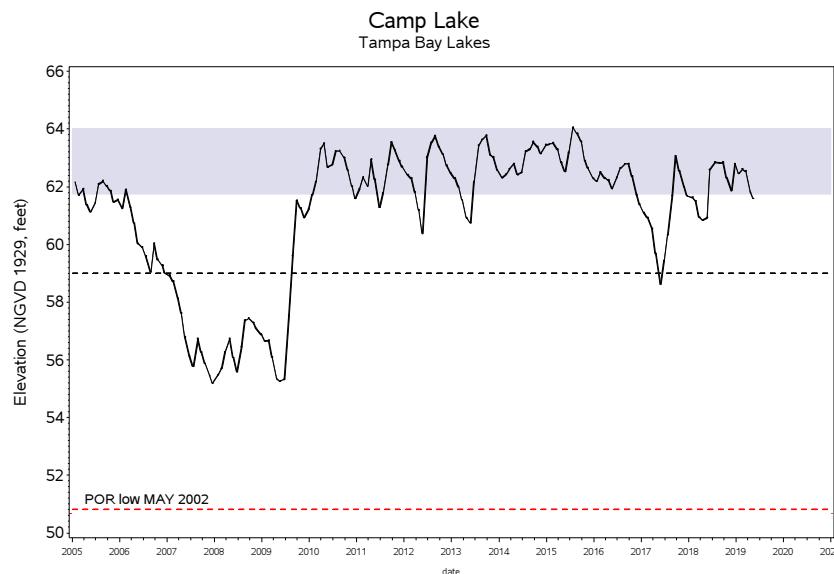
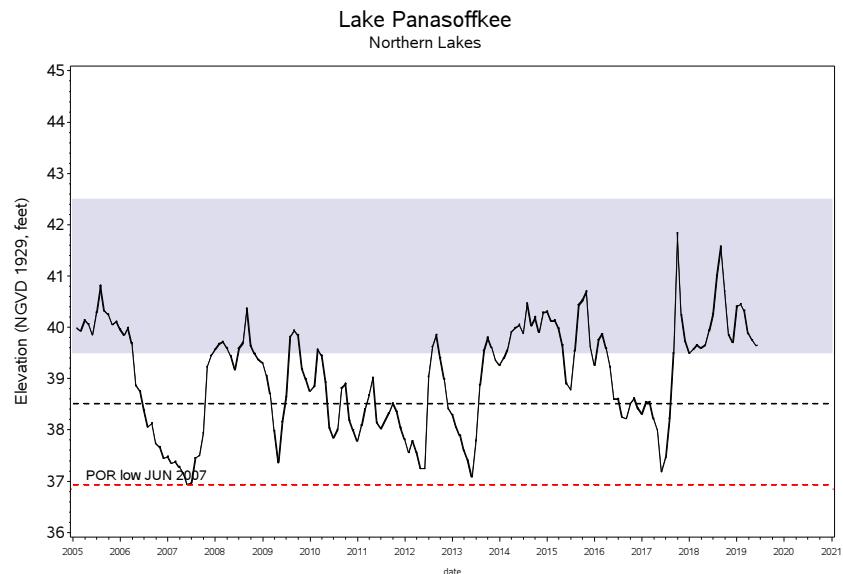
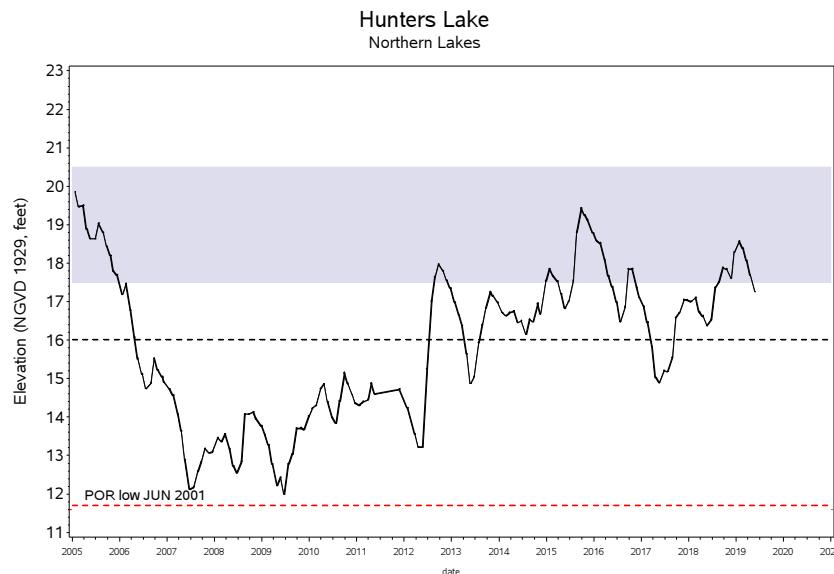
LK WALES RIDGE LAKES															
Lake Name	County	Beginning of Record	APR 2019	MAY 2019	MAY 2018	Change from APR 2019	Change from MAY 2018	Diff from MELM	(MELM) Drought Year Low	(MLM) Normal Year Low	(MF) Normal Year High	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Lake Annie	Polk	1970	115.57	115.17	114.50	-0.40	0.67	1.17	114.00	116.00	119.00	108.36	JUN 1990	117.56	OCT 2005
Lake Clay	Highlands	1983	77.79	77.39	78.32	-0.40	-0.93	2.39	75.00	76.00	78.75	74.34	MAY 2001	78.82	JUN 2013
Crooked Lake	Polk	1945	118.51	117.77	117.80	-0.74	-0.03	0.77	117.00	118.50	122.00	106.10	MAY 1991	123.98	OCT 1948
Lake Jackson	Highlands	1945	101.76	101.23	101.95	-0.53	-0.72	3.23	98.00	100.00	103.00	96.47	JUN 2008	103.76	SEP 1947
Lake Letta	Highlands	1951	97.72	96.95	97.69	-0.77	-0.74	1.95	95.00	97.00	100.00	90.27	JUN 2008	101.38	OCT 1953
Lake Lotela	Highlands	1950	105.64	104.98	107.03	-0.66	-2.05	0.98	104.00	105.00	108.50	96.63	JUN 2008	109.38	JUL 1954
Lake Placid	Highlands	1984	91.92	91.50	92.78	-0.42	-1.28	1.50	90.00	91.50	94.50	88.08	JUN 2008	94.24	SEP 2003
Starr Lake	Polk	1983	103.81	103.51	104.16	-0.30	-0.65	-4.49	108.00	110.00	113.00	96.23	JUL 2001	109.80	DEC 2005
Trout Lake	Highlands	1981	95.98	95.30	96.79	-0.68	-1.49	0.30	95.00	98.00	101.00	87.15	MAY 2001	99.89	SEP 2016

NOTE: M='no data' or 'not determined'

All elevations are referenced to NGVD 1929 datum. Report compiled by Hannah Kolb

HYDROGRAPHS OF REGIONAL LAKES

15-yr Period of Record



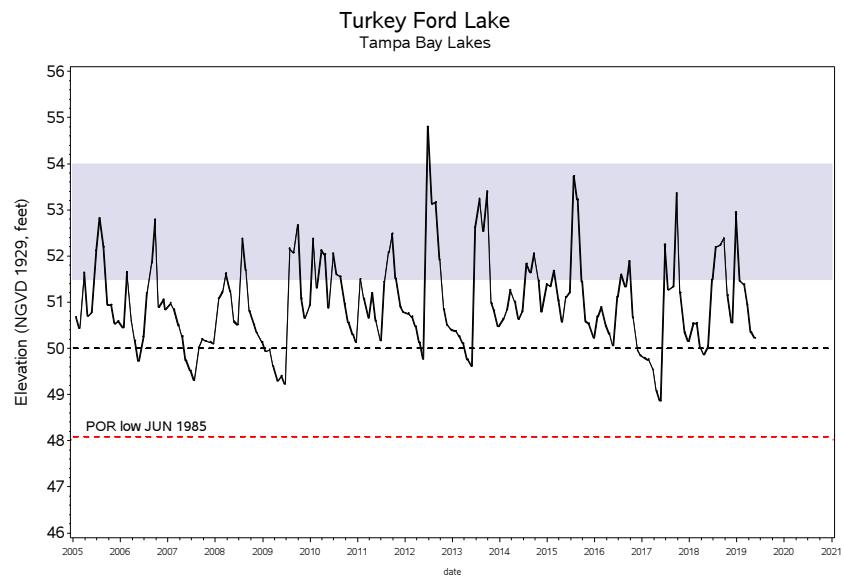
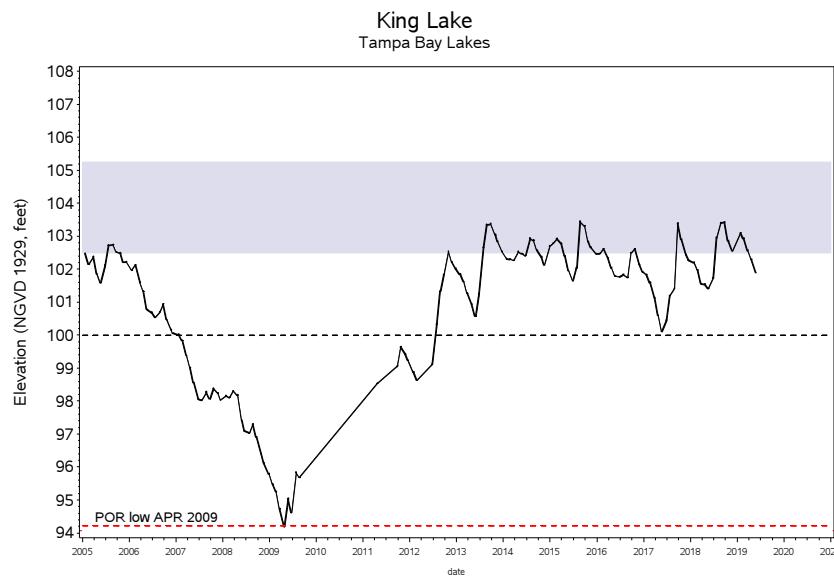
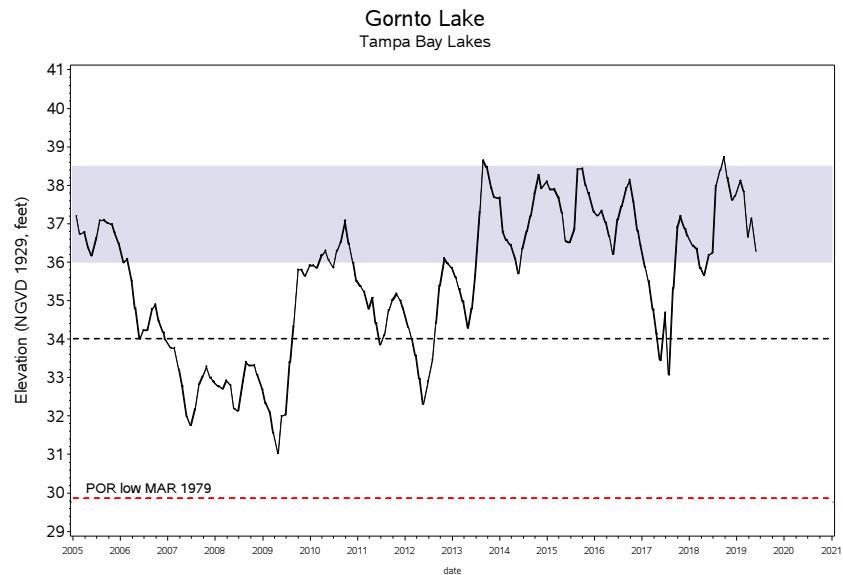
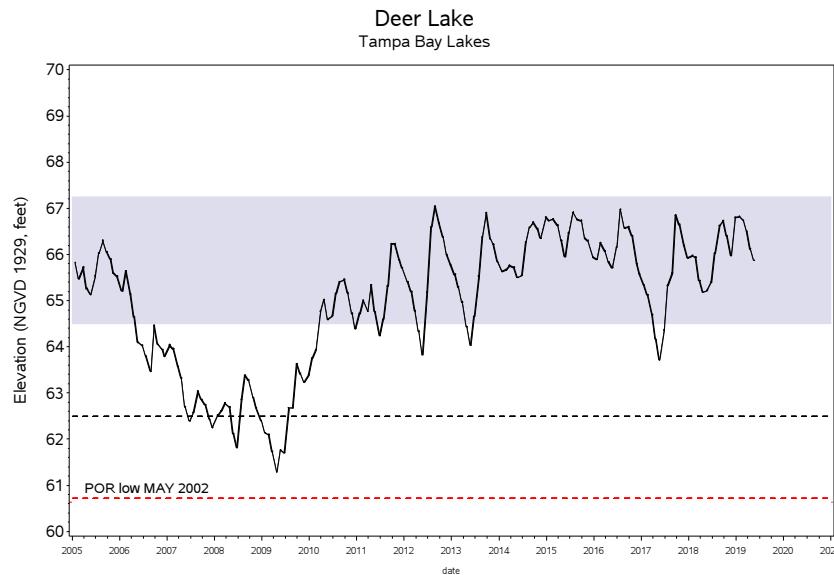
— Monthly Mean Elevation

- - - Drought Year Low

Normal Range

HYDROGRAPHS OF REGIONAL LAKES

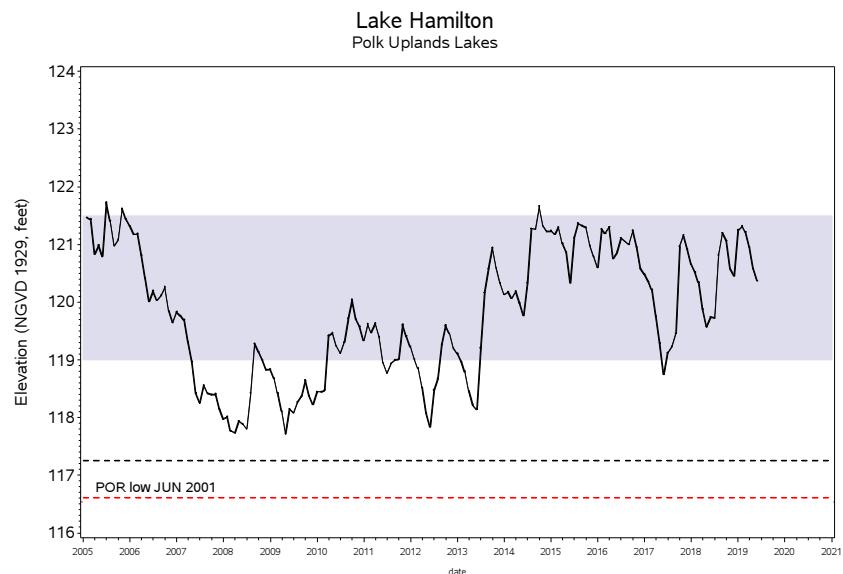
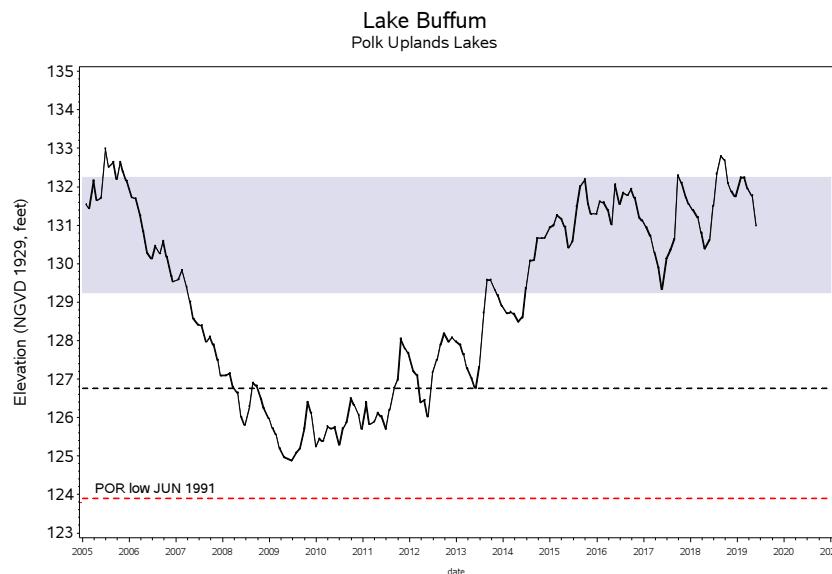
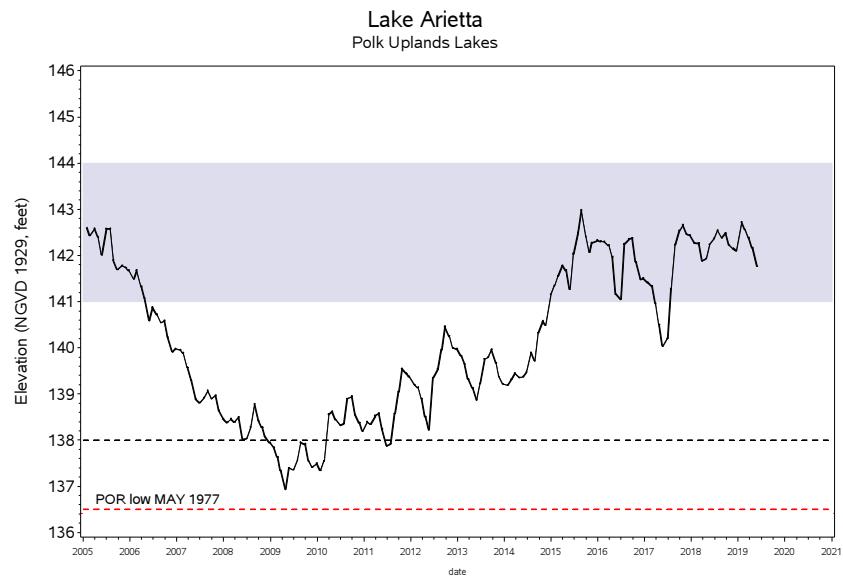
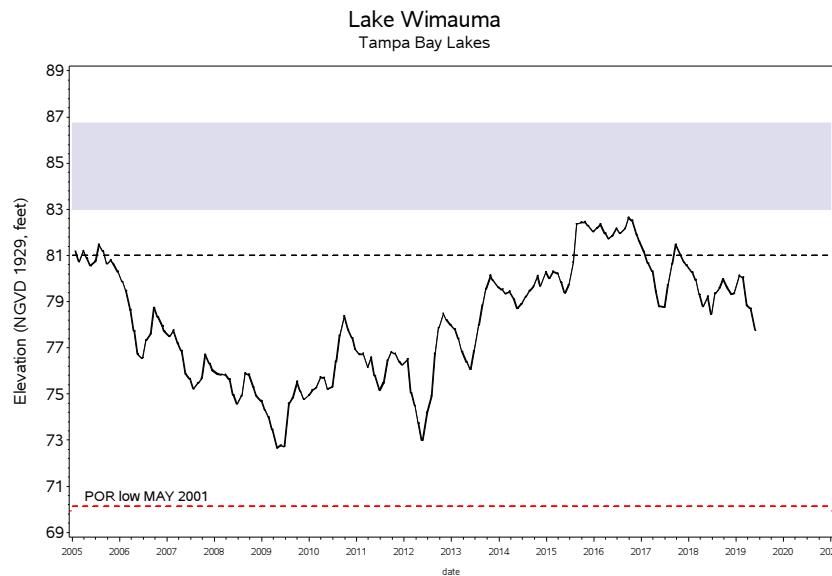
15-yr Period of Record



— Monthly Mean Elevation - - - Drought Year Low ■■■ Normal Range

HYDROGRAPHS OF REGIONAL LAKES

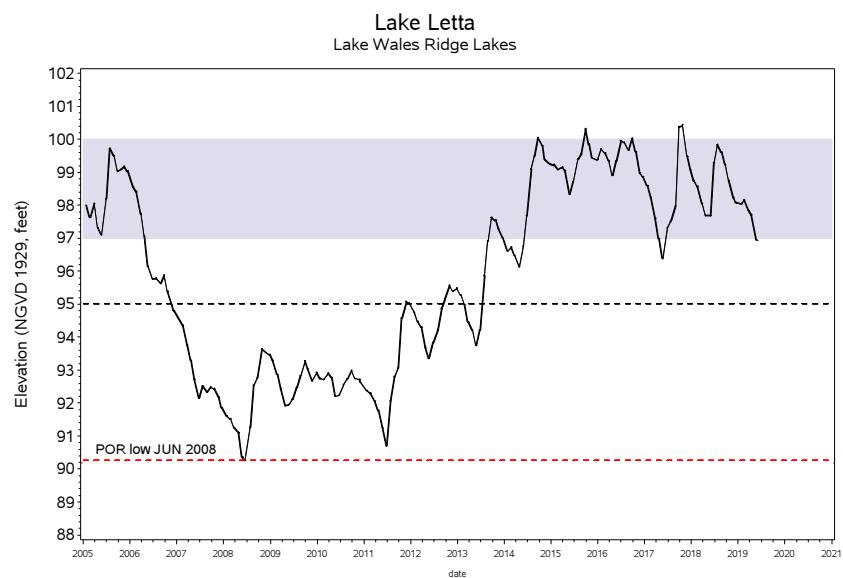
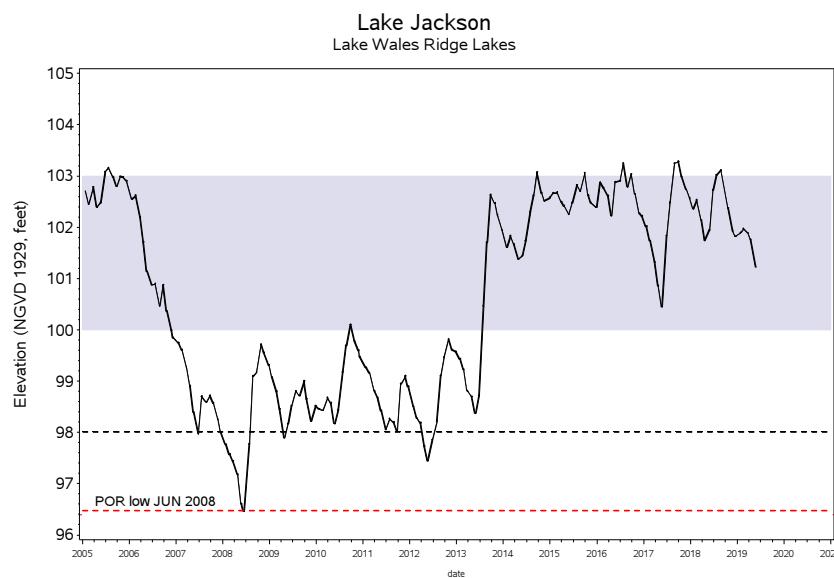
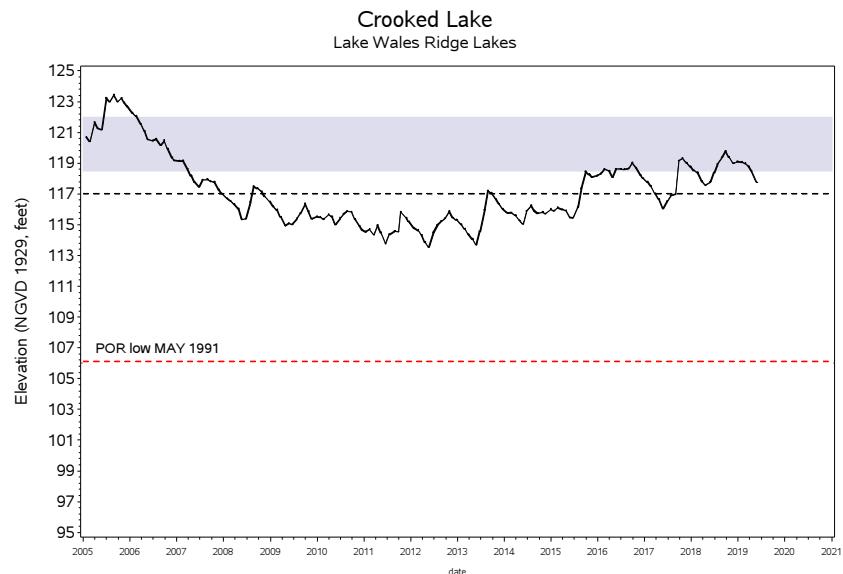
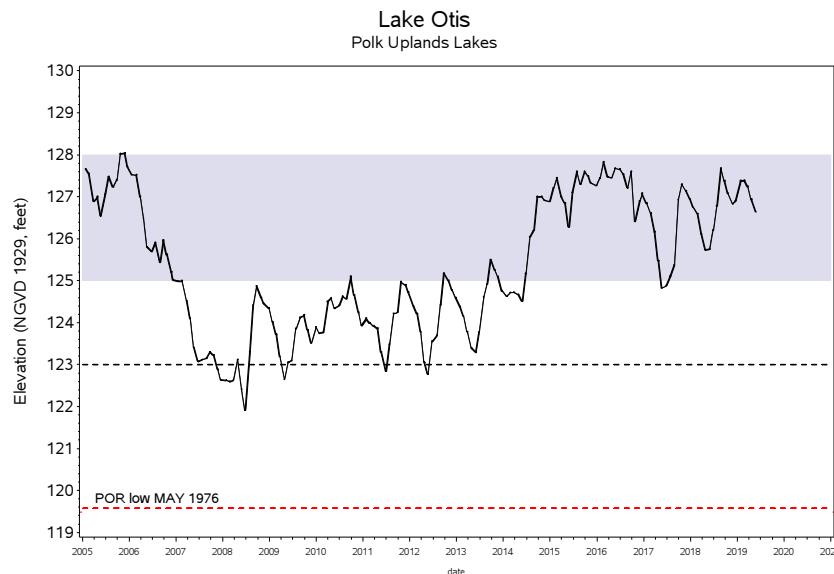
15-yr Period of Record



— Monthly Mean Elevation - - - Drought Year Low ■ Normal Range

HYDROGRAPHS OF REGIONAL LAKES

15-yr Period of Record



— Monthly Mean Elevation

- - - Drought Year Low

Normal Range

Streams

The District processes streamflow data collected by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) under a cooperatively funded program between the District and the USGS. Streamflow is recorded daily as water elevations at 12 gauging stations in three regions of the District (see index map in the Appendix). The USGS uses rating curves developed from water level elevations to calculate streamflow discharge in units of cubic feet per second (cfs). For this report, the reported streamflow values are the means of the daily discharge volumes for the current month. The period-of-record high and low values correspond to monthly means and not to peak events. Percentile values are calculated from the monthly means for the period of record, for each station. The percentile is the monthly mean statistically ranked on a scale of zero to 100 that indicates the percent of the period-of-record monthly means that are at or above the present monthly mean. The current year's data are provisional, and are subject to revision. Revised data are used for all calculations, as they become available.

Hydrographs are produced for each of the stream stations. Current monthly means for each station are compared to respective 25th and 75th percentiles of the period-of-record monthly means.

During May, 10 of the 12 stations monitored for this report had decreased streamflow, compared to last month. Total streamflow decreased in the northern, central and southern regions by 107.5 cfs (69.4 mgd), 41.6 cfs (26.9 mgd) and 63.9 cfs (41.3 mgd), respectively. District-wide, total streamflow decreased by an average of 213.0 cfs (137.6 mgd).

In May, all 12 stations recorded lower streamflow than in May 2018. Streamflow was lower in the northern, central and southern regions by 13.1 cfs (8.5 mgd), 967.0 cfs (624.7 mgd) and 1017.5 cfs (657.3 mgd), respectively. District-wide, total streamflow was lower, on average, by 1997.6 cfs (1290.4 mgd), than the May 2018 average.

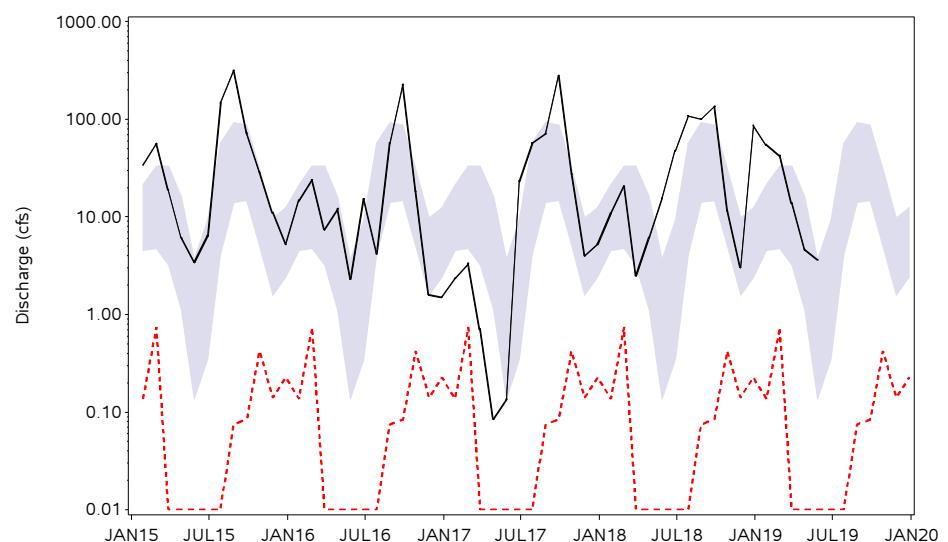
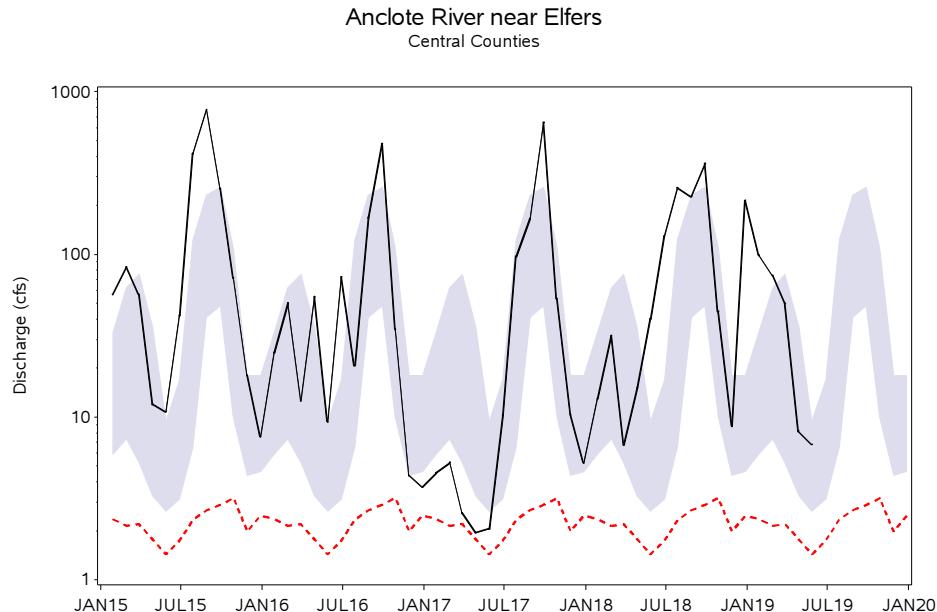
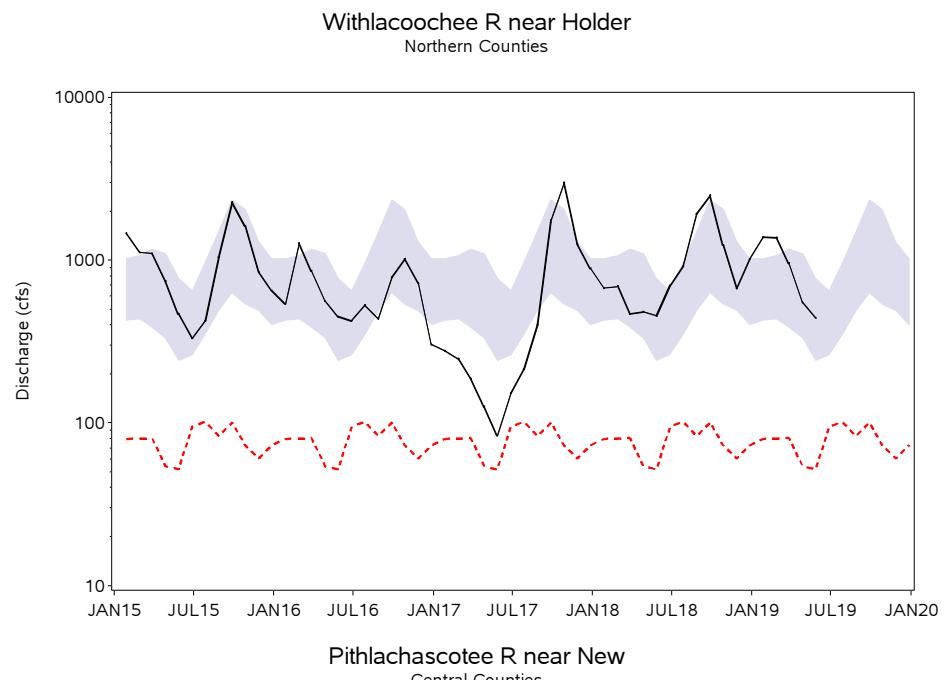
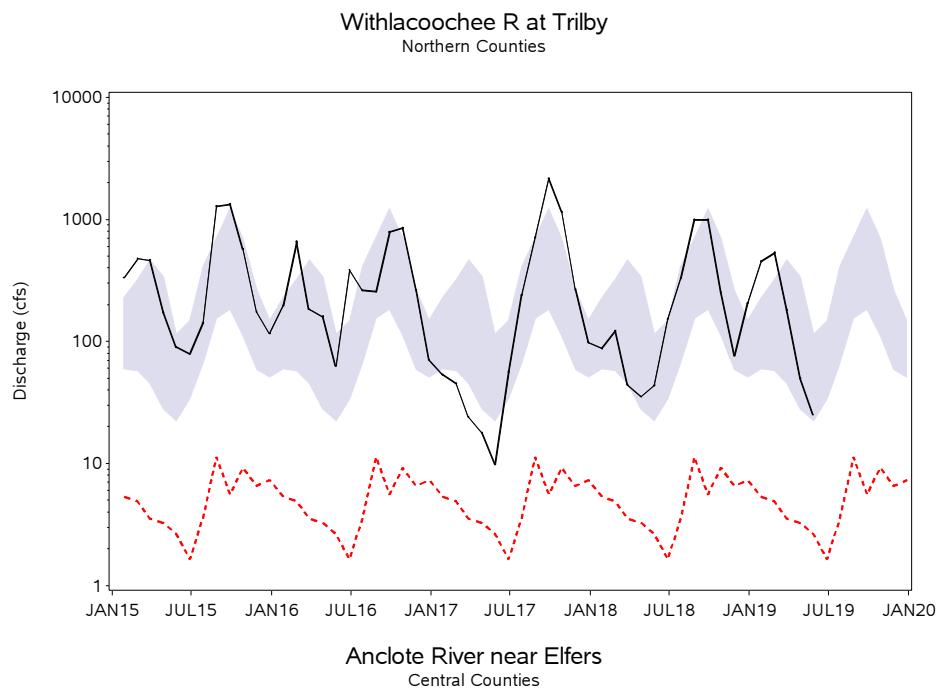
Compared to historical May discharge values, Withlacoochee River streamflow, measured at the Trilby station and the Holder station averaged in the 27th and 50th percentiles, respectively. Streamflow measured at the stations on the Anclote, Pithlachascotee and Hillsborough Rivers averaged in the 74th, 75th and 35th percentiles of respective historical May readings. Streamflow measured at the Alafia River, Little Manatee River and Peace River at Bartow stations averaged in the 50th, 63rd and 59th percentiles of respective historical May readings. Additionally, streamflow measured at the Josephine Creek, Manatee River, Myakka River and Peace River at Arcadia stations averaged in the 62nd, 75th, 60th and 48th percentiles of respective historical May readings.

SUMMARY OF STREAM DISCHARGE FROM MAJOR STREAMS (CFS), MAY 2019

NORTHERN COUNTIES	Beginning Year of Record	Mean Discharge MAY 2019	Mean Discharge APR 2019	Mean Discharge MAY 2018	Change from APR 2019	Change from MAY 2018	MAY 2019 Percentile Rank	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Withlacoochee R at Trilby	1928	25.1	49.8	43.8	-24.7	-18.7	27%	0.1	JUN2000	8840	JUN1934
Withlacoochee R near Holder	1928	443.0	550.5	456.1	-107.5	-13.1	50%	33.0	MAR2001	8660	APR1960
CENTRAL COUNTIES											
Anclote River near Elfers	1946	6.9	8.2	40.2	-1.3	-33.3	74%	0.8	MAY1962	3710	JUL1960
Pithlachascotee R near New	1963	3.6	4.6	15.5	-1.0	-11.9	75%	0.0	MAY2013	2180	JUN2012
Hillsborough R near Zephyrh	1939	73.6	84.0	180.4	-10.4	-106.8	35%	27.0	MAY2001	12300	MAR1960
Alafia River at Lithia	1932	93.6	98.4	638.6	-4.8	-545.0	50%	4.1	JUN2000	40800	SEP1933
Little Manatee R near Wimau	1939	40.9	68.7	298.0	-27.8	-257.1	63%	0.9	DEC1976	11100	SEP1960
Peace River at Bartow	1939	48.6	44.9	61.5	3.7	-12.9	59%	0.0	MAY2009	4100	SEP1947
SOUTHERN COUNTIES											
Josephine Cr near DeSoto Ci	1946	19.9	22.8	44.2	-2.9	-24.3	62%	0.5	MAY1956	1680	SEP1948
Manatee River near Myakka H	1966	21.7	12.6	204.7	9.1	-183.0	75%	0.1	MAY1975	6440	JUN2003
Myakka River near Sarasota	1936	22.7	30.4	248.1	-7.7	-225.4	60%	0.0	JUN2012	10800	JUN2003
Peace River at Arcadia	1931	186.7	249.1	771.5	-62.4	-584.8	48%	5.6	MAY2000	34700	SEP1933

HYDROGRAPHS OF MAJOR STREAMS

JANUARY 2015 TO MAY 2019



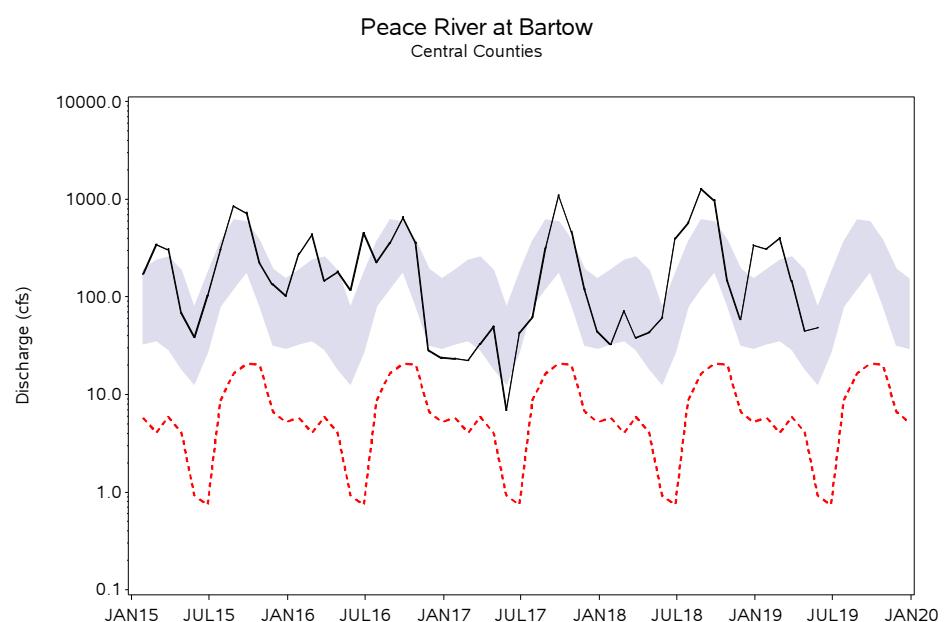
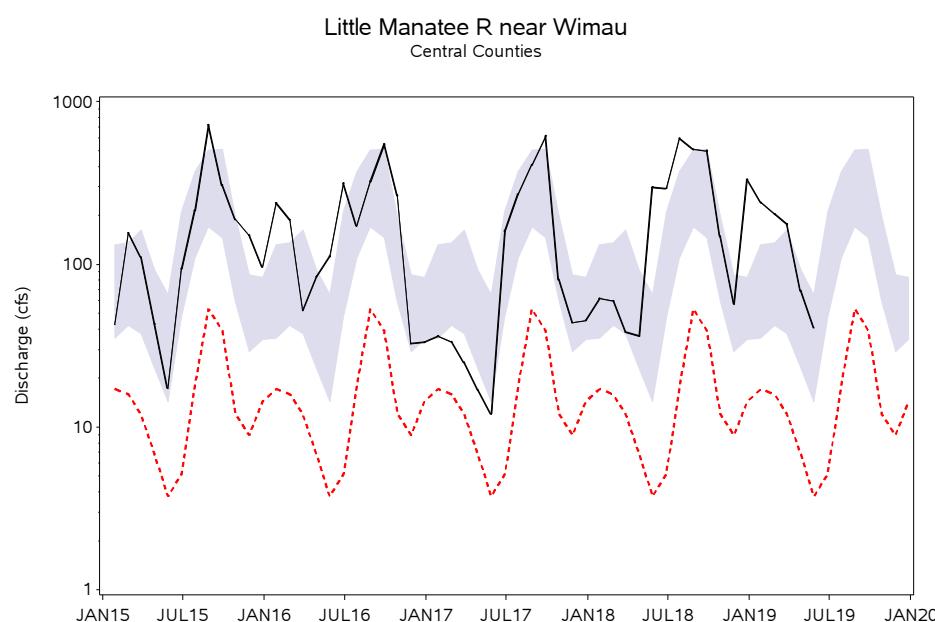
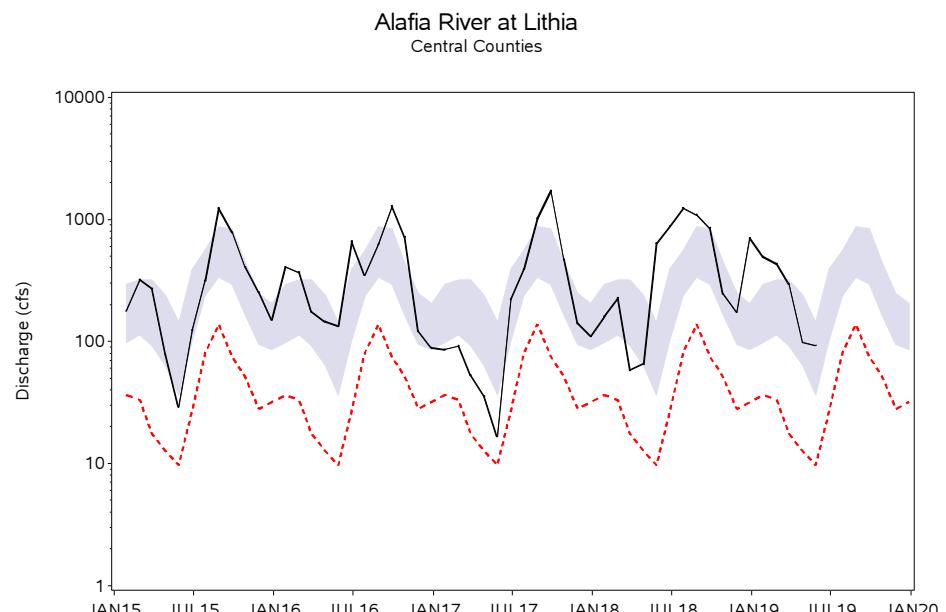
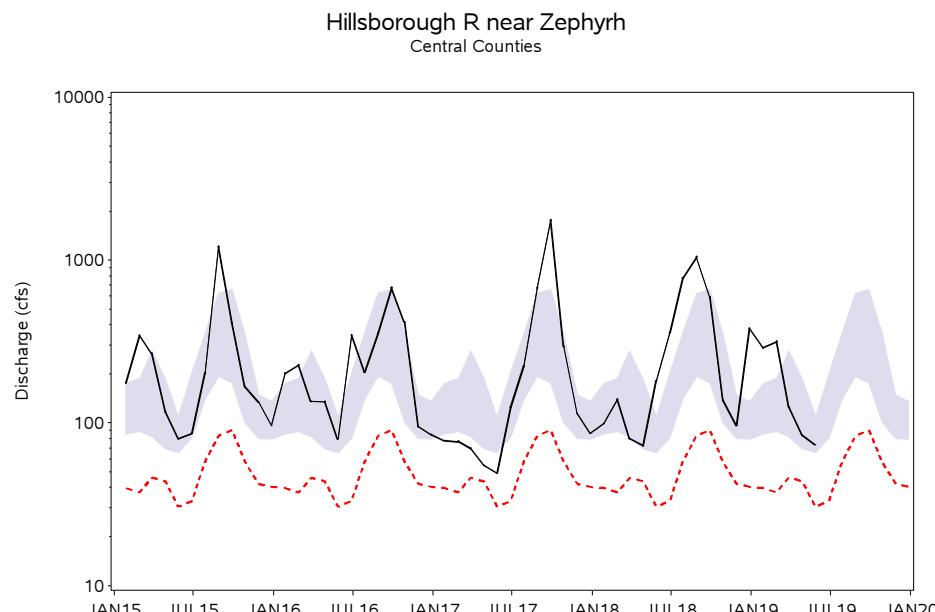
— Monthly Mean Discharge

- - - POR Monthly Low

■ Normal Range

HYDROGRAPHS OF MAJOR STREAMS

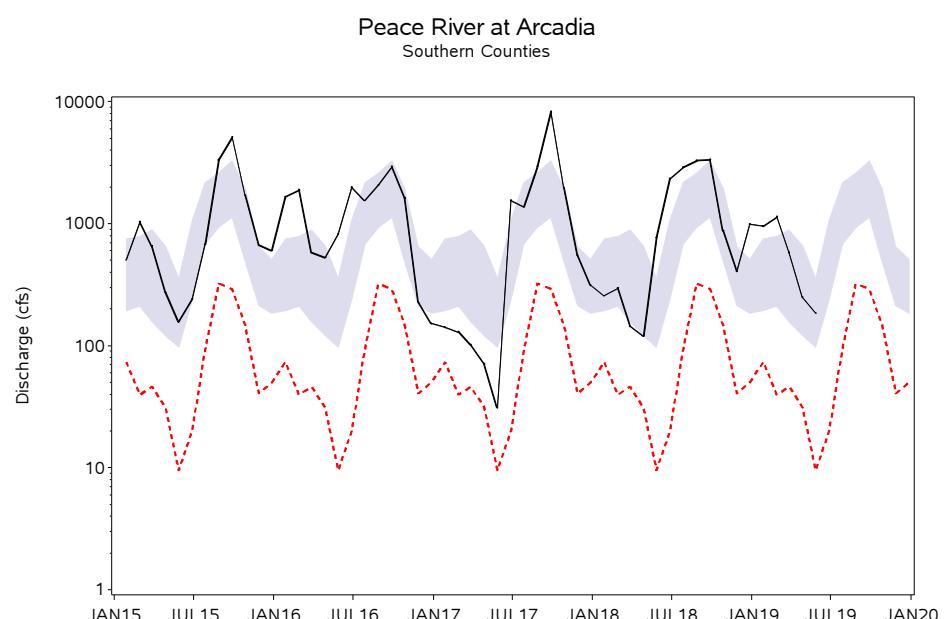
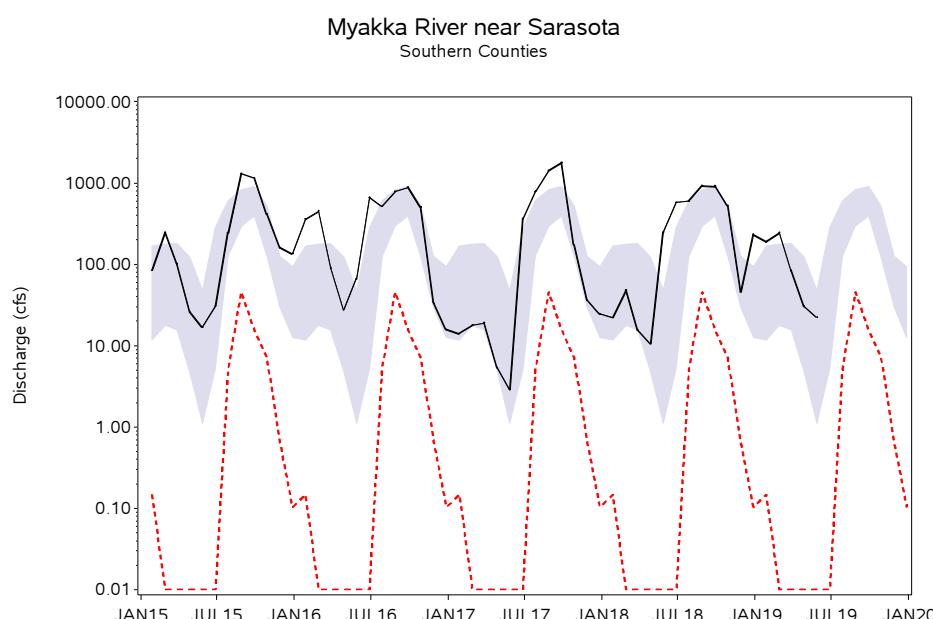
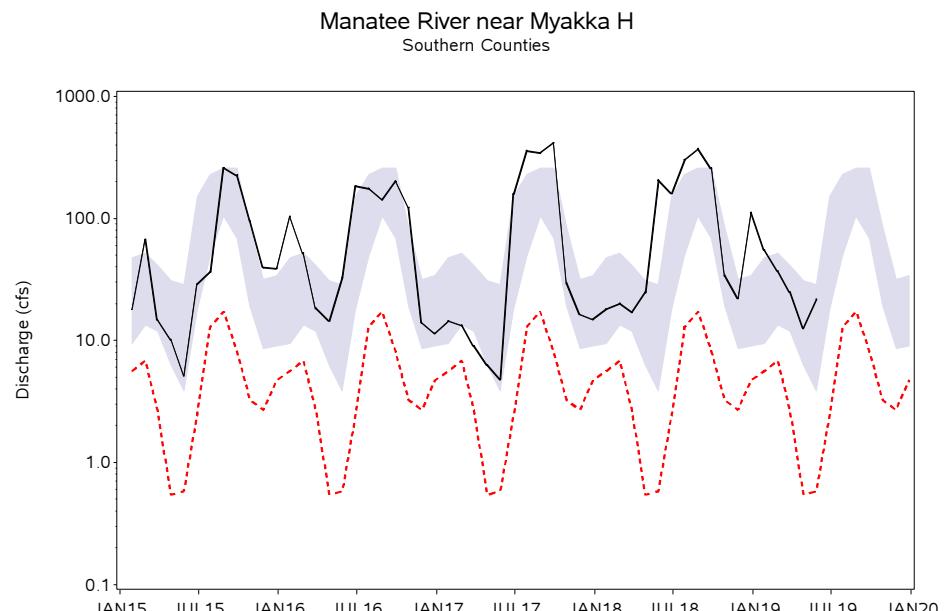
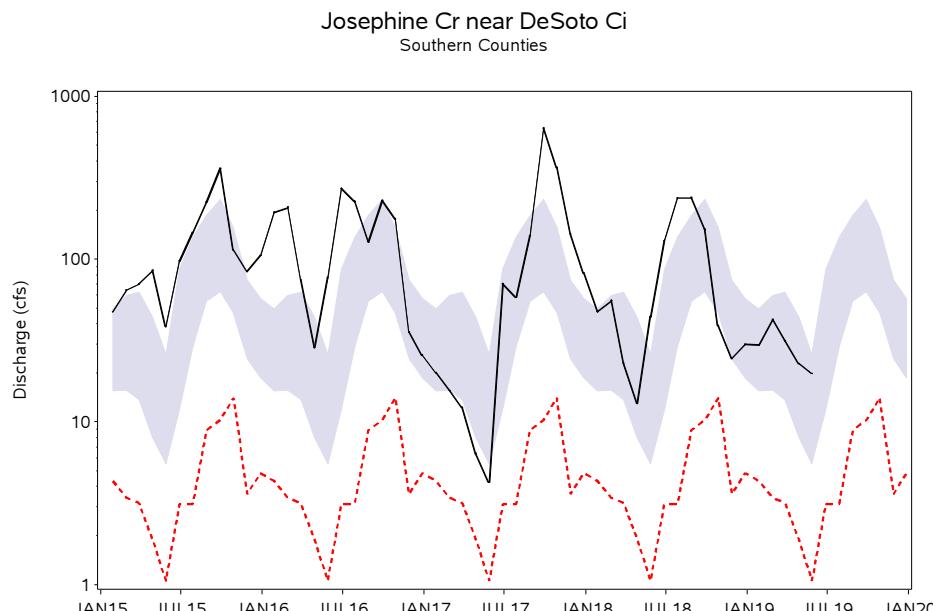
JANUARY 2015 TO MAY 2019



— Monthly Mean Discharge - - - POR Monthly Low ■■■ Normal Range

HYDROGRAPHS OF MAJOR STREAMS

JANUARY 2015 TO MAY 2019



— Monthly Mean Discharge - - - POR Monthly Low ■ Normal Range

Springs

The District processes springflow data collected by Tampa Bay Water through a mutual agreement and by the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) under a cooperatively funded program between the District and the USGS. Springflow is monitored at six gauging stations in two regions of the District (see index map in the Appendix). Springflow data for Rainbow, Silver and Sulphur Springs are recorded as daily water levels. The USGS uses rating curves developed for these springs from historical water level elevations to calculate springflow discharge in units of cubic feet per second (cfs). Weeki Wachee Springs discharge (cfs) is provided as an instantaneous reading calculated by the USGS. Buckhorn and Lithia Springs discharge is obtained from Tampa Bay Water biweekly and weekly, respectively. Period-of-record high and low values correspond to monthly theoretical means and not to peak events. Values are reported as percentiles calculated from an analysis of historical monthly means recorded during a given month. The percentile is the monthly mean ranked on a scale of zero to 100 that indicates the percent of period-of-record values that are above, equal to or below the median (50th percentile) for the current month. The values reported are provisional, and are subject to revision at the end of the water year. Revised USGS springflow data are loaded into the District's WMIS when they become available.

Hydrographs are produced for the seven-springflow stations, and current values are compared to respective 25th and 75th percentiles that are calculated from historical data. The 25th and 75th percentiles are calculated using the SAS™ software system for data analysis using period-of-record monthly theoretical means for each springflow station analyzed.

During May, three of the six stations reported decreased springflow, compared to the previous month. Total springflow decreased in the northern and central regions by 75.5 cfs (48.8 mgd) and 7.0 cfs (4.5 mgd), respectively. District-wide, springflow decreased by 82.5 cfs (53.3 mgd).

In May, total springflow recorded at five of the six stations was above last year's levels. Total springflow for the northern and central regions was higher by 218.5 cfs (139.1 mgd) and 6.8 cfs (4.3 mgd). District-wide, springflow was higher by 225.3 cfs (143.4 mgd), compared to May 2018 rates.

Compared to historical period-of-record values for May, total springflow measured in Rainbow, Silver and Weeki Wachee Springs, in the northern region, was in the 73rd, 70th and 78th percentiles of respective historical readings. Springflow measured in Sulphur, Buckhorn and Lithia Springs in the central region was in the 7th, 70th and 88th percentiles, respectively, of historical May readings.

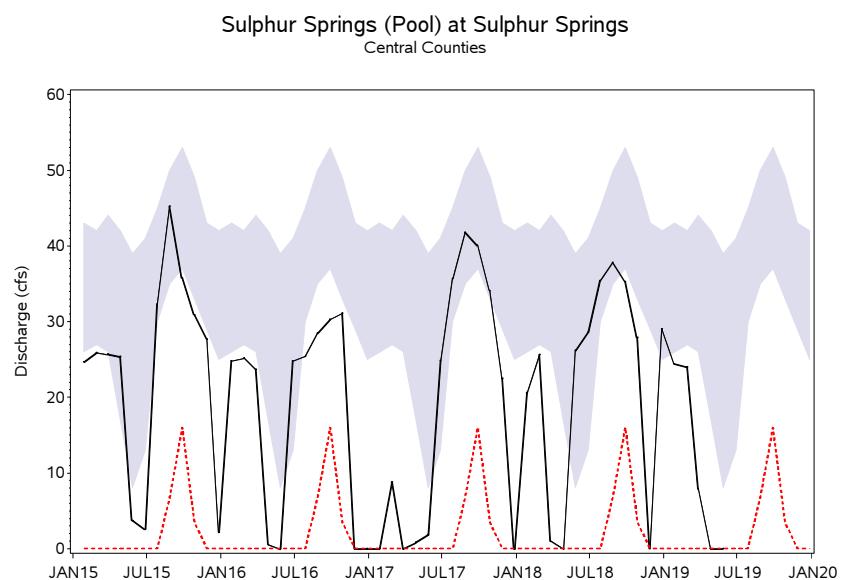
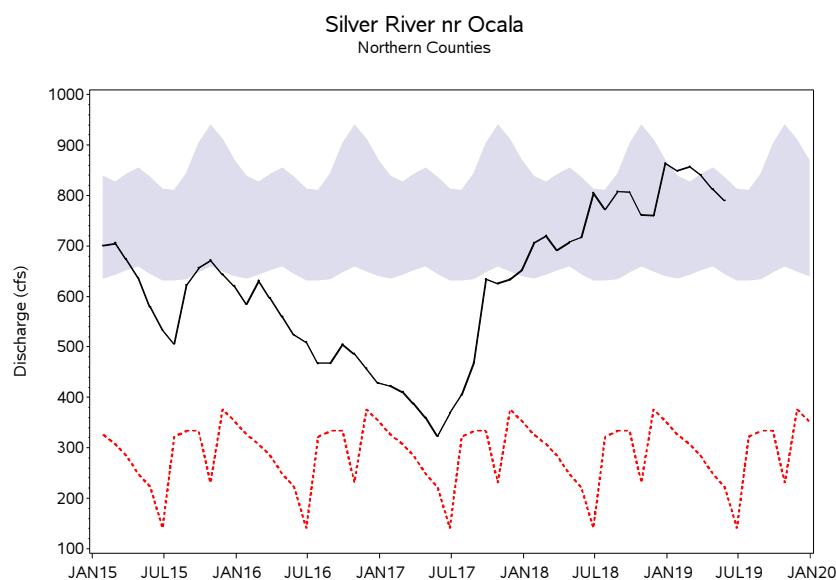
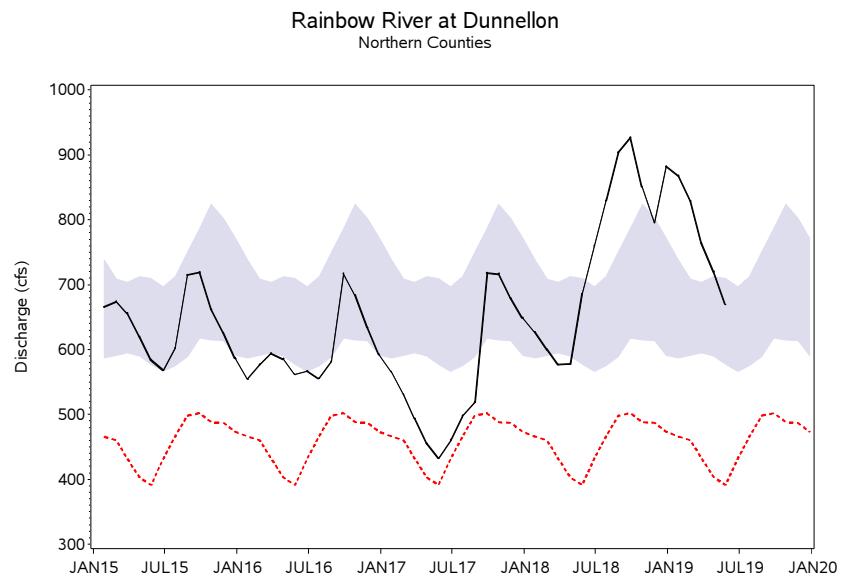
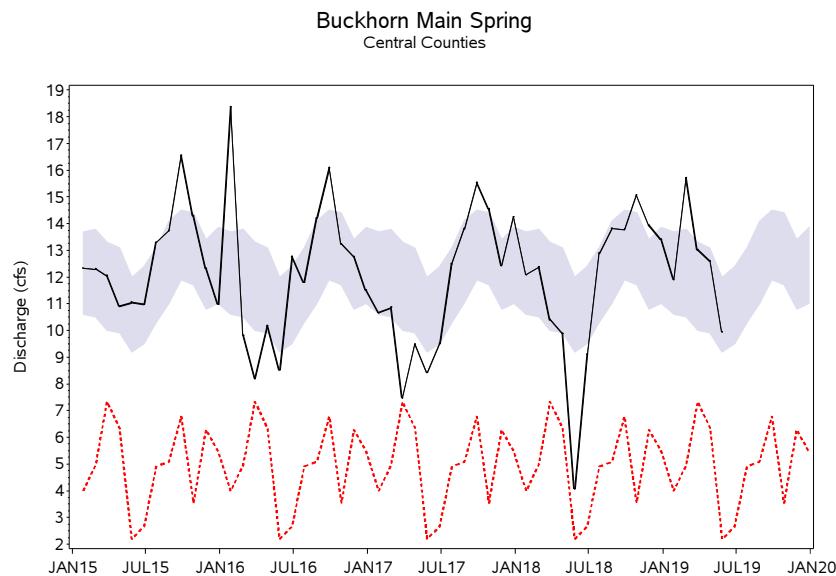
SUMMARY OF SPRINGS DISCHARGE FROM MAJOR SPRINGS (CFS), MAY 2019

NORTHERN COUNTIES	MAY 2019 Discharge	APR 2019 Discharge	MAY 2018 Discharge	Change From APR 2019	Change From MAY 2018	MAY 2019 Percentile Rank	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Rainbow Springs	697.3	744.1	600.3	-46.8	97.0	73%	391.0	MAY2012	1060.0	SEP1988
Silver Springs	810.5	829.6	700.5	-19.1	110.0	70%	141.0	JUN2012	1290.0	OCT1960
Weeki Wachee Springs	161.3	170.9	149.8	-9.6	11.5	78%	101.0	JUN1994	257.0	OCT2004

CENTRAL COUNTIES										
Sulphur Springs	0.0	0.4	6.7	-0.4	-6.7	7%	0.0	JUN1994	145.0	MAR1960
Buckhorn Springs	11.6	12.4	8.2	-0.8	3.4	70%	2.2	MAY2006	32.7	AUG2004
Lithia Springs	45.7	51.5	35.6	-5.8	10.1	88%	5.4	JUN1985	91.5	NOV2004

HYDROGRAPHS OF REGIONAL SPRINGS

JANUARY 2015 TO MAY 2019



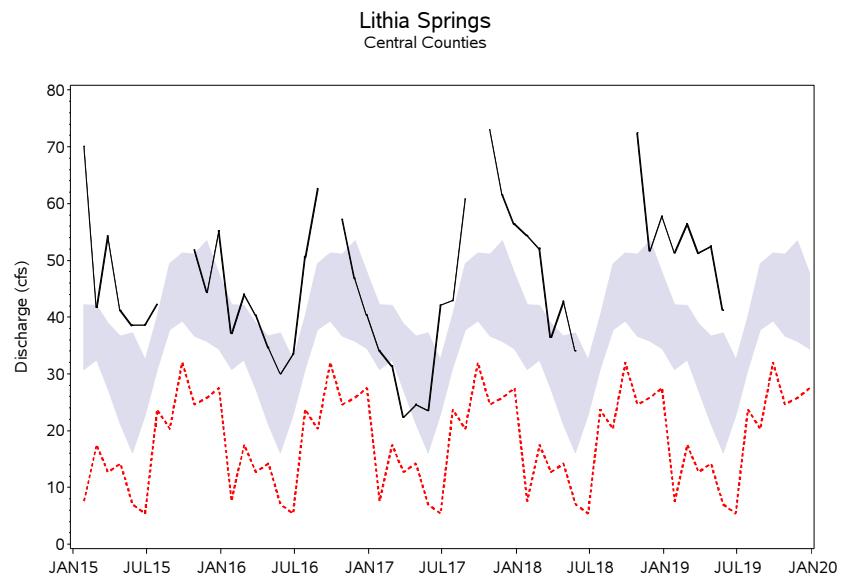
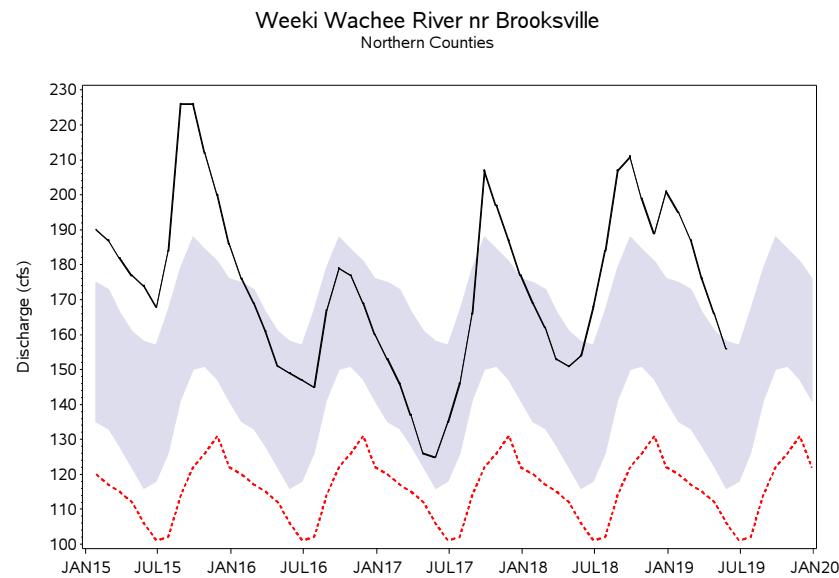
— Monthly Discharge

- - - POR Monthly Low

■ Normal Range

HYDROGRAPHS OF REGIONAL SPRINGS

JANUARY 2015 TO MAY 2019



— Monthly Discharge

- - - - - POR Monthly Low

■ Normal Range

GROUND WATER

The ground-water section of this report provides ground-water level information within the District based on geographically delineated areas (regions) within the District. For this report, the District has been divided into three geographical regions that are defined by county boundaries (see index maps in the Appendix). Each regional area includes all or part of each county that is located within that region and that is also within the District's jurisdictional boundaries. The northern region includes the counties of Citrus, Hernando, Lake, Levy, Marion and Sumter, where the Floridan aquifer is generally unconfined and at or near land surface, allowing rainfall to easily recharge (replenish) the aquifer system. The central region includes the counties of Hillsborough, Pasco, Pinellas and Polk, where the Floridan aquifer can be unconfined, semi-confined or confined (overlain by thick clays). Where the Floridan aquifer is confined, recharge to the aquifer from rainfall is low. The southern region includes the counties of Charlotte, DeSoto, Hardee, Highlands, Manatee and Sarasota, where the Floridan aquifer is confined.

Twelve surficial aquifer (shallow, non-artesian) monitor wells and 82 intermediate and Floridan aquifer (deep) monitor wells are measured for this report to determine the relative health of ground-water levels District-wide. Only monitor wells with an adequate and reliable period-of-record water level measurements were selected for the network. For each well, the 25th and 75th percentiles ("low normal" and "high normal," respectively) were calculated for each week of the year using the period-of-record data. The 25th and 75th percentiles are used to represent the lower and upper limits of the normal range, as they are considered a reliable and robust measure of the normal range, and are less affected by extremes in the data record. The end-of-month water-level readings measured for this report are compared to their corresponding normal ranges. Trend data from 16 intermediate and Floridan aquifer wells are shown in hydrographs to compare current water levels to the low normal and high normal levels.

Data from these wells are further compiled into regional statistics for the three regions of the District. Wells in the northern counties are unconfined and non-artesian, while those in the southern counties are confined and artesian. Wells included in the central counties vary between confined and unconfined conditions due to the transitional nature of geology in this area. The potentiometric levels of representative Floridan aquifer wells are used to produce the potentiometric surface maps presented in this report.

Surficial Aquifer

In May, monthly analysis indicates that 10 of the 12 surficial aquifer wells recorded water level decreases, compared to last month. Regionally, average surficial aquifer water levels decreased in the northern, central and southern regions by 0.94, 0.21 and 0.45 foot, respectively. District-wide, average surficial aquifer water levels decreased by 0.39 foot.

During May, annual analysis indicates average water levels in 7 of the 12 surficial aquifer wells were lower than May 2018 levels. Average surficial aquifer water levels in the northern and southern regions were lower by 1.15 and 1.25 feet, respectively, while levels in the central region were higher by 0.14 foot, compared to last year's levels. District-wide, average water levels in surficial wells were lower by 0.42 foot, compared to May 2018 levels.

For May, water levels were above the base of the low normal level in all 12 surficial wells. Average surficial aquifer water levels in the northern, central and southern regions were 1.47, 1.69 and 1.07 feet, respectively, above the base of the low normal level. District-wide, the average water level in surficial wells was 1.50 feet above the base of the low normal level.

SUMMARY OF SURFICIAL AQUIFER LEVELS IN REPRESENTATIVE WELLS, MAY 2019

NORTHERN COUNTIES	MAY 2019 Elev	APR 2019 Elev	MAY 2018 Elev	Change From APR 2019	Change From MAY 2018	MAY Historical Low Normal	MAY Historical High Normal	Departure From Low Normal	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Green Swamp	89.00	90.37	92.20	-1.37	-3.20	87.44	90.58	1.56	82.95	MAY2000	93.07	SEP1985
Lecanto 2	8.32	8.83	7.42	-0.51	0.90	6.95	8.52	1.37	5.76	MAY2001	13.92	SEP1974
<i>CENTRAL COUNTIES</i>												
Loughman	90.71	90.97	90.55	-0.26	0.16	90.10	91.75	0.61	88.40	JUN2001	96.31	SEP2017
Lutz-Lake Fern	56.76	56.97	56.87	-0.21	-0.10	55.27	56.81	1.49	52.64	NOV2009	61.10	SEP1986
ROMP 50 Shallow	41.59	41.33	41.99	0.26	-0.40	40.77	41.51	0.82	38.01	OCT2010	44.05	SEP2001
SR 33 & Combee Road	135.65	135.74	136.18	-0.09	-0.53	132.54	134.10	3.11	129.16	FEB2001	136.97	OCT1995
SR 577 Shallow	121.22	121.77	118.73	-0.55	2.49	118.85	123.38	2.37	109.99	JAN2000	129.26	SEP2013
Tarpon Road Shallow	11.40	11.72	10.71	-0.32	0.69	10.38	11.91	1.02	9.22	MAY2017	17.25	AUG2015
USGS P-48	100.51	100.82	101.85	-0.31	-1.34	98.09	99.85	2.42	96.07	JUN2001	105.84	SEP2017
<i>SOUTHERN COUNTIES</i>												
Edgeville 4 Shallow	66.28	67.08	69.40	-0.80	-3.12	65.92	67.47	0.36	63.76	MAY2012	69.87	SEP1994
ROMP 26 Shallow	69.00	69.68	68.02	-0.68	0.98	67.26	69.53	1.74	64.32	JUN1999	75.30	SEP2017
SR 74	15.30	15.17	16.91	0.13	-1.61	14.20	15.66	1.10	12.66	MAY2000	18.78	AUG2013

Intermediate and Floridan Aquifers

In May, monthly analysis indicates that 71 of the 82 intermediate and Floridan aquifer wells monitored for this report recorded water level decreases, compared to last month. Regionally, average water levels decreased in the northern, central and southern counties by 0.45, 0.95 and 0.85 foot, respectively. District-wide, the average water level in the intermediate and Floridan aquifer decreased by 0.79 foot.

During May, annual analysis indicates that 62 of the 82 intermediate and Floridan aquifer wells monitored for this report recorded water level decreases, compared to levels measured in May 2018. Regionally, the mean water level in the northern, central and southern counties was lower by 0.12 foot, 1.44 feet and 3.37 feet, respectively, compared to last year's levels. District-wide, average water levels in intermediate and Floridan aquifer wells were 1.82 feet lower than May 2018 levels.

For May, 78 of the 82 intermediate and Floridan aquifer wells had levels above the base of the low normal level, compared to historical monthly levels. Average water levels in the northern, central and southern counties were 2.84, 7.11 and 5.25 feet, respectively, above the base of the low normal level. District-wide, the average water level in intermediate and Floridan aquifer wells was 5.39 feet above the base of the low normal level.

SUMMARY OF INTERMEDIATE AND FLORIDAN AQUIFER LEVELS IN REPRESENTATIVE WELLS, MAY 2019

Regional Summary:

Region	MAY 2019 Mean Elevation	MAY 2019 Relation to POR Median	MAY 2019 Relation to 25th Percentile	MAY 2019 Mean Percentile Rank	APR 2019 Mean Percentile Rank	MAY 2018 Mean Percentile Rank
Northern Counties	38.30	1.18	2.54	71%	70%	78%
Central Counties	56.75	2.42	5.62	71%	71%	88%
Southern Counties	27.90	1.53	4.80	62%	60%	89%

Regional Wells Summary:

NORTHERN COUNTIES	MAY 2019 Elev	APR 2019 Elev	MAY 2018 Elev	Change From APR 2019	Change From MAY 2018	MAY Historical Low	MAY Historical Normal	Departure From Low	MAY 2019 Percentile Rank	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
CE 14 Dunnellon Deep	42.79	42.73	40.80	0.06	1.99	36.81	41.47	5.98	85%	31.94	MAY2012	60.24	MAR1966
Chassahowitzka 1 Deep	6.41	6.59	6.45	-0.18	-0.04	5.61	6.52	0.80	71%	4.80	JUN2001	9.75	SEP2004
Inverness Dot Fldn	30.36	30.78	28.94	-0.42	1.42	27.30	30.32	3.06	76%	21.70	JUN2001	37.80	OCT1982
Mascotte Deep	98.72	99.18	101.21	-0.46	-2.49	97.91	99.86	0.81	42%	93.94	JUN2000	102.66	SEP1988
North Locanto Deep	4.66	4.70	4.38	-0.04	0.28	3.87	4.89	0.79	71%	2.94	MAY2001	8.10	OCT1982
ROMP 103 Suwannee/Ocala	41.57	42.23	40.18	-0.66	1.39	37.56	41.47	4.01	76%	33.75	MAY2009	51.03	OCT2004
ROMP 107 Ocala/Avon Park	12.85	13.28	11.41	-0.43	1.44	10.63	13.05	2.22	71%	8.08	AUG2007	19.78	NOV1982
ROMP 111 Ocala/Avon Park	48.75	49.05	50.51	-0.30	-1.76	47.62	49.85	1.13	56%	44.23	JUL1992	53.36	SEP2004
ROMP 116 Avon Park	32.66	33.04	34.36	-0.38	-1.70	31.14	33.03	1.52	64%	29.24	MAY2012	39.28	OCT2004
ROMP 119 Avon Park	45.94	46.43	45.48	-0.49	0.46	41.95	45.26	3.99	89%	39.86	MAY2012	52.20	MAR1998
ROMP 120 Avon Park	46.45	47.15	45.07	-0.70	1.38	41.45	45.07	5.00	89%	38.71	MAY2012	52.24	MAR1998
ROMP 134 Ocala/Avon Park	52.51	53.58	48.85	-1.07	3.66	42.98	47.96	9.53	93%	37.80	JUN2012	57.35	APR1998
ROMP 89 Ocala	89.16	90.23	93.19	-1.07	-4.03	87.56	90.87	1.60	49%	82.44	JUN2000	94.93	DEC1997
ROMP 97 Avon Park	18.32	18.89	17.59	-0.57	0.73	14.81	18.72	3.51	70%	11.84	MAY2009	26.24	SEP2004
ROMP TR 124 Avon Park	3.14	3.26	3.71	-0.12	-0.57	2.17	3.07	0.97	79%	0.77	SEP2004	8.06	SEP2016
ROMP TR 21-2 Ocala/Avpk	3.22	2.93	3.79	0.29	-0.57	2.22	2.99	1.00	85%	-0.06	DEC1990	6.12	OCT1995
Sumter 13 JC 59 Up Fldn	41.41	41.70	44.09	-0.29	-2.68	38.93	42.17	2.48	59%	36.52	MAY2012	47.01	JUN2003
Tidewater 1 FLDN	55.85	56.51	55.75	-0.66	0.10	51.89	55.81	3.96	78%	47.94	JUN2012	61.81	SEP1982
Webster City Fldn	81.66	82.49	83.34	-0.83	-1.68	79.54	82.72	2.12	63%	74.16	MAY2012	88.77	SEP2005
Weeki Wachee Deep Repl	15.56	16.25	15.35	-0.69	0.21	13.26	16.51	2.30	51%	10.37	MAY2009	23.61	AUG1984

All elevations are referenced to NGVD 1929 datum

Regional Wells Summary (continued):

CENTRAL COUNTIES	MAY 2019 Elev	APR 2019 Elev	MAY 2018 Elev	Change From APR 2019	Change From MAY 2018	MAY Historical Low Normal	MAY Historical High Normal	Departure From Low Normal	MAY 2019 Percentile Rank	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Bexley 2 Fldn	60.32	61.21	63.01	-0.89	-2.69	58.33	61.00	1.99	64%	56.08	JUN2000	64.50	SEP2017
Coley Deep	78.91	81.56	85.40	-2.65	-6.49	73.28	83.54	5.62	54%	60.77	JAN2010	94.17	SEP1949
Debuel Road Deep	54.43	55.19	56.20	-0.76	-1.77	51.34	54.77	3.09	71%	46.48	JUN2002	60.13	SEP1979
Hills State Park Deep	37.49	38.18	39.17	-0.69	-1.68	36.54	37.92	0.95	56%	35.35	JUN2000	47.42	DEC1997
Lk Alftred Deep	127.14	127.73	128.82	-0.59	-1.68	124.34	127.25	2.80	72%	119.85	MAY1974	131.62	OCT1960
Loughman Deep	88.46	88.64	89.87	-0.18	-1.41	88.52	90.87	-0.06	25%	85.90	MAY2001	93.23	OCT1979
Lykes Pasco Fldn	66.80	67.57	64.96	-0.77	1.84	61.36	66.04	5.44	83%	56.94	JUN2000	75.78	OCT2004
Masaryktown Deep	36.06	36.96	32.35	-0.90	3.71	27.16	36.01	8.90	76%	21.89	AUG1994	50.32	SEP1984
Moon Lake Deep	30.98	31.08	31.83	-0.10	-0.85	28.29	30.61	2.69	89%	26.10	JUN2000	38.78	DEC1997
Pasco 13 nr Drexel Fldn	70.77	71.43	73.57	-0.66	-2.80	70.62	72.61	0.15	30%	68.00	JUN2001	77.14	JUL1960
Pinellas 665 Fldn	8.94	8.88	9.45	0.06	-0.51	8.28	9.69	0.66	57%	6.70	MAY2006	14.79	SEP1959
ROMP 123 Hawthorn/Ocala	3.31	1.72	11.83	1.59	-8.52	-11.77	3.57	15.08	75%	-29.47	MAY2000	33.56	FEB1998
ROMP 40 Swnn/AvPk	36.37	36.79	37.34	-0.42	-0.97	17.05	31.03	19.32	95%	-4.15	JUN2000	57.37	FEB1998
ROMP 45 Avon Park	70.60	73.37	69.76	-2.77	0.84	50.06	60.82	20.54	95%	31.75	MAY1981	84.44	OCT2004
ROMP 48 Tampa/Suwannee	30.80	32.12	31.87	-1.32	-1.07	11.33	27.15	19.47	88%	-9.39	JUN2000	52.64	AUG1982
ROMP 50 Avon Park	4.84	5.84	3.04	-1.00	1.80	-6.59	1.84	11.43	97%	-32.77	FEB2004	14.95	AUG1982
ROMP 58 Ocala	100.51	100.52	103.55	-0.01	-3.04	93.12	99.63	7.39	81%	84.03	JUN2000	111.01	DEC2005
ROMP 59 Swnn/AvPk	71.82	74.57	70.61	-2.75	1.21	51.57	61.71	20.25	96%	33.33	MAY1981	85.92	OCT2004
ROMP 60 Ocala/Avon Park	71.56	74.25	70.18	-2.69	1.38	48.31	62.39	23.25	91%	51.29	MAY2012	83.25	SEP2018
ROMP 66 Tampa	16.89	17.73	17.22	-0.84	-0.33	14.79	17.53	2.10	70%	12.04	JUN1977	25.47	AUG2015
ROMP 76 U Fldn	128.13	128.83	130.31	-0.70	-2.18	124.71	127.73	3.42	81%	119.37	MAY1981	132.92	SEP2004
ROMP 87 Avon Park	101.17	101.71	102.39	-0.54	-1.22	98.06	101.31	3.11	73%	94.88	JUN2000	106.30	FEB1998
ROMP 88 Avon Park	102.31	102.84	105.22	-0.53	-2.91	99.56	103.11	2.75	65%	97.42	JUN2000	107.21	SEP2017
ROMP 93 Swnn/AvPk	71.87	73.06	74.53	-1.19	-2.66	64.99	71.83	6.88	76%	59.03	JUN2001	76.60	SEP1982
ROMP DV-1 Suwannee	52.59	55.01	57.45	-2.42	-4.86	45.48	53.14	7.11	70%	12.06	JAN2010	65.72	FEB1998
ROMP TR 10-2 Tampa	9.09	9.20	10.58	-0.11	-1.49	6.58	8.84	2.51	79%	0.22	MAY1981	14.90	SEP2004
ROMP TR 13-3 Avon Park	14.44	14.69	17.50	-0.25	-3.06	13.91	15.42	0.53	36%	10.95	JUL1987	18.79	AUG2015
SR 52 And CR581 Deep	71.48	73.17	75.05	-1.69	-3.57	65.22	73.06	6.27	55%	56.96	JUN2001	79.44	AUG1965
SR 52 Deep W nr Fivay Jct	52.30	52.67	54.24	-0.37	-1.94	50.59	52.55	1.72	70%	48.08	JUN2000	59.53	AUG2010
SR 577 Deep	88.59	89.90	87.86	-1.31	0.73	82.41	89.78	6.18	67%	72.76	JUN2000	98.51	MAR1998
Sanlon Ranch Fldn	95.81	97.76	94.78	-1.95	1.03	79.93	89.61	15.88	96%	66.38	MAY1975	105.27	OCT2004
Tarpon Rd Deep	8.75	9.60	9.54	-0.85	-0.79	8.77	10.01	-0.02	24%	-4.43	MAY2018	13.48	AUG2015

All elevations are referenced to NGVD 1929 datum

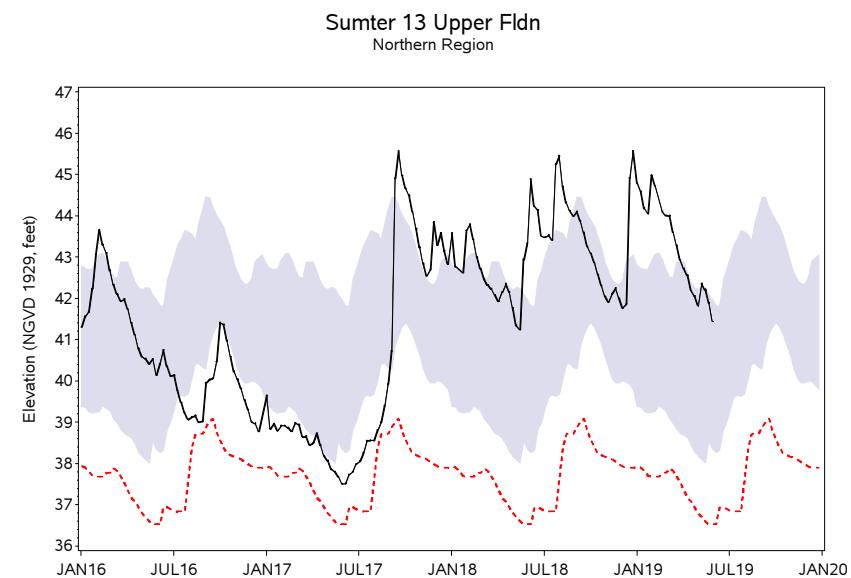
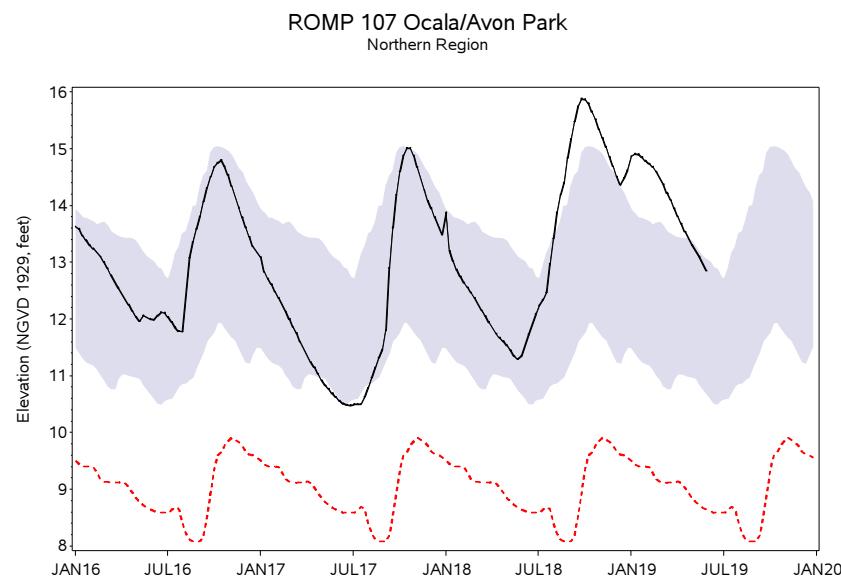
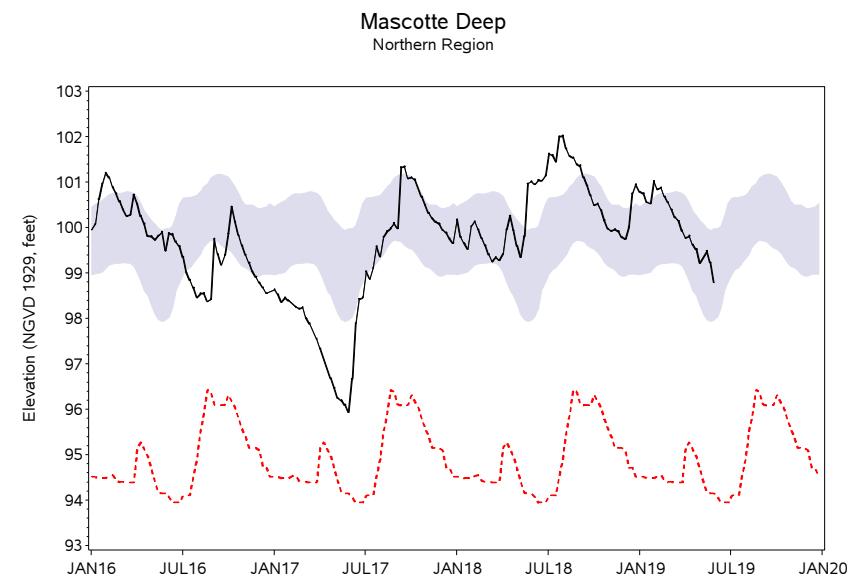
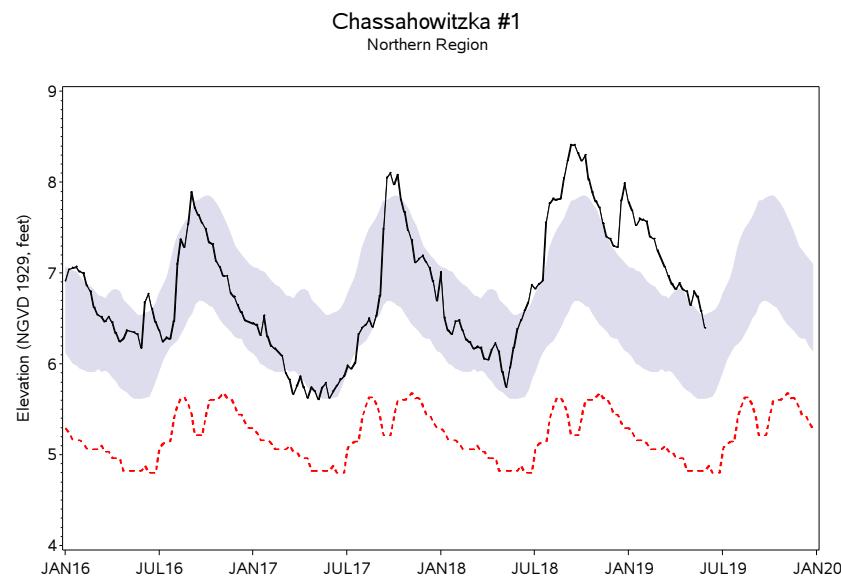
Regional Wells Summary (continued):

SOUTHERN COUNTIES	MAY 2019 Elev	APR 2019 Elev	MAY 2018 Elev	Change From APR 2019	Change From MAY 2018	MAY Historical Low Normal	MAY Historical High Normal	Departure From Low Normal	MAY 2019 Percentile Rank	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Big Slough Deep	31.53	32.31	32.86	-0.78	-1.33	29.53	32.07	2.00	62%	26.85	MAY2006	36.59	JAN1983
Cargill FA-1 Fldn	68.39	71.31	67.85	-2.92	0.54	50.87	59.58	17.52	93%	30.50	MAY1981	82.95	OCT2004
Edgeville 3 Deep	21.04	20.36	24.73	0.68	-3.69	16.50	26.03	4.54	52%	1.13	MAY2000	46.40	OCT1965
Englewood 14 Deep	4.00	2.59	8.66	1.41	-4.66	1.97	3.92	2.03	78%	-0.97	FEB2001	11.37	SEP1974
Florida Pwr @ Piney Point	14.12	13.94	16.81	0.18	-2.69	5.38	11.92	8.74	96%	-4.84	MAY1989	21.53	SEP2018
Kibler Deep	-3.67	-5.80	8.27	2.13	-11.94	-12.25	2.50	8.58	58%	-29.95	MAY2000	29.30	AUG1978
Manasota 14 Deep	17.23	17.34	18.45	-0.11	-1.22	17.78	20.47	-0.55	14%	15.46	MAY2017	22.70	NOV1971
Marshell Deep	36.39	40.29	39.56	-3.90	-3.17	30.10	40.11	6.29	56%	8.96	JUN2000	55.24	MAR1964
ROMP 16 Ocala	42.72	43.96	47.46	-1.24	-4.74	43.17	46.46	-0.45	22%	28.94	JAN2001	51.21	SEP1995
ROMP 17 Up Fldn	42.00	43.24	45.90	-1.24	-3.90	40.17	44.05	1.83	48%	31.89	JUN2000	51.64	OCT1994
ROMP 19 West UFA Swnn	24.99	23.73	26.37	1.26	-1.38	18.35	25.84	6.64	75%	10.99	JUN2000	33.80	SEP2017
ROMP 19X UFA (SWNN)	30.41	31.08	32.12	-0.67	-1.71	25.08	30.94	5.33	69%	19.28	JUN2000	40.19	JAN1984
ROMP 20 UFA (SWNN)	18.32	19.65	21.64	-1.33	-3.32	14.48	19.29	3.84	64%	11.99	MAY2007	26.66	SEP2017
ROMP 22 UFA (SWNN)	11.84	12.62	15.89	-0.78	-4.05	3.41	13.01	8.43	71%	-3.88	MAY2000	30.18	FEB1998
ROMP 26 Swnn/AvPk	38.91	41.12	44.50	-2.21	-5.59	36.78	43.26	2.13	44%	19.48	JAN2010	53.18	OCT1979
ROMP 28X Swnn/AvPk	66.92	68.54	71.50	-1.62	-4.58	64.63	68.14	2.29	61%	57.24	JAN2010	74.68	OCT1995
ROMP 30 Swnn/AvPk	38.58	43.91	42.52	-5.33	-3.94	25.59	39.01	12.99	72%	-0.20	JUN2000	60.52	MAR1998
ROMP 31 Swnn/AvPk	35.02	38.80	37.01	-3.78	-1.99	19.73	35.15	15.30	74%	-8.20	JUN2000	57.92	MAR1998
ROMP 32 Low Ocala/Avpk	18.62	18.24	22.31	0.38	-3.69	4.40	18.88	14.22	75%	-17.74	JUN2000	51.65	OCT1987
ROMP 43XX Avon Park	84.48	86.33	90.47	-1.85	-5.99	81.03	85.85	3.45	61%	70.93	JAN2010	94.60	MAR1998
ROMP 9 UFA (SWNN)	40.93	41.26	41.82	-0.33	-0.89	38.78	41.29	2.15	65%	36.20	MAY2000	46.35	SEP2006
ROMP TR 1-2 Up Fldn	44.31	44.46	45.13	-0.15	-0.82	43.18	44.78	1.13	60%	40.72	JUN2000	47.22	SEP2015
ROMP TR 3-1 Up Fldn	33.25	33.44	34.10	-0.19	-0.85	31.74	33.30	1.51	74%	29.04	JUN2000	35.98	SEP2017
ROMP TR 5-1 Suwannee	17.20	17.62	19.50	-0.42	-2.30	15.87	18.46	1.33	49%	13.26	JUN2000	23.00	SEP1983
ROMP TR 5-2 UFA (SWNN)	22.21	22.75	24.46	-0.54	-2.25	18.64	23.18	3.57	66%	13.75	MAY2006	31.26	OCT1994
ROMP TR 7-1 Tampa	17.42	17.51	19.42	-0.09	-2.00	13.27	16.72	4.15	90%	10.01	JUN2000	24.23	SEP2017
ROMP TR 7-4 Swnn/Ocala	9.38	10.04	14.48	-0.66	-5.10	3.08	10.62	6.31	72%	-3.55	MAY2000	24.20	SEP2017
Romp TR SA-1 UFS (SWNN)	8.58	8.82	10.57	-0.24	-1.99	6.74	10.89	1.84	48%	2.89	MAY2017	24.52	SEP1979
Sarasota Office Up Floridan	10.42	11.76	14.19	-1.34	-3.77	5.68	21.73	4.74	42%	-3.24	JUN2000	35.21	MAR1931
Verna T 0-1	4.87	4.64	12.84	0.23	-7.97	-0.75	10.09	5.62	58%	-15.73	MAY2000	33.32	JAN1984

All elevations are referenced to NGVD 1929 datum

HYDROGRAPHS OF REPRESENTATIVE INTERMEDIATE AND FLORIDAN AQUIFER WELLS

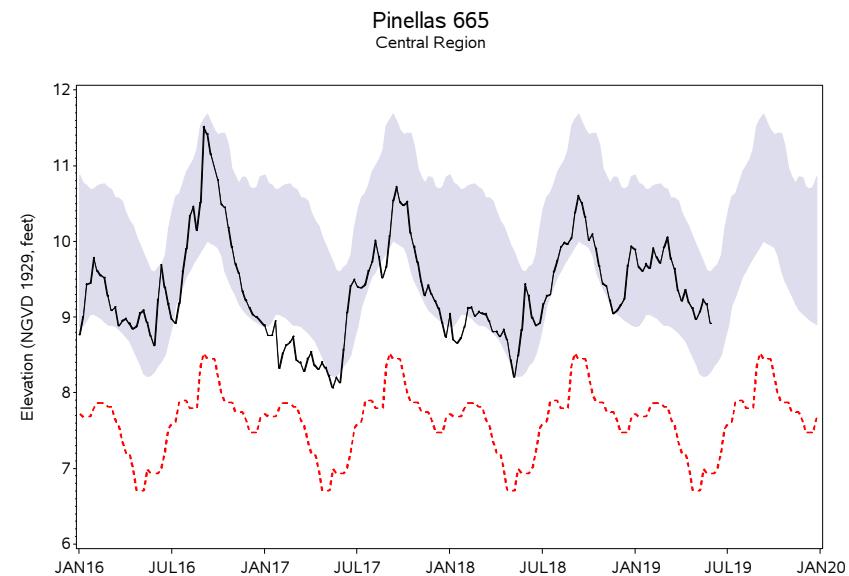
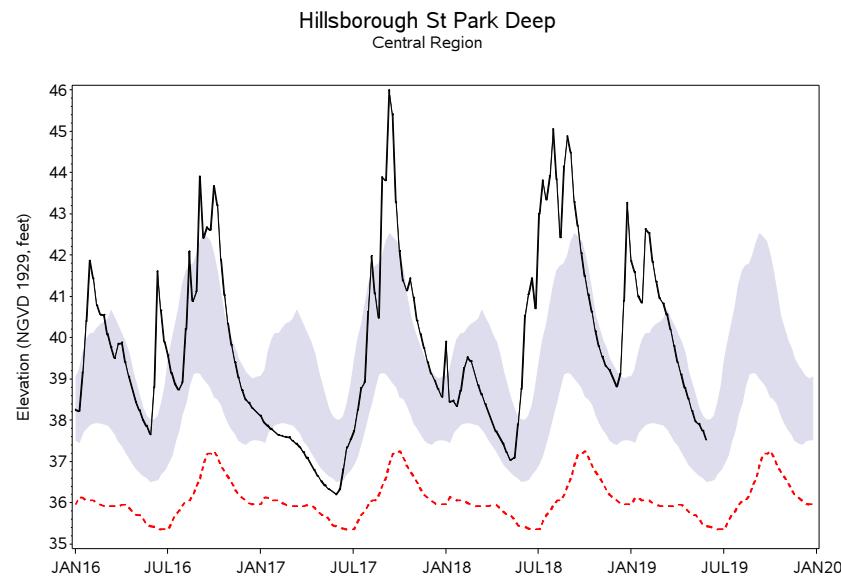
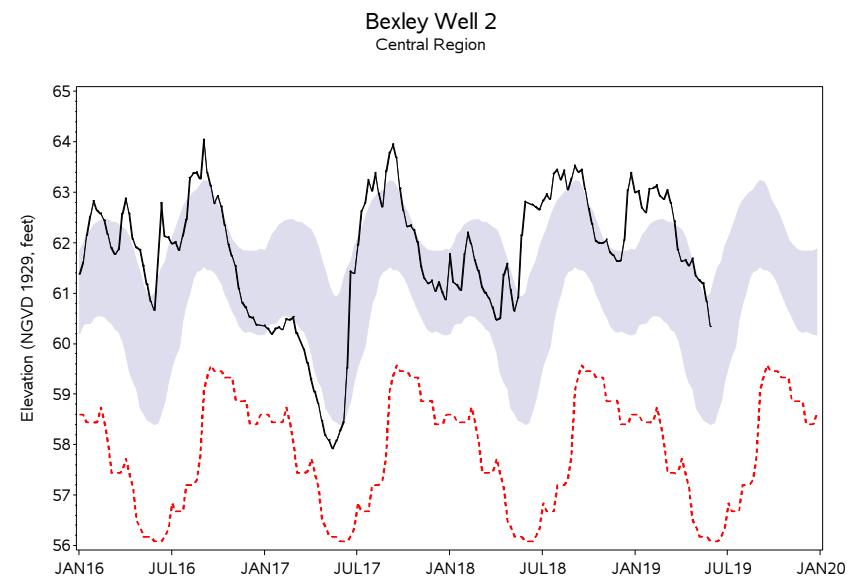
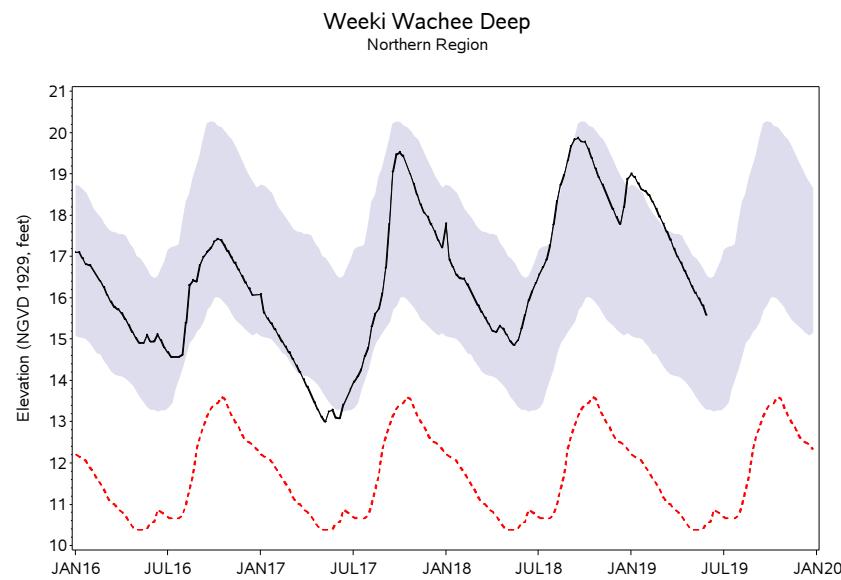
JANUARY 2016 TO MAY 2019



— Average Weekly Elevation - - - POR Weekly Low ■■■■■ Normal Range

HYDROGRAPHS OF REPRESENTATIVE INTERMEDIATE AND FLORIDAN AQUIFER WELLS

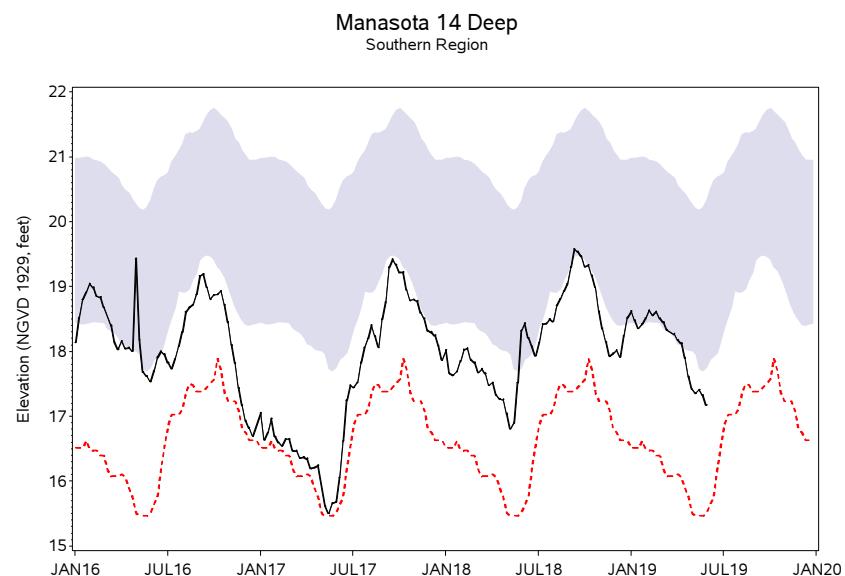
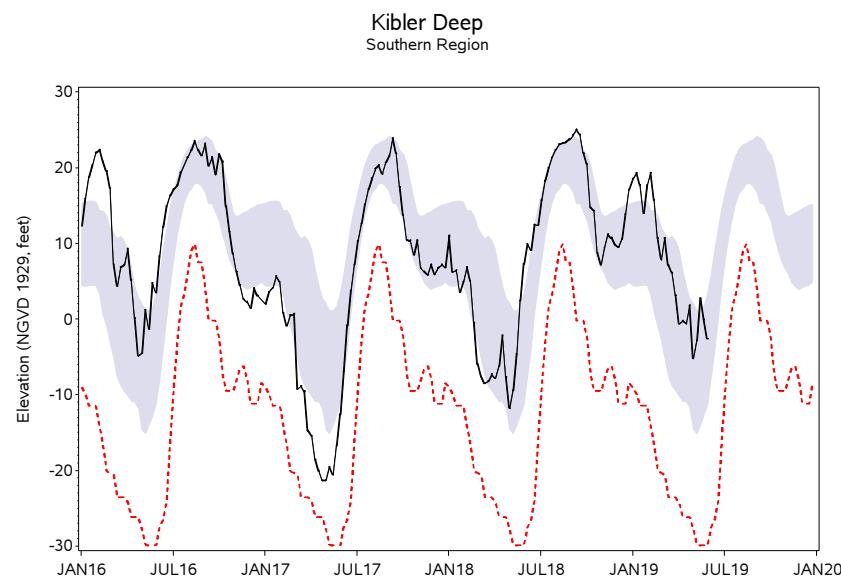
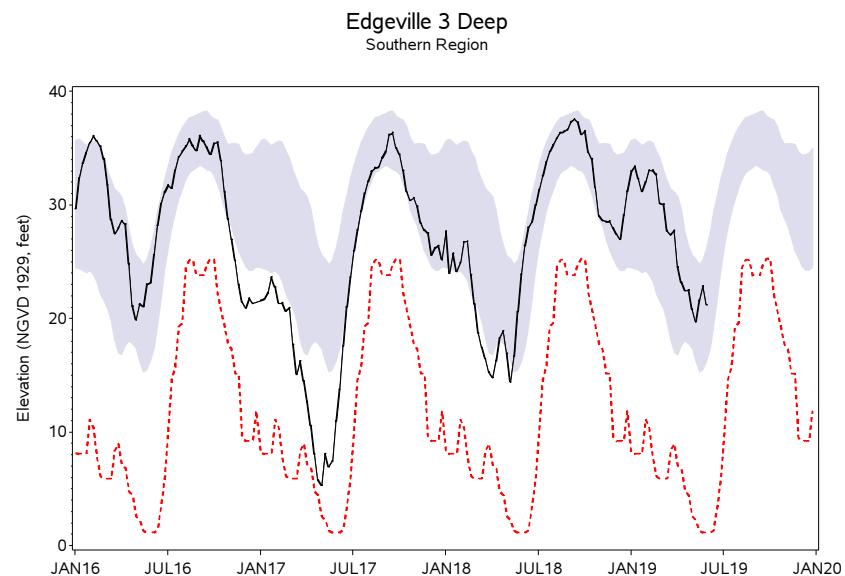
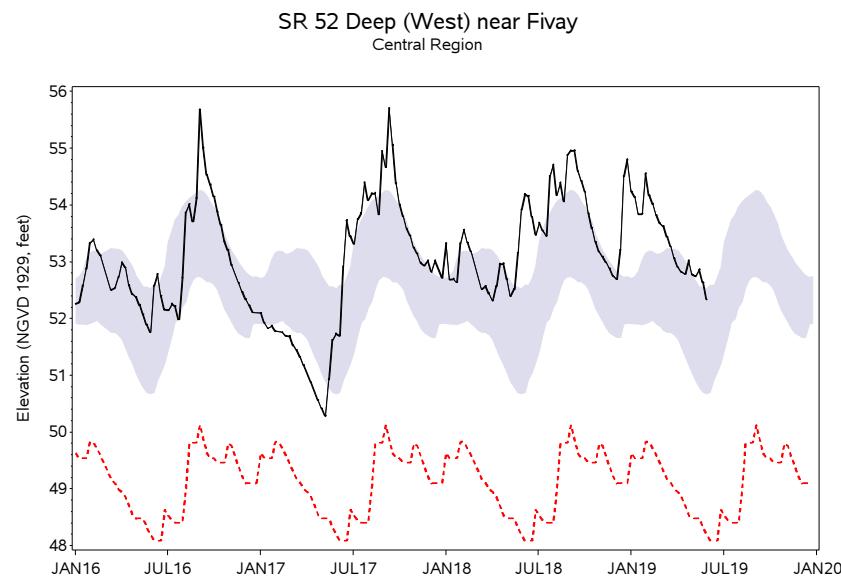
JANUARY 2016 TO MAY 2019



— Average Weekly Elevation - - - POR Weekly Low ■■■■■ Normal Range

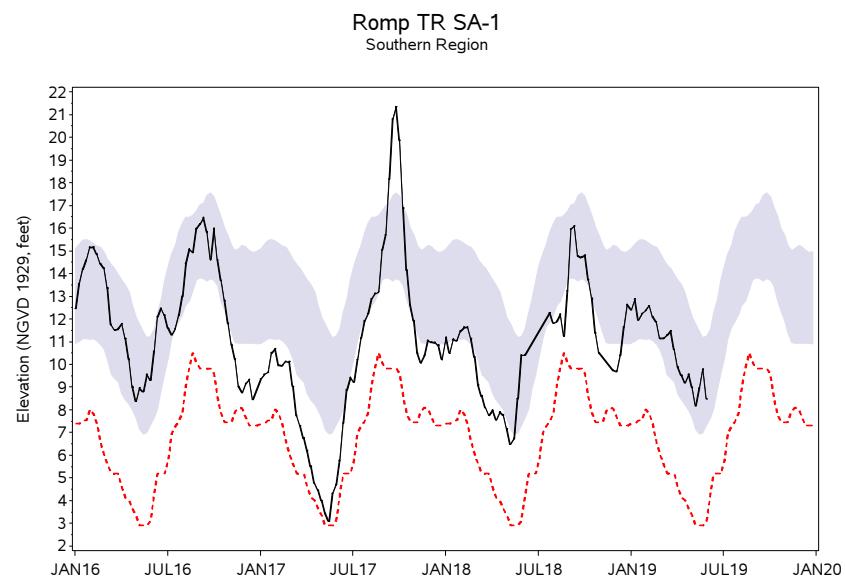
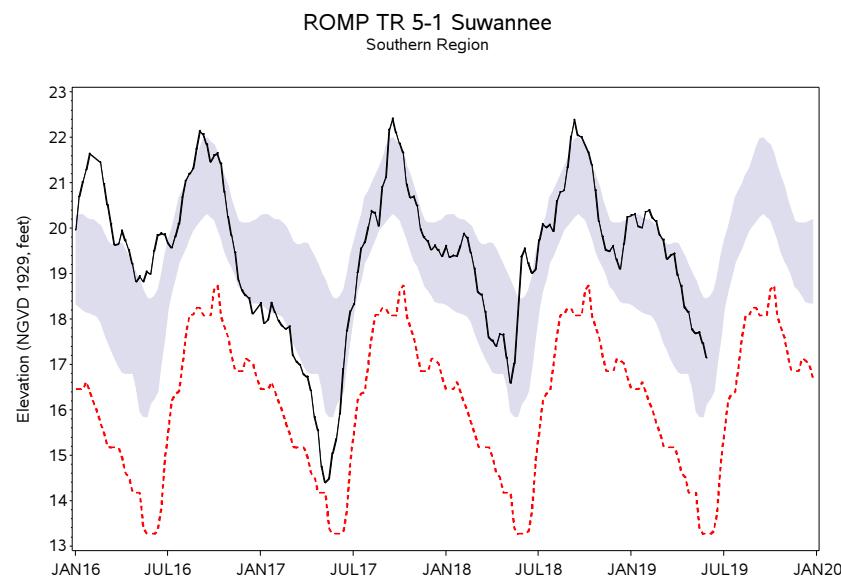
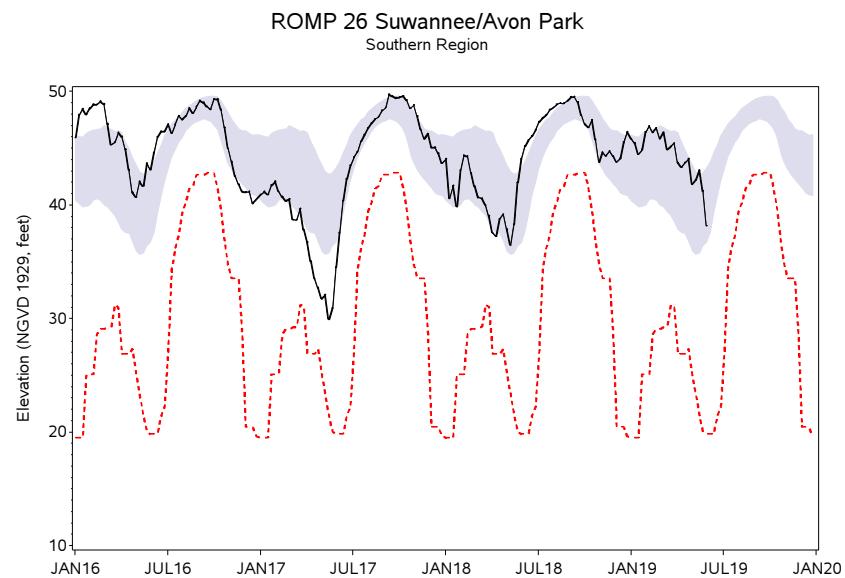
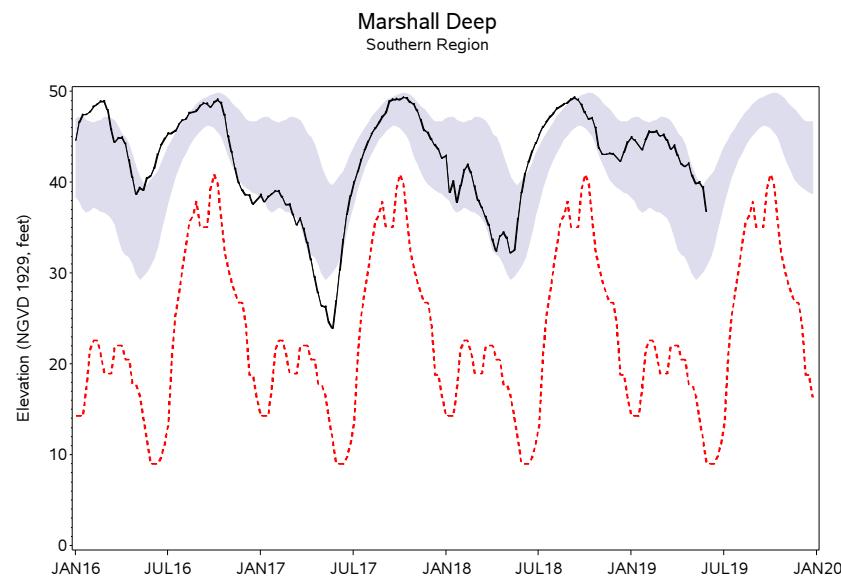
HYDROGRAPHS OF REPRESENTATIVE INTERMEDIATE AND FLORIDAN AQUIFER WELLS

JANUARY 2016 TO MAY 2019



— Average Weekly Elevation - - - POR Weekly Low ■■■■■ Normal Range

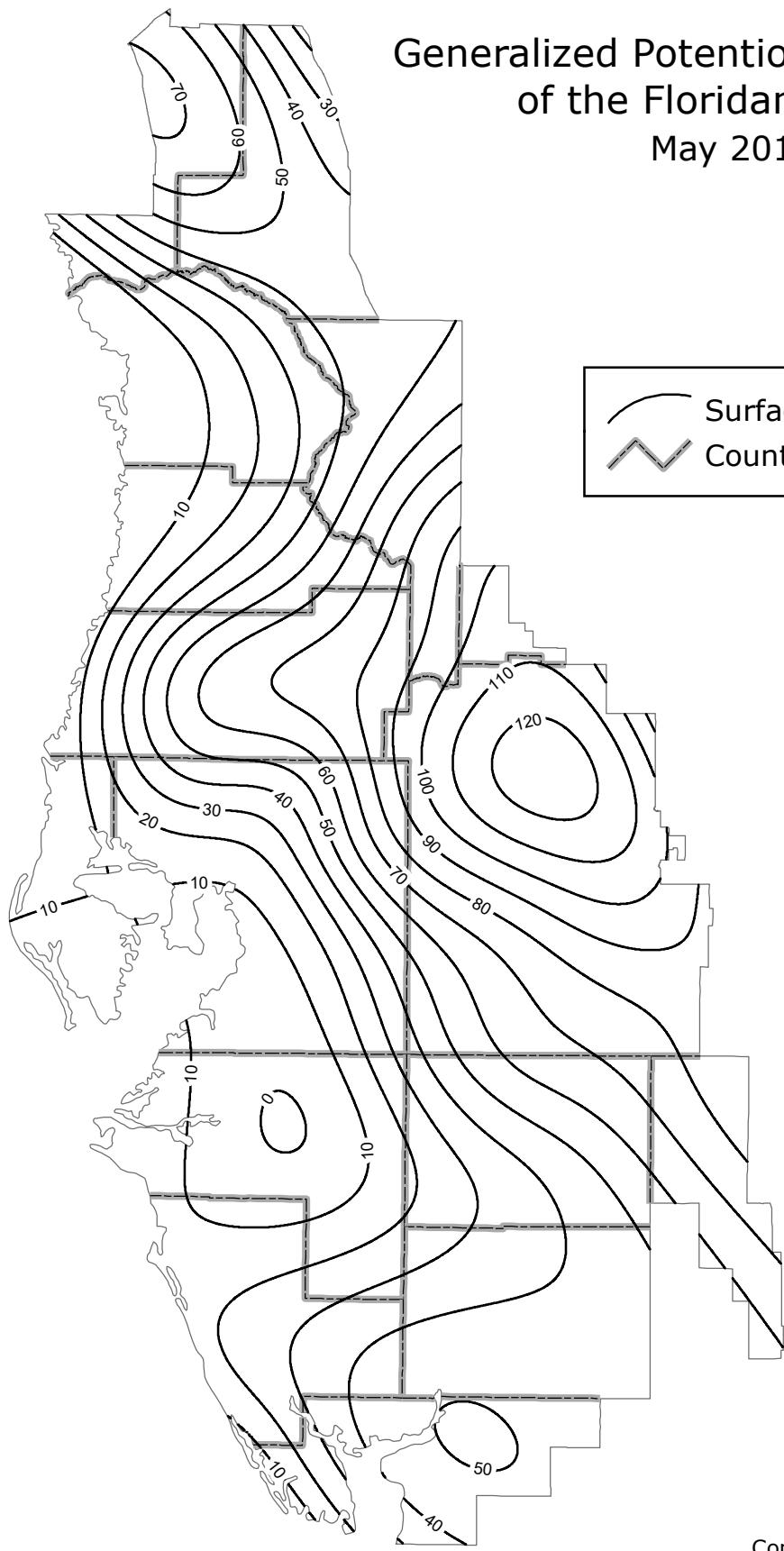
HYDROGRAPHS OF REPRESENTATIVE INTERMEDIATE AND FLORIDAN AQUIFER WELLS
JANUARY 2016 TO MAY 2019



— Average Weekly Elevation - - - POR Weekly Low ■■■■■ Normal Range

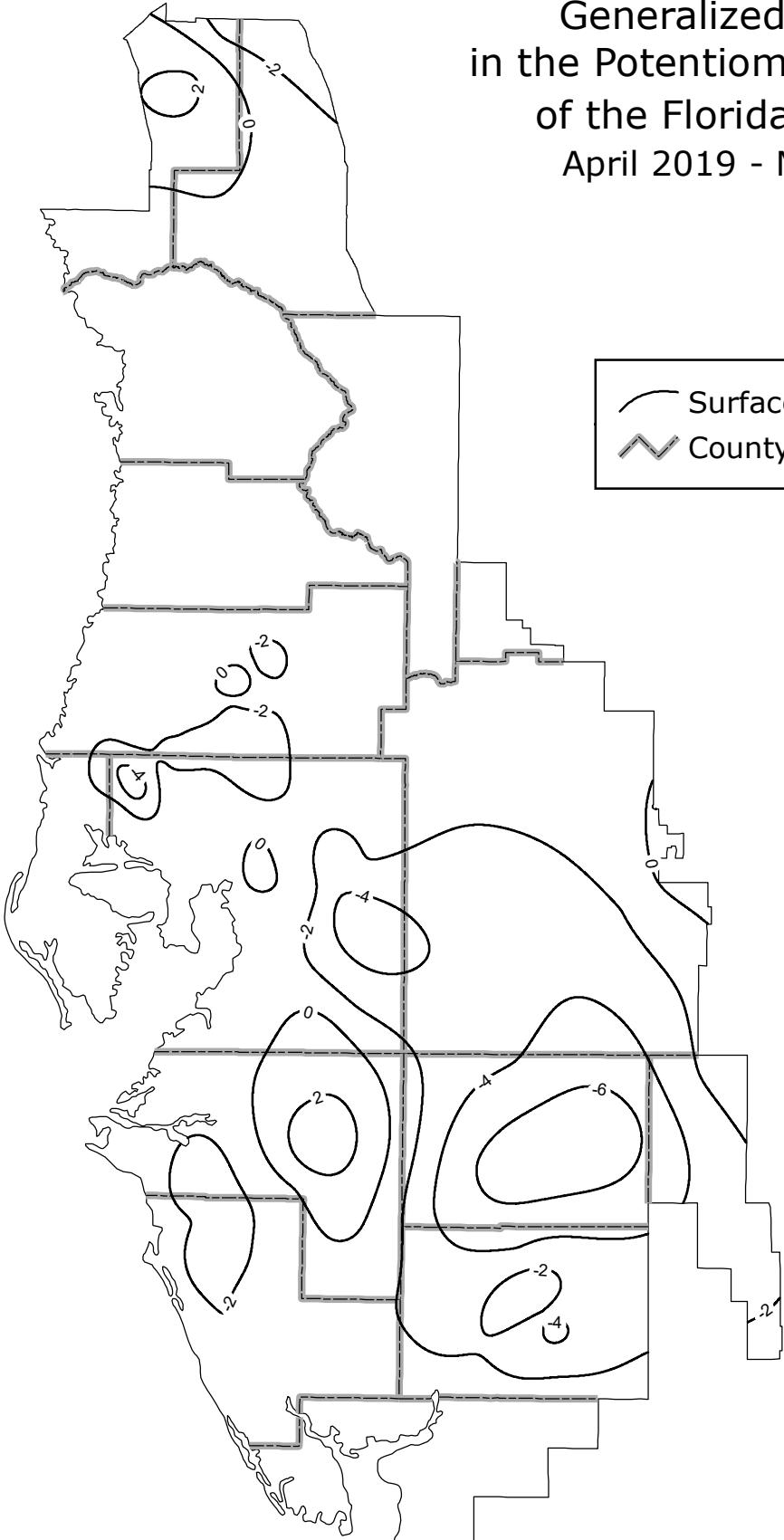
Generalized Potentiometric Surface of the Floridan Aquifer

May 2019



Compiled by M.L. Crowell

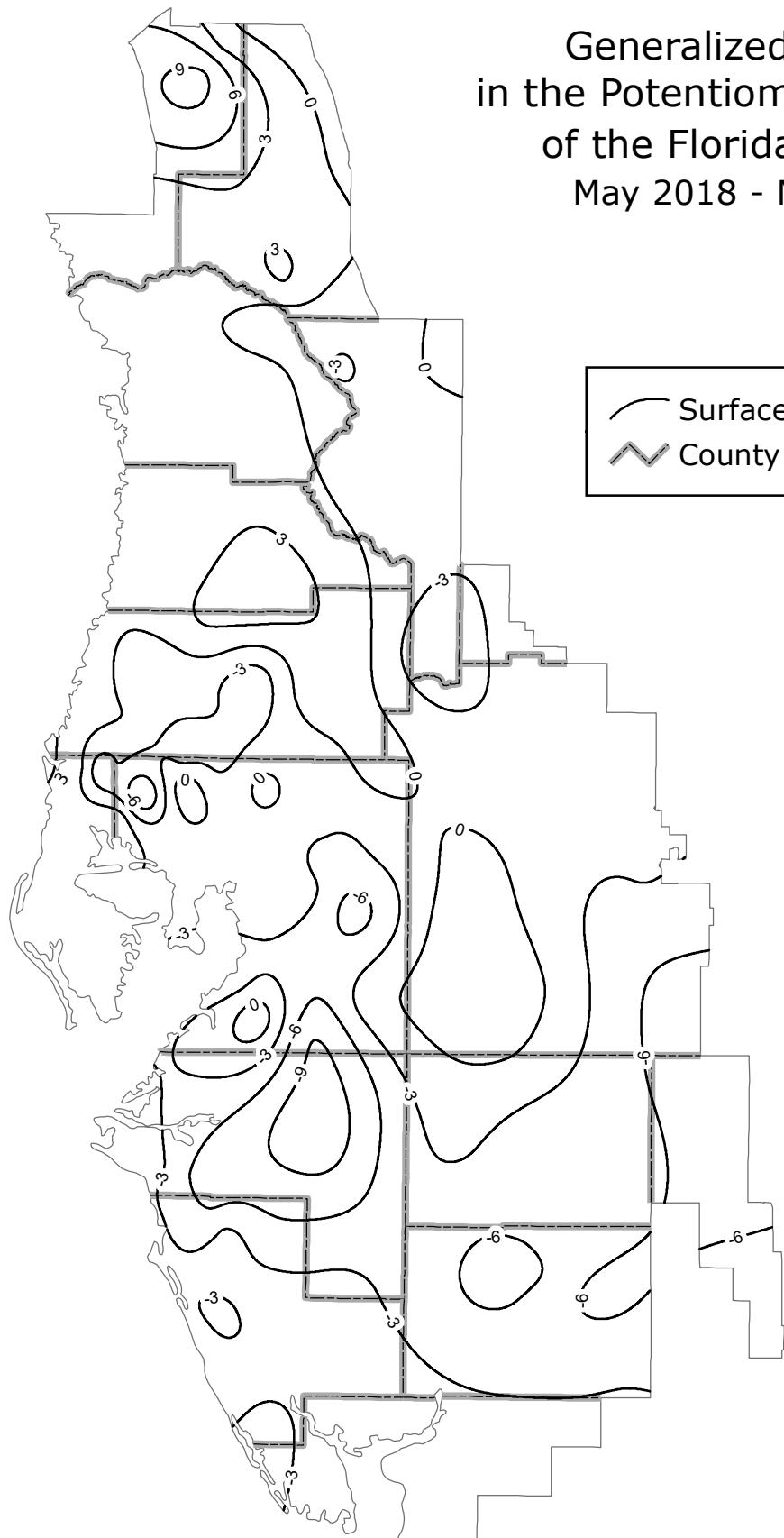
Generalized Change
in the Potentiometric Surface
of the Floridan Aquifer
April 2019 - May 2019



Compiled by M.L. Crowell

Contour interval = 2 feet

Generalized Change
in the Potentiometric Surface
of the Floridan Aquifer
May 2018 - May 2019



Surface contour
County boundary

Compiled by M.L. Crowell

Contour interval = 3 feet

Public Supply Wellfields

Water levels are measured in 21 monitor wells (9 surficial, 12 intermediate and Floridan aquifer wells) located at nine public supply wellfields in the District. Thirteen of the 21 monitor wells have water levels measured monthly, two biweekly, and six weekly. Monthly data are tabulated to compare recent water levels to historical means.

In May, monthly analysis indicates that average water levels decreased in 11 of the 12 intermediate and Floridan wells and all nine surficial wells, compared to the previous month. Average water levels measured in the intermediate and Floridan wells decreased 1.56 feet, while levels measured in surficial wells decreased 0.95 foot.

During May, annual analysis indicates average water levels decreased in 7 of the 12 intermediate and Floridan wells and five of the nine surficial wells, compared to last year's levels. Water levels measured in the intermediate and Floridan wells averaged 1.19 feet below last year's levels, while surficial water levels averaged 0.51 foot below May 2018 levels.

For May, average water levels in all 12 intermediate and Floridan wells and all nine surficial wells were above the base of their respective normal level, compared to the historical monthly levels. Water levels measured in the intermediate and Floridan wells averaged 9.32 feet above the base of the normal level, while levels in the surficial wells averaged 6.15 feet above the base of the normal level.

SUMMARY OF GROUNDWATER LEVELS IN REPRESENTATIVE WELLFIELD WELLS, MAY 2019

INT/FLORIDAN WELLS	MAY 2019 Elev	APR 2019 Elev	MAY 2018 Elev	Change From 2019	Change From 2018	MAY Historical Low Normal	MAY Historical High Normal	Departure From Low Normal	Period of Record Low	Record Low Date	Period of Record High	Record High Date
Cosme-Odessa Cosme No. 3	24.01	25.44	27.26	-1.43	-3.25	20.07	25.04	3.94	11.58	JUN2000	33.84	AUG2012
Cross Bar WRW	51.86	53.26	48.97	-1.40	2.89	39.37	50.38	12.49	33.94	JAN1994	61.65	AUG1984
Cypress Crk TMR-1 Deep	60.83	63.85	63.15	-3.02	-2.32	48.36	59.48	12.47	36.93	FEB2001	70.87	JUN1976
Cypress Crk TMR-3 Deep	59.84	61.61	64.05	-1.77	-4.21	46.89	57.25	12.95	34.22	FEB2001	68.74	JUL1976
Eldridge-Wilde 11 Deep	19.19	22.76	22.66	-3.57	-3.47	7.69	16.74	11.50	0.31	SEP1990	64.70	NOV2009
Eldridge-Wilde 2S	19.56	20.04	19.89	-0.48	-0.33	6.83	16.56	12.73	-1.05	JUN2000	25.44	SEP2013
Morris Bridge 3A Deep	26.61	28.58	29.63	-1.97	-3.02	23.30	29.07	3.31	17.02	MAY2009	42.53	AUG2013
Section 21 Hills 13 Deep	42.06	40.49	38.09	1.57	3.97	32.39	43.62	9.67	21.54	JUN2002	52.08	JUL1944
South Pasco 42	47.66	48.37	46.95	-0.72	0.71	38.36	46.45	9.30	27.98	MAY2002	58.65	SEP2017
South Pasco SR 54 Deep	51.03	51.34	50.62	-0.32	0.41	42.90	50.79	8.13	33.49	MAY2002	59.26	AUG2012
Starkey Regional	34.45	34.69	33.69	-0.24	0.76	28.64	33.22	5.81	25.03	JUN2000	38.37	AUG2015
Verna 08	2.57	7.92	9.01	-5.35	-6.44	-7.03	4.38	9.60	-24.32	MAY1989	26.68	FEB1998

SURFICIAL WELLS

Cosme-Odessa IC-6	36.45	37.02	36.48	-0.58	-0.03	34.92	36.96	1.53	31.91	JUL1973	42.95	AUG2015
Cross Bar SERW	68.23	69.13	69.57	-0.90	-1.34	58.33	67.05	9.90	53.08	JUL1994	72.53	JUL1984
Cypress Crk TMR-1 Shallow	60.97	64.01	63.34	-3.04	-2.37	53.93	61.98	7.04	39.89	DEC2000	69.24	AUG2018
Cypress Crk TMR-3 Shallow	58.80	60.39	61.35	-1.59	-2.55	54.00	58.60	4.80	53.55	MAY1997	64.80	JUN2003
Eldridge-Wilde 11 Shallow	26.90	27.58	25.55	-0.68	1.35	14.97	24.00	11.93	10.28	MAY1991	31.72	JUL2015
Morris Bridge 3A Shallow	31.58	32.57	33.14	-0.99	-1.56	28.32	33.78	3.26	24.86	MAY2009	39.20	DEC1997
Section 21 Hills 13 Shallow	50.43	50.87	50.06	-0.44	0.37	40.74	50.09	9.69	33.81	MAY2001	53.82	AUG2012
South Pasco SR 54 Shallow	58.43	58.66	57.93	-0.23	0.50	56.25	58.27	2.18	54.43	OCT1980	60.49	SEP1998
Starkey 707	30.28	30.37	29.21	-0.09	1.07	25.25	29.51	5.03	22.70	JUN2000	34.18	AUG2015

Aquifer Resource Index

Aquifers are underground layers of rock and sand that hold water. In southwest Florida, more than 80 percent of the water supply comes from aquifers. The Aquifer Resource Index (ARI) was created to provide information to the media, residents, local governments and other interested parties about current ground-water conditions and how they compare to historical records. The underlying purpose of this index is to provide the public with a gauge of ground-water conditions in their area, so they can develop an understanding of the severity and cycles of drought and recovery.

This ARI report has been modified to now reflect percentile values to compare current aquifer levels to historical levels during the same time of year on a scale of 0-100. For example, if the regional groundwater level is at the 50th percentile, it means that half of the historical levels for this time of year were higher and half were lower than the current level.

To determine the ARI percentile value for each geographic region (indicated below), the percentile values of the monitor wells located within that region are averaged. Monitor wells with an adequate and reliable period-of-record to calculate weekly percentiles were selected for the network. There are 20 wells located in the northern region, 32 wells located in the central region and 30 wells located in the southern region, that are currently used for determining the regional percentiles. A total of 82 wells District-wide are used for the ARI Network (see index map in Appendix).

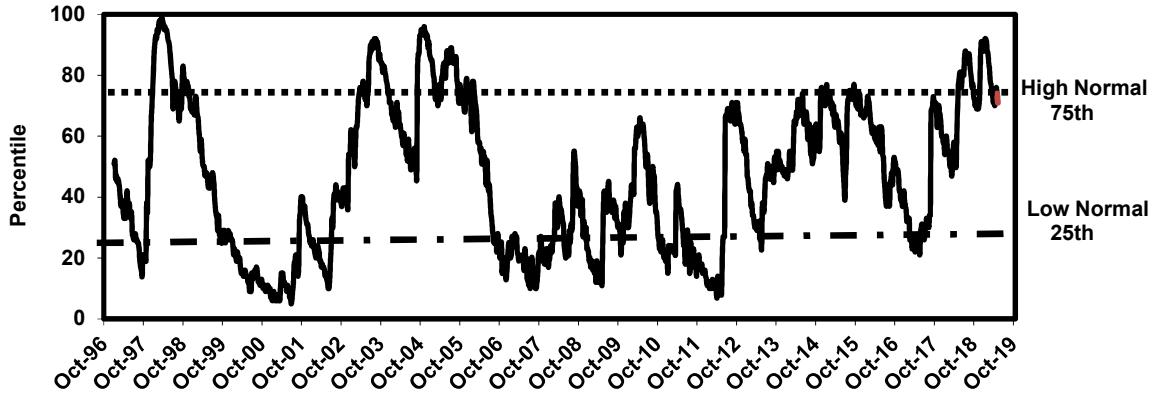
Weekly Aquifer Resource Index Level (Percentile)

Report Date	Northern Region	Central Region	Southern Region
05/08/2019	75	76	62
05/15/2019	76	83	76
05/22/2019	74	78	73
05/29/2019	71	71	62

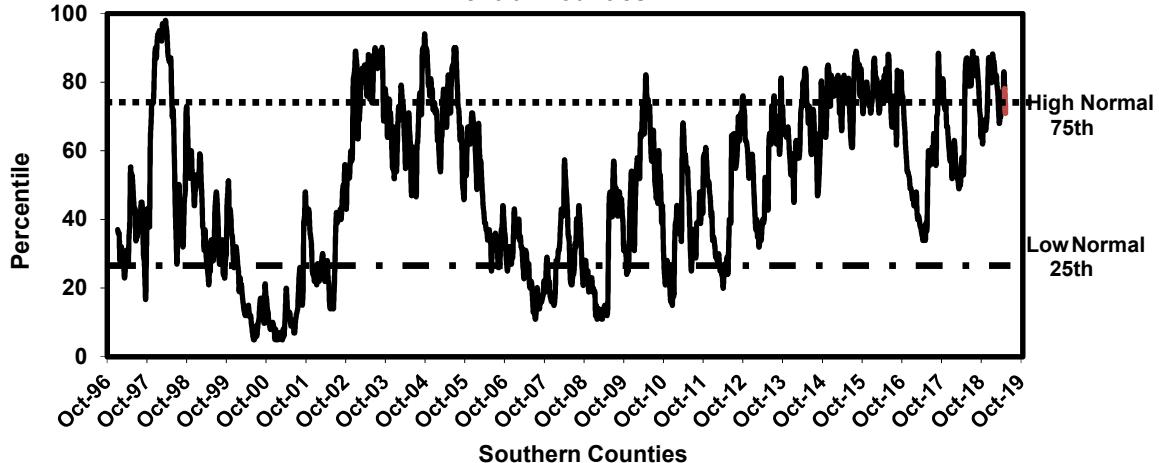
Note: Any regional percentile value that falls on or between the 25th and 75th percentile is considered “normal.” Less than the 25th would be considered “below-normal,” while above the 75th would be considered “above-normal.”

AQUIFER RESOURCE INDEX*
May 2019

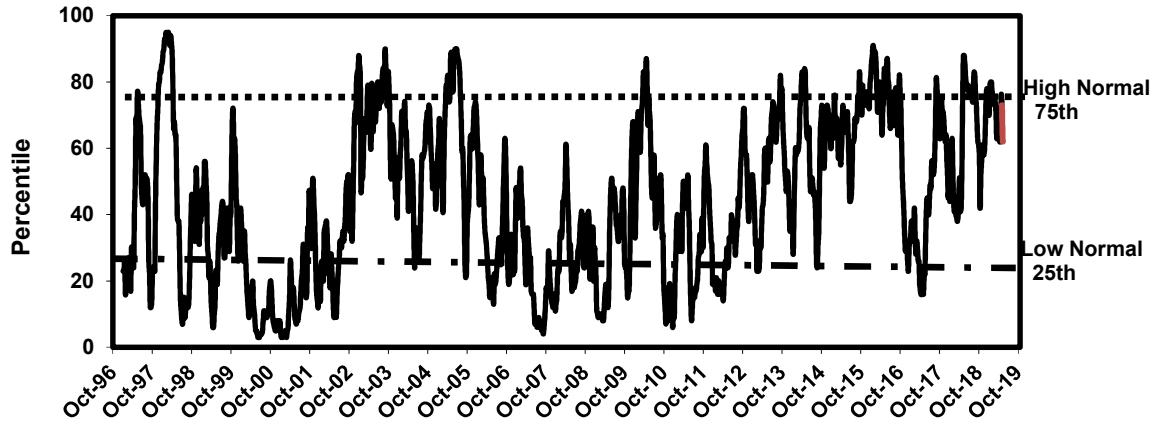
Northern Counties



Central Counties



Southern Counties



*Average Groundwater Level Relative to Low Normal, NGVD 29

Compiled By Hannah Kolb

PUBLIC SUPPLY SURFACE WATER RESERVOIRS

CITY OF TAMPA RESERVOIR (Hillsborough River Basin): Constructed in 1924, it is located on the Hillsborough River in Hillsborough County. It is the fourth largest public supply surface water facility in the District. It is the main water supply for the City of Tampa and has a total storage capacity of 1.7 billion gallons (bg). The total usable volume is 1.4 bg, when the reservoir elevation is 22.5 feet NGVD. It is an in-stream reservoir with a depth that ranges between nine and 22 feet. Given this amount of water, it is estimated that a 15-day supply of water is available from this facility over an extended dry period. During periods of low water due to drought conditions, the facility is permitted to pump water from two alternate sources. The first of these two sources is the Tampa Bypass Canal. Water is pumped over the water control structure at S-161 into the Hillsborough River above the dam. The second source is Sulphur Springs, just downstream from the dam, where water is captured at the spring and pumped back behind the dam. Withdrawals from both sources are in strict accordance with pumpage schedules as outlined in the facility's water use permit. When water levels fall below 12 feet NGVD, water cannot be withdrawn because the reservoir level is below the intake pipes. The permitted average daily withdrawal for this facility is 82 mgd, with a permitted maximum daily withdrawal of 104 mgd. Currently, ground water wells are not used to augment this facility. The minimum producible level is 9.00 feet.

PEACE RIVER RESERVOIRS - PEACE RIVER/MANASOTA REGIONAL WATER

SUPPLY AUTHORITY (Peace River Basin): The Peace River reservoirs are located in southwestern DeSoto County. They are an off-stream reservoir system consisting of two reservoirs that store surface water captured from the Peace River during wet periods. The first reservoir, Reservoir 1, was built in 1980 and encompasses approximately 85 acres, has a water depth of approximately 31 feet, and has a total storage capacity of approximately 625 million gallons. The second reservoir, Reservoir 2, was built in 2009, covers about 616 acres, has a water depth of approximately 35 feet, and has a total storage capacity of about 6.0 billion gallons. The PRMRWSA facility ranks as the third largest in the District for total volume storage and supplies water to Charlotte, DeSoto, Manatee and Sarasota counties and to the City of North Port. The facility also uses an aquifer storage recovery (ASR) system for storing treated water pumped from the river. The minimum producible level at Reservoir 1 is Elevation 8.0 feet, while Reservoir 2 is Elevation 27.0 feet.

MANATEE RESERVOIR (Manasota Basin): Completed in 1967 by the damming of the Manatee River, the Manatee Reservoir is the second largest of the six surface-water public supply facilities within the District. Located in Manatee County, this in-stream facility has a storage capacity of 7.5 bg. The service area of the Manatee reservoir is the unincorporated portions of Manatee County, the City of Palmetto and Anna Maria Island, and also the Sarasota SUD#1. This reservoir provides essentially all public supply for Manatee County, with the exception of the City of Bradenton. The total size of this reservoir is 1800 acres with an average depth of 15 feet. With the reservoir full, the facility has approximately 220 days of available water supply. When the surface-water elevation drops below 21.0 feet, water cannot be withdrawn because levels are below the facility's intakes. The permitted average daily withdrawal for this facility is 34.9 mgd, with a permitted peak monthly quantity of 41.9 mgd. The minimum producible level is 21.00 feet.

EVERS RESERVOIR (Manasota Basin): Constructed in 1935 and expanded in 1985, it is located on the Braden River in Manatee County. This is the fifth largest public supply reservoir in the District. Its main service area is the City of Bradenton and approximately 500 customers outside the city. It has a total storage capacity of 1.5 bg. The total size of the facility is 300 acres with an average depth of 12 feet. Water ceases to flow over the dam when the level falls below 3.84 feet NGVD. During the 1985 drought, while expansion of the facility was taking place, the water level dropped to one foot below sea level and demand was still met. Given a completely full reservoir, with no water going over the spillway, it is estimated the facility could supply water for approximately 260 days, with no input from rainfall. The permitted average daily withdrawal for this facility is 6.95 mgd, with a permitted peak monthly quantity of 8.13 mgd. Currently, ground-water wells are not used to augment this facility.

SHELL CREEK RESERVOIR (Peace River Basin): Shell Creek Reservoir, located in Charlotte County, is the sixth largest surface water system within the District. This system was built in 1964 and services the City of Punta Gorda as well as unincorporated areas surrounding the city limits. The Shell Creek Reservoir is fed by two primary tributaries, Shell Creek from the east and Prairie Creek from the northwest. The total drainage area at Hendrickson Dam is 373 square miles. It has a surface area of 800 acres and depths of 10 to 12 feet. Total storage capacity is 765 mg. Even with this low volume of water, personnel at this facility estimate they have approximately 125 days of available supply with no input from rainfall. Water ceases to flow across the weir when surface elevations drop below 5.0 feet NGVD, and at 3.7 feet NGVD water quality becomes a major concern. When surface elevations drop below 1.75 feet NGVD, the water is below the intakes and withdrawal of water is not possible. The permitted average daily withdrawal by this facility is 5.358 mgd, with a permitted peak monthly quantity of 6.901 mgd. The minimum producible level is 1.70 feet.

C.W. BILL YOUNG REGIONAL RESERVOIR - TAMPA BAY WATER (Alafia River Basin): Constructed in early 2005, it is the largest public supply surface water facility in the District. Located in southern Hillsborough County, it is an off-stream reservoir that stores surface water skimmed from the Tampa Bypass Canal and Alafia and Hillsborough Rivers. It services the Tampa Bay region through the Tampa Bay Water regional public supply water distribution system. The reservoir has an estimated storage capacity of 15.0 bg when the water level elevation is 136.5 feet NGVD. The reservoir is approximately 45 feet deep, two miles long and one mile wide, and encompasses a land area of approximately 1,100 acres. It reportedly has the capacity to provide 25 percent of the Tampa Bay region's public supply needs for six months and can supply the Tampa Bay regional surface water treatment plant at full capacity for 227 days.

Reservoirs

Water-level data for the seven reservoirs are obtained weekly from the USGS, Manatee County Utilities Department, Peace River/Manasota Regional Water Supply Authority, or Tampa Bay Water. The last weekly water-level value of the month is indicated in this report. The values reported are provisional and subject to revision.

In May, all seven reservoirs monitored for this report recorded water-level decreases, compared to last month. The Evers, Hillsborough River, Lake Manatee, Bill Young, Peace River Nos. 1 and 2, and Shell Creek reservoirs posted water level decreases of 0.10 foot, 0.75 foot, 0.18 foot, 2.83 feet, 0.80 foot and 2.80 feet, and 0.04 foot, respectively, compared to last month.

SUMMARY OF WATER LEVELS IN WATER SUPPLY RESERVOIRS (ELEVATION IN FEET, NGVD 29)

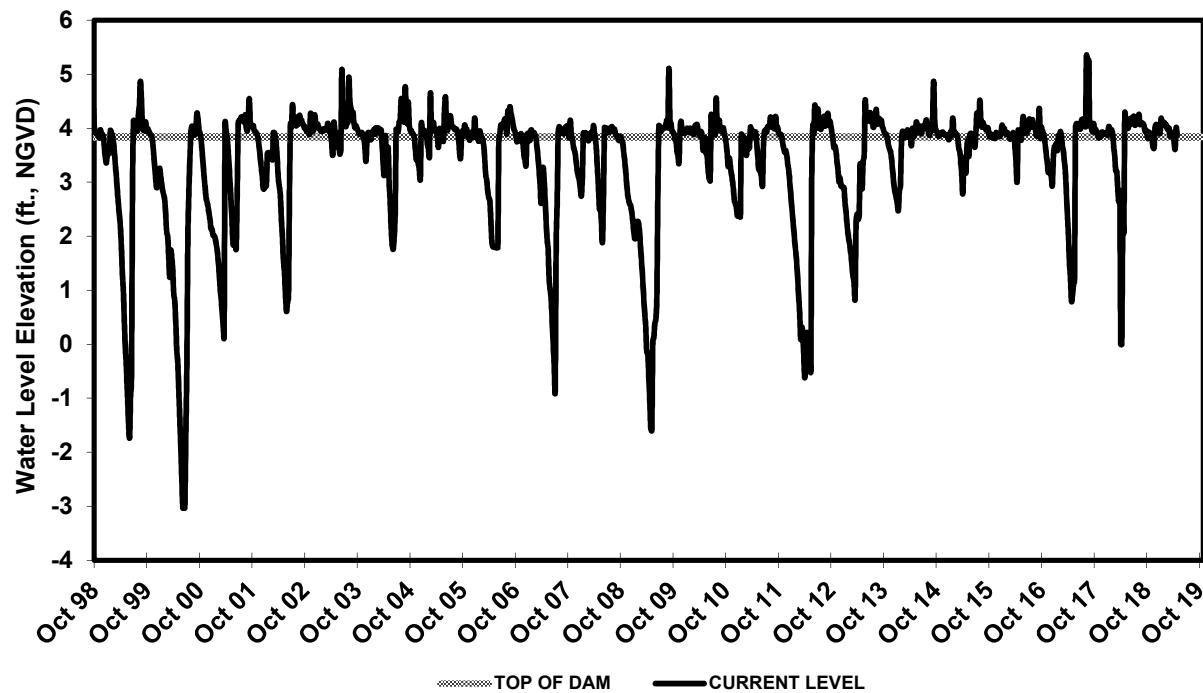
RESERVOIR	2019 April	2019 May	2018 May	Change from Prior Month	Change from Prior Year
Evers					
City of Bradenton	3.74	3.64	4.10	-0.10	-0.46
Hillsborough					
City of Tampa	21.86	21.11	22.62	-0.75	-1.51
Lake Manatee					
Manatee County	39.22	39.04	38.03	-0.18	1.01
C.W. Bill Young Regional					
Tampa Bay Water	134.61	131.78	121.56	-2.83	10.22
Peace River					
PRMRWSA Reservoir #1	25.10	24.30	24.90	-0.80	-0.60
PRMRWSA Reservoir #2	60.10	57.30	53.30	-2.80	4.00
Shell Creek					
City of Punta Gorda	5.11	5.07	5.95	-0.04	-0.88

NGVD - National Geodetic Vertical Datum

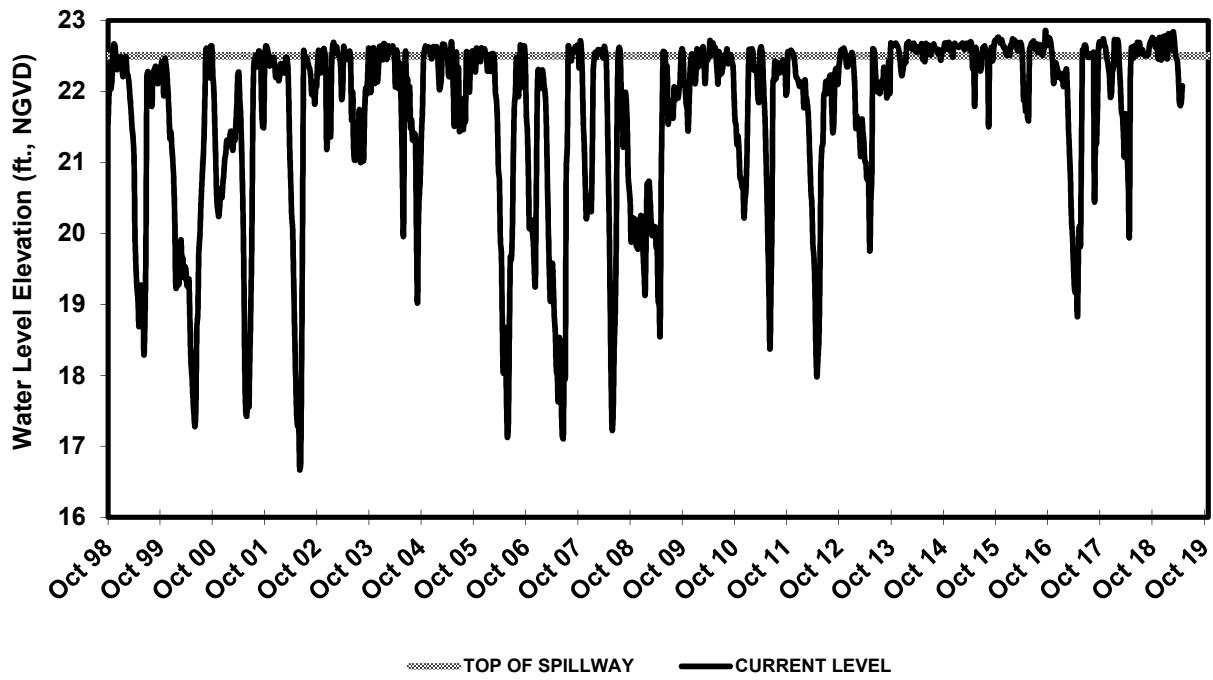
Reported data are provisional and subject to revision.

Compiled by Steven W. DeSmith, P.G.

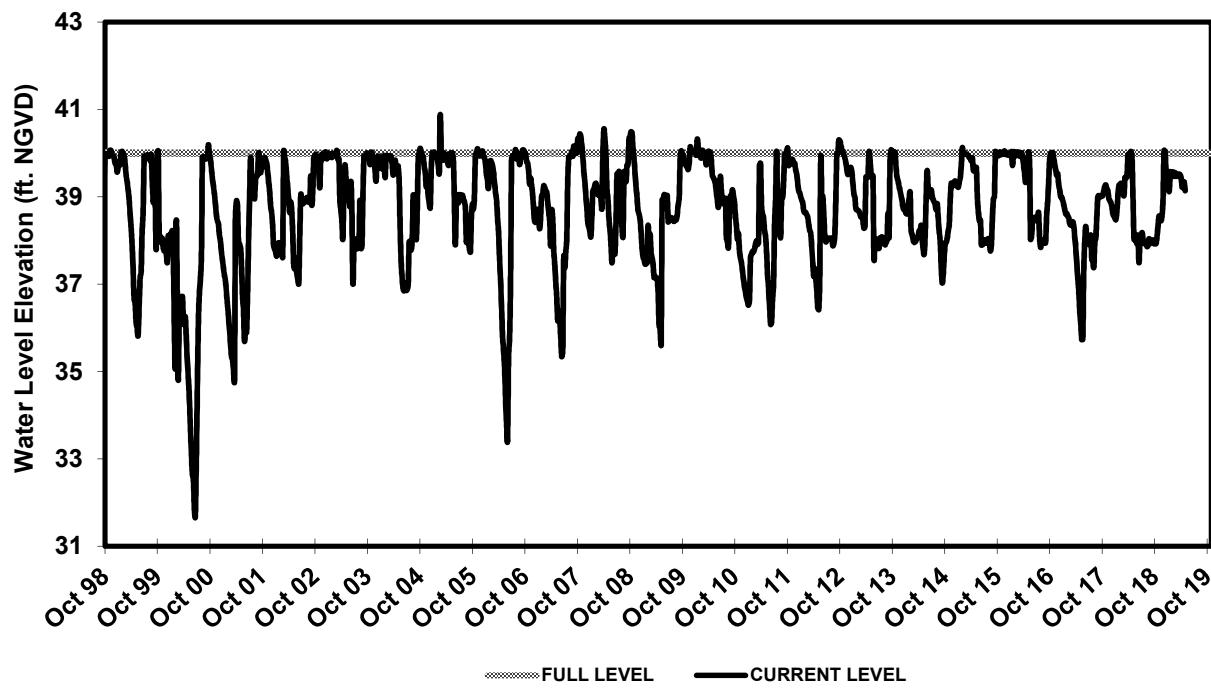
EVERS RESERVOIR
City of Bradenton



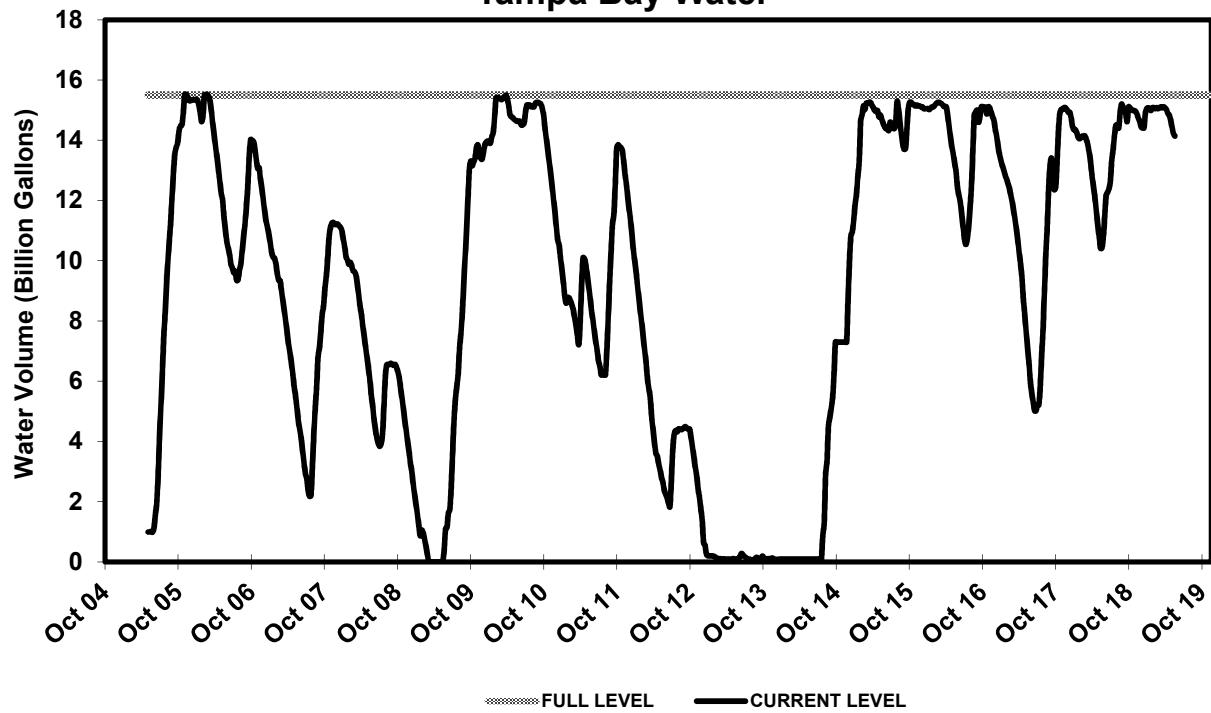
HILLSBOROUGH RESERVOIR
City of Tampa



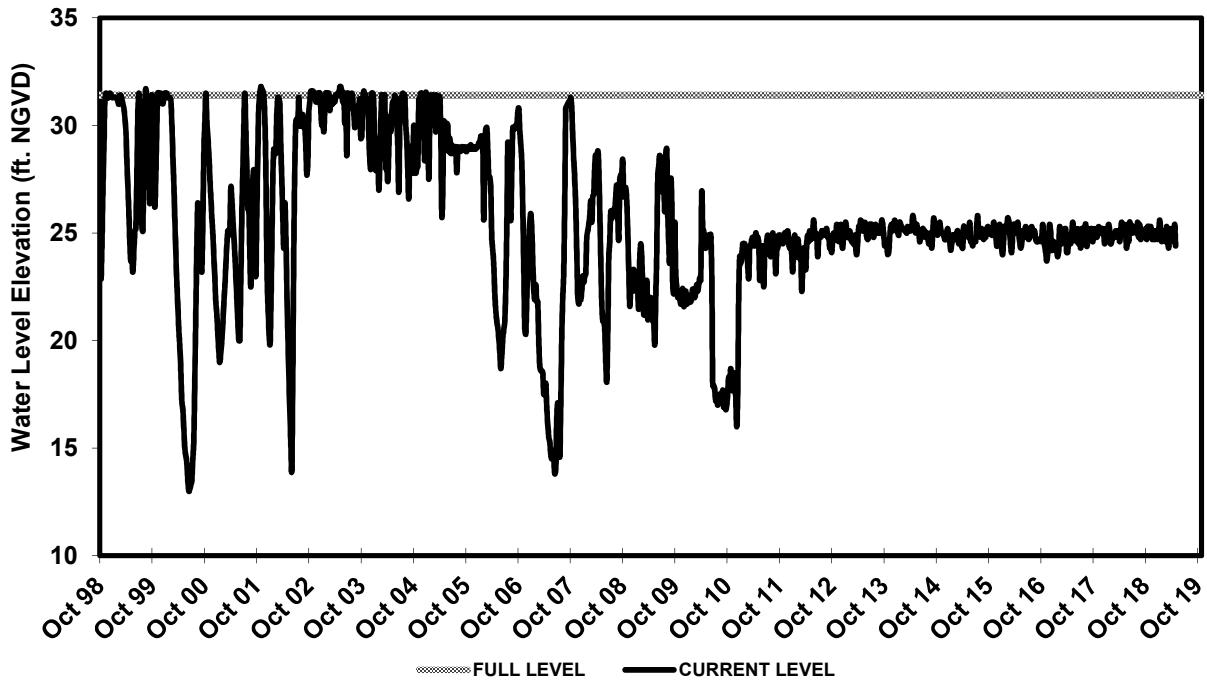
LAKE MANATEE RESERVOIR
Manatee County



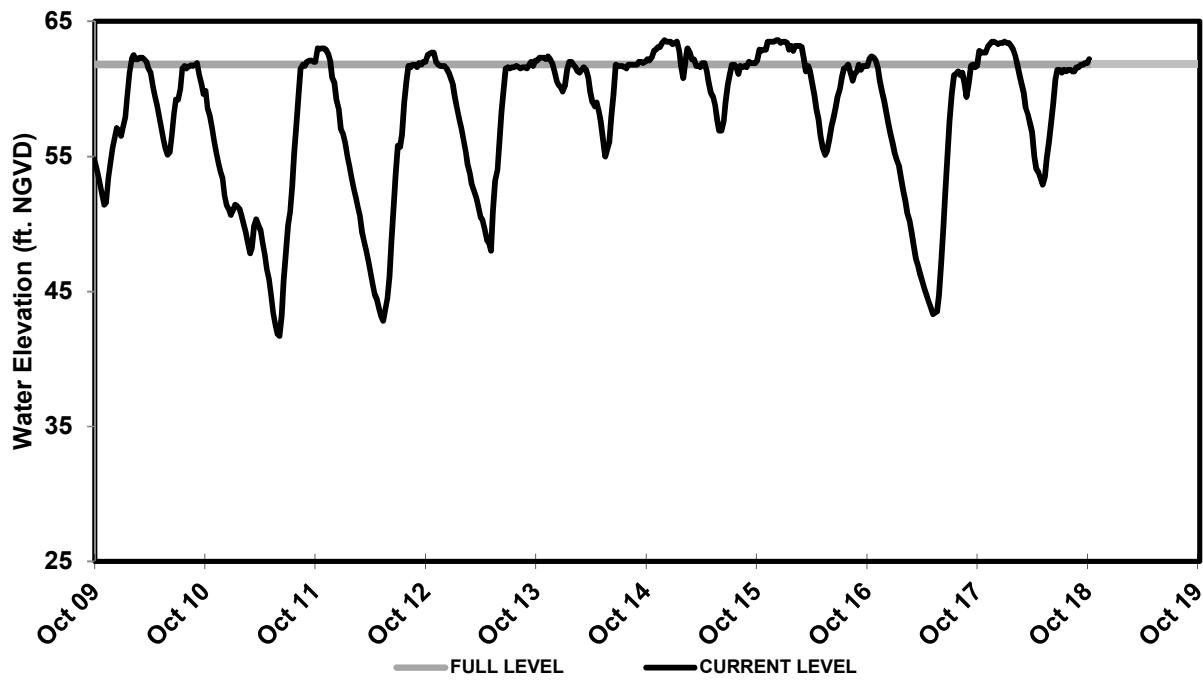
C.W. BILL YOUNG REGIONAL RESERVOIR
Tampa Bay Water



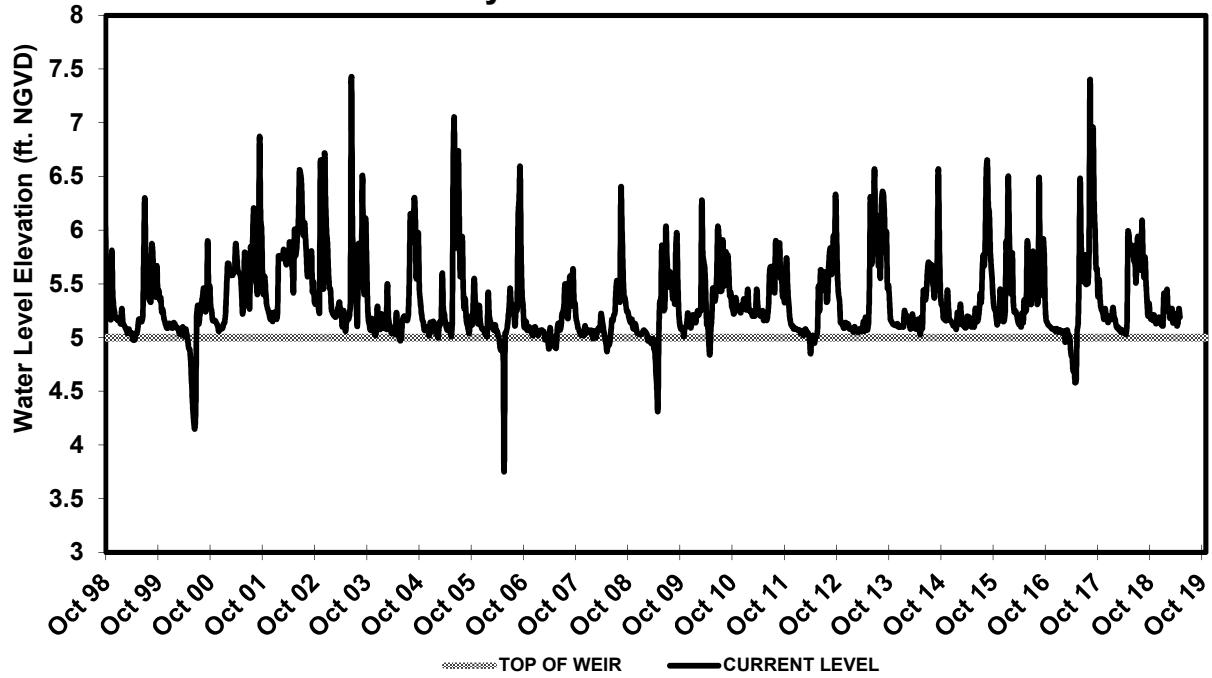
PEACE RIVER RESERVOIR No. 1
Peace/Manasota Reg. Water Supply



PEACE RIVER RESERVOIR No. 2
Peace/Manasota Reg. Water Supply



SHELL CREEK RESERVOIR
City of Punta Gorda



APPENDICES

Rainfall percentiles by interval and region, inches.

Rainfall Interval	Region	10 TH Percentile (P10)	25 TH Percentile (P25)	50 TH Percentile (P50)	75 TH Percentile (P75)	90 TH Percentile (P90)
Annual total	<i>Northern</i>	43.19	48.35	54.01	58.86	63.46
Annual total	<i>Central</i>	41.45	46.10	52.16	57.28	63.82
Annual total	<i>Southern</i>	42.05	46.25	52.19	57.82	63.43
Annual total	<i>District</i>	43.12	47.22	52.99	57.46	62.83
Dry season total	<i>Northern</i>	15.27	18.42	23.79	28.72	32.10
Dry season total	<i>Central</i>	13.32	16.48	21.59	26.86	30.83
Dry season total	<i>Southern</i>	12.35	15.68	21.24	26.23	30.01
Dry season total	<i>District</i>	13.71	16.79	22.02	27.22	29.70
Wet season total	<i>Northern</i>	22.79	25.44	29.45	33.43	38.16
Wet season total	<i>Central</i>	23.22	25.79	29.71	34.86	39.22
Wet season total	<i>Southern</i>	24.37	27.37	30.58	35.88	41.68
Wet season total	<i>District</i>	23.92	27.16	29.97	34.71	38.93
January total	<i>Northern</i>	0.73	1.50	2.45	4.00	5.30
January total	<i>Central</i>	0.72	1.21	2.23	3.72	4.60
January total	<i>Southern</i>	0.39	0.93	1.88	3.31	4.93
January total	<i>District</i>	0.65	1.17	2.10	3.55	4.90
February total	<i>Northern</i>	0.82	1.42	2.82	4.08	5.76
February total	<i>Central</i>	0.60	1.12	2.38	4.17	5.50
February total	<i>Southern</i>	0.36	1.26	2.21	3.63	4.93
February total	<i>District</i>	0.73	1.32	2.38	3.94	5.12
March total	<i>Northern</i>	1.00	2.06	3.15	5.43	7.21
March total	<i>Central</i>	0.97	1.66	2.96	4.95	6.44
March total	<i>Southern</i>	0.81	1.28	2.56	4.29	6.68
March total	<i>District</i>	1.09	1.64	3.04	4.86	6.92
April total	<i>Northern</i>	0.65	1.33	2.38	3.95	5.52
April total	<i>Central</i>	0.51	0.96	1.87	3.44	5.59
April total	<i>Southern</i>	0.48	1.19	2.04	3.75	4.66
April total	<i>District</i>	0.65	1.20	2.24	3.72	5.12
May total	<i>Northern</i>	1.18	1.95	3.21	4.67	6.92
May total	<i>Central</i>	0.87	1.64	2.73	4.58	5.75
May total	<i>Southern</i>	1.17	1.91	3.36	5.22	6.75
May total	<i>District</i>	1.23	2.04	3.24	4.87	6.29
June total	<i>Northern</i>	4.60	5.47	7.27	8.63	10.16
June total	<i>Central</i>	3.65	4.79	6.46	8.27	9.48
June total	<i>Southern</i>	4.22	5.63	7.44	9.06	12.06
June total	<i>District</i>	4.55	5.46	7.24	8.60	10.99
July total	<i>Northern</i>	5.36	6.75	8.29	9.16	11.52
July total	<i>Central</i>	4.89	5.98	8.35	10.05	11.44
July total	<i>Southern</i>	5.68	6.94	8.11	9.50	10.99
July total	<i>District</i>	5.60	6.83	8.19	9.57	10.58
August total	<i>Northern</i>	5.44	6.30	7.31	9.72	11.33
August total	<i>Central</i>	5.52	6.55	7.90	9.62	12.03
August total	<i>Southern</i>	5.55	6.22	7.70	8.97	10.49
August total	<i>District</i>	5.65	6.52	7.70	9.37	10.67
September total	<i>Northern</i>	2.79	4.18	5.84	8.04	11.35
September total	<i>Central</i>	3.19	5.11	6.46	8.50	11.69
September total	<i>Southern</i>	4.30	5.46	6.94	9.33	11.85
September total	<i>District</i>	3.85	5.21	6.53	8.62	11.65
October total	<i>Northern</i>	0.63	1.27	2.46	4.40	6.15
October total	<i>Central</i>	0.69	1.39	2.61	4.03	6.13
October total	<i>Southern</i>	0.92	1.78	2.73	4.27	6.04
October total	<i>District</i>	1.06	1.57	2.80	4.15	5.79

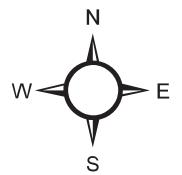
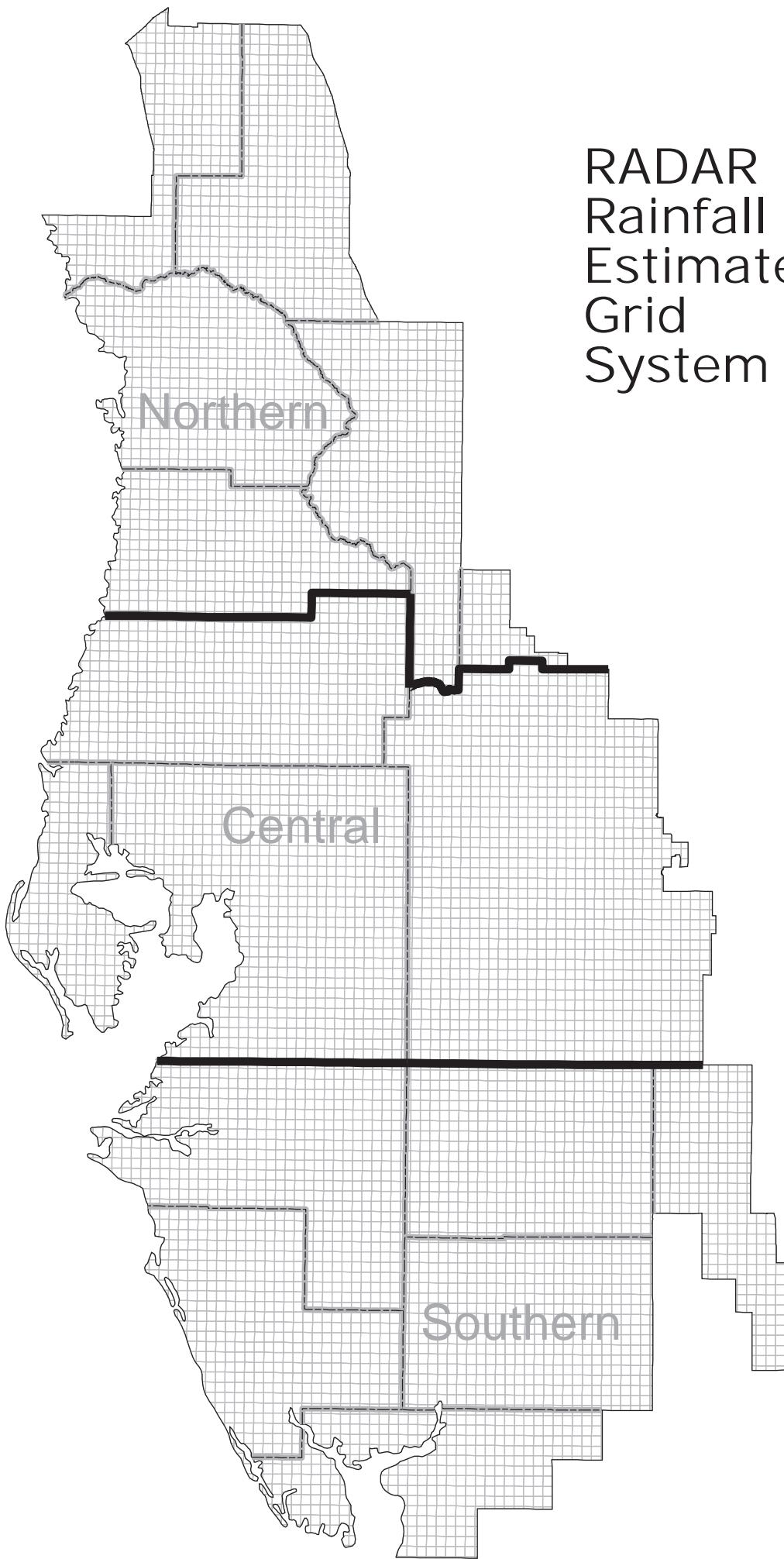
Rainfall percentiles by interval and region, inches (continued).

Rainfall Interval	Region	10 TH Percentile (P10)	25 TH Percentile (P25)	50 TH Percentile (P50)	75 TH Percentile (P75)	90 TH Percentile (P90)
November total	<i>Northern</i>	0.38	0.71	1.63	2.88	4.56
	<i>Central</i>	0.25	0.47	1.42	2.82	4.33
	<i>Southern</i>	0.40	0.64	1.46	2.56	3.82
	<i>District</i>	0.37	0.63	1.53	2.73	4.39
December total	<i>Northern</i>	0.54	1.06	2.06	3.71	5.19
	<i>Central</i>	0.48	0.84	1.89	3.03	4.87
	<i>Southern</i>	0.45	0.77	1.56	2.63	4.18
	<i>District</i>	0.54	0.89	1.86	2.92	4.34

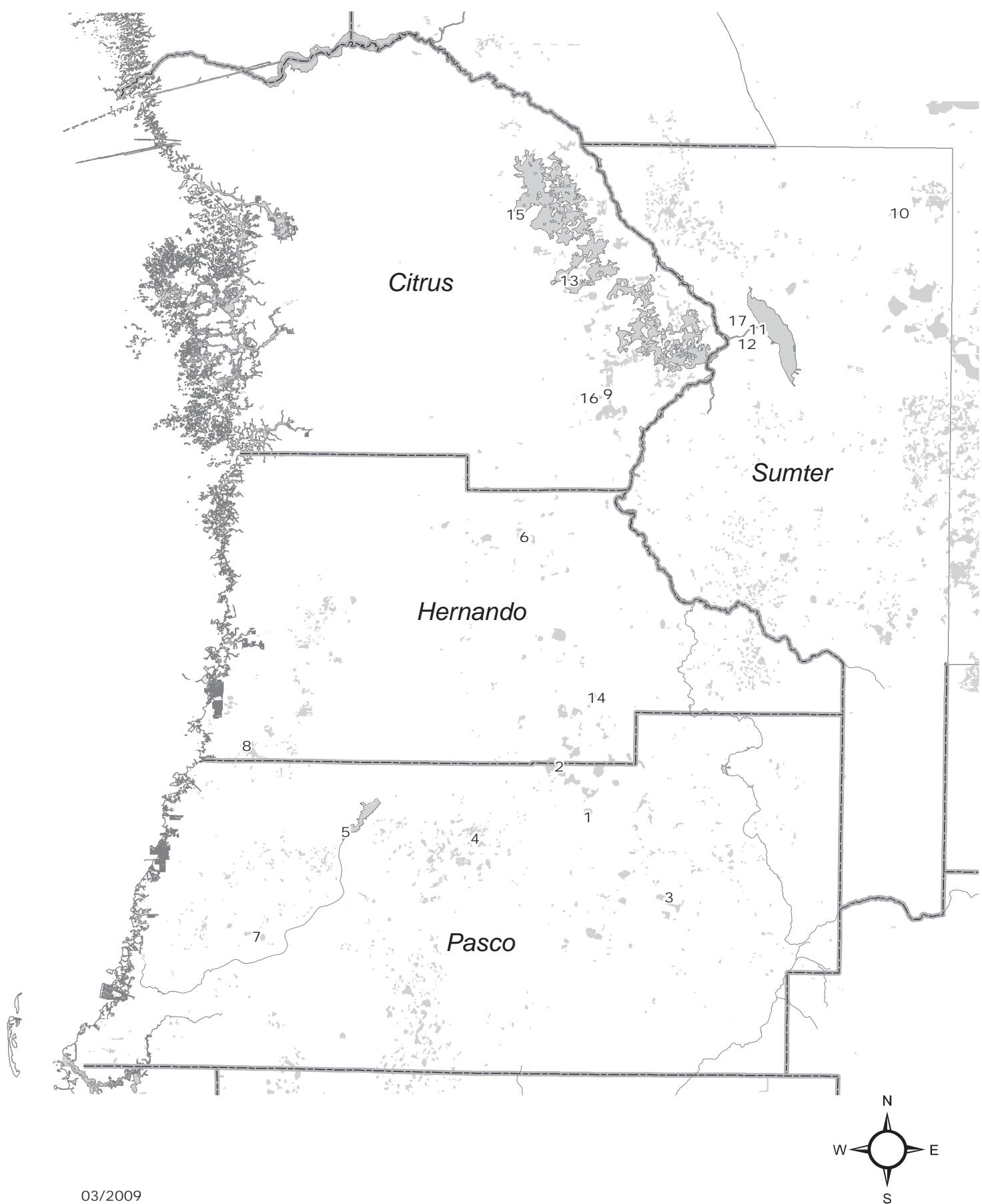
Rainfall characterization ranges

Characterization	Range	Corresponding Rainfall Percent of Normal (approximate)
Very dry	Less than the P10 rainfall	Less than 80 percent of normal
Drier than normal	P10 to P24 rainfall	80 to 90 percent of normal
Normal	P25 to P75 rainfall	90 to 110 percent of normal
Wetter than normal	P76 to P90 rainfall	110 to 120 percent of normal
Very Wet	Greater than the P90 rainfall	Greater than 120 percent of normal

RADAR Rainfall Estimate Grid System

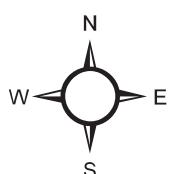
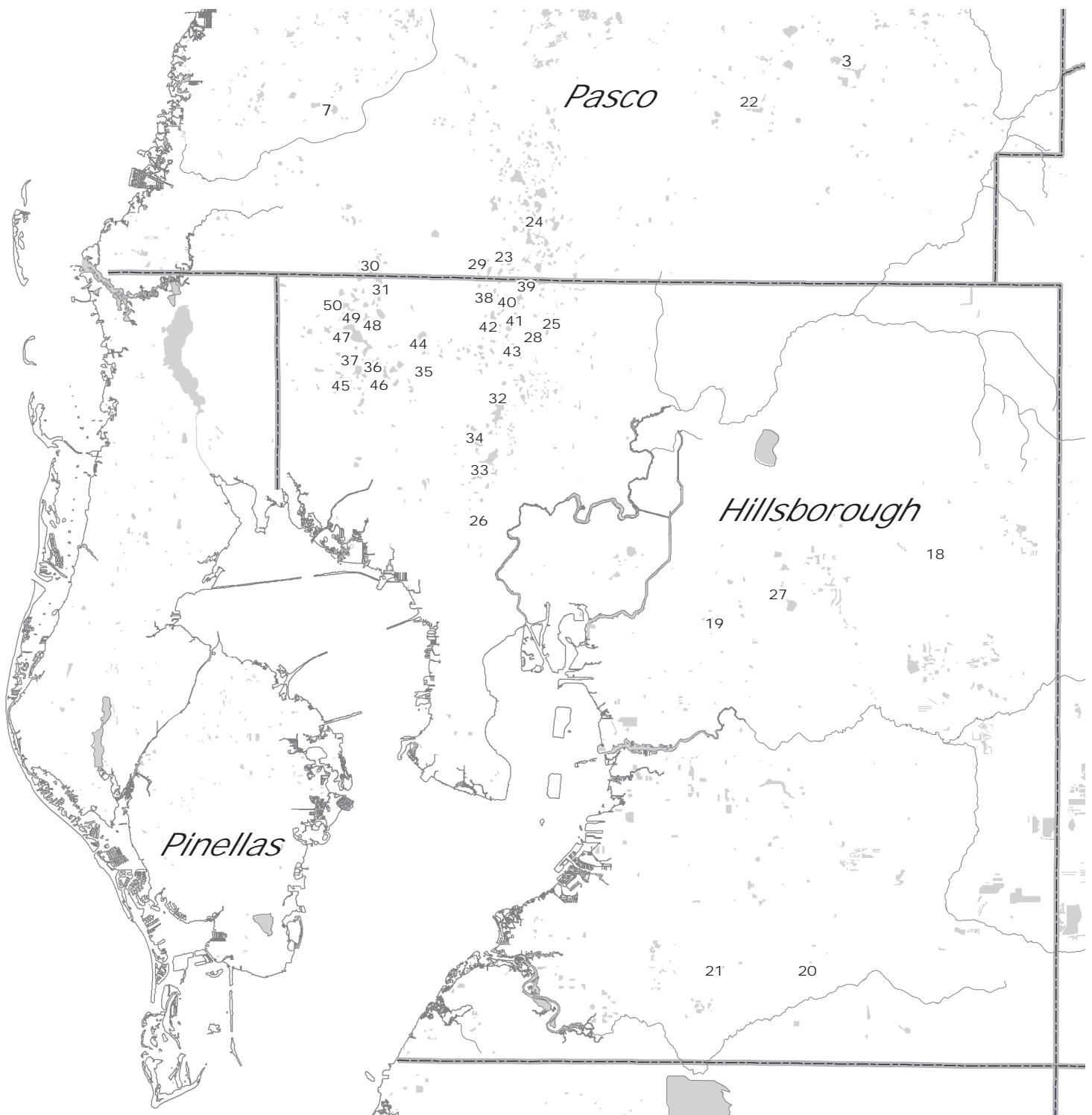


Selected Lake Monitoring Stations Northern Region

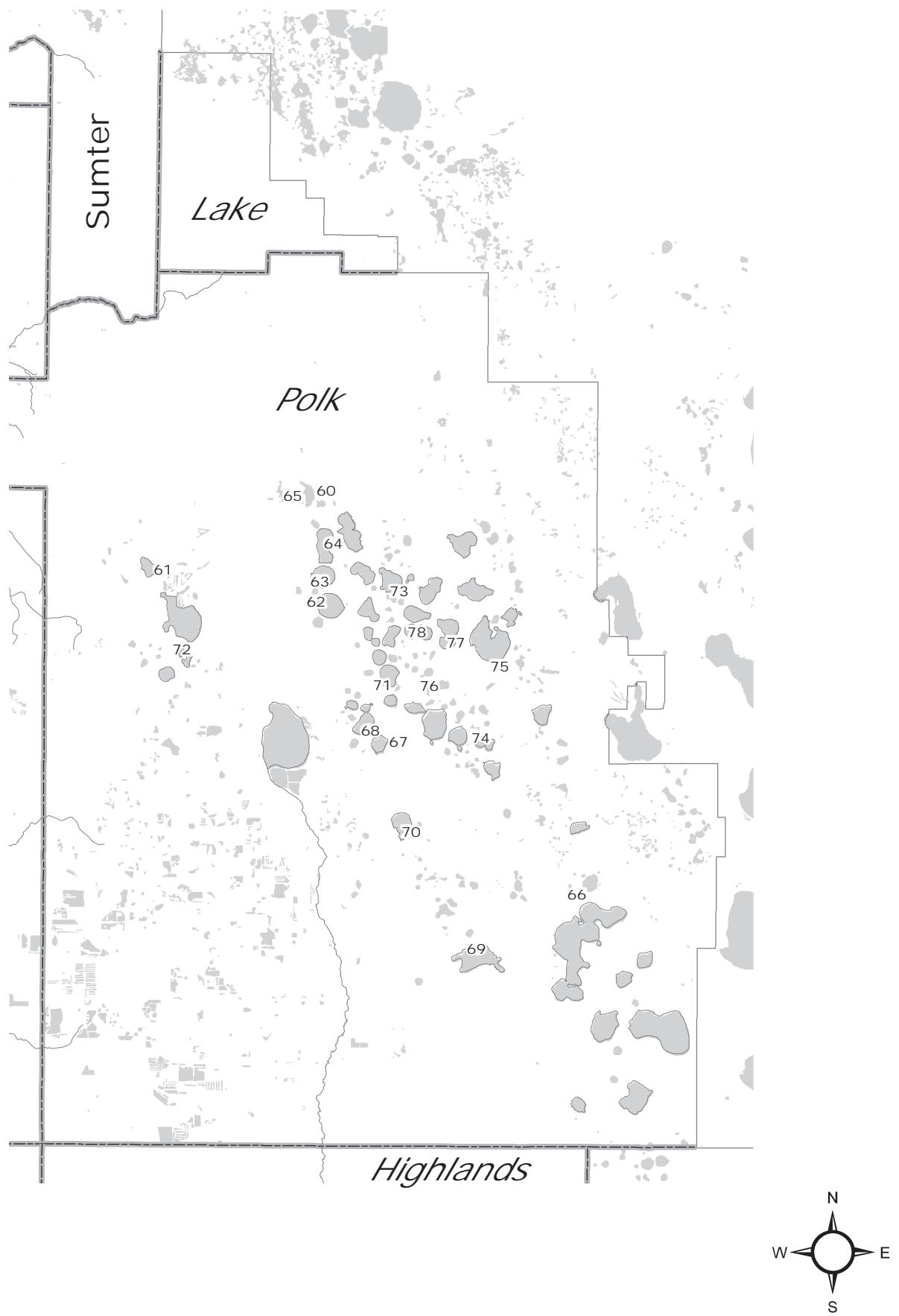


Selected Lake Monitoring Stations

Tampa Bay Region

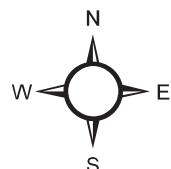
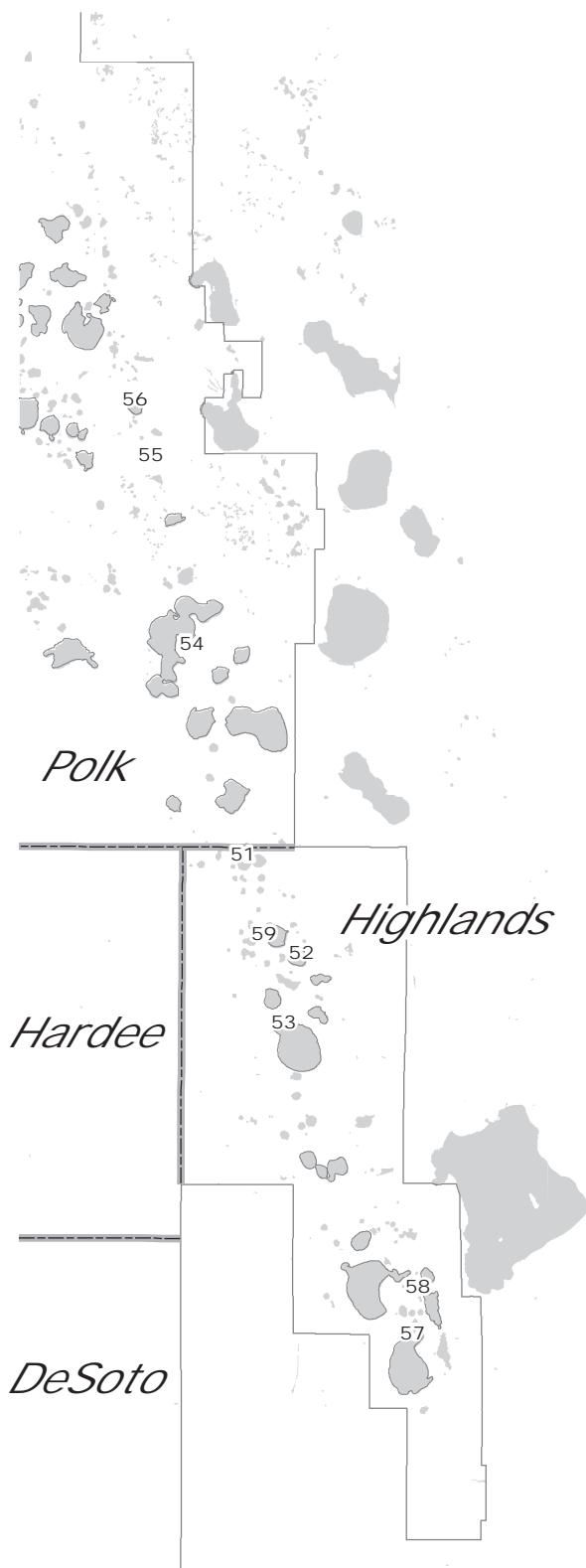


Selected Lake Monitoring Stations Polk Uplands Region



Selected Lake Monitoring Stations

Lake Wales Ridge Region



Selected Lake Monitoring Stations

Northern Region

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
1	Lake Iola
2	Hancock Lake
3	Lake Pasadena
4	Big Fish Lake
5	Crews Lake
6	Lake Lindsey
7	Moon Lake
8	Hunters Lake
9	Tsala Apopka at Floral City
10	Lake Miona
11	Pana Vista Outlet River
12	Outlet River at Panacoochee
13	Tsala Apopka at Inverness
14	Spring Lake
15	Tsala Apopka at Hernando
16	Little Lake (Consuella)
17	Lake Panasoffkee

Tampa Bay Region

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>	<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
18	Mud (Walden) Lake	40	Lake Brooker
19	Gorto Lake	41	Cooper Lake
20	Carlton Lake	42	Lake Thomas
21	Lake Wimauma	43	Brant Lake
22	King Lake near San Antonio	44	Turkey Ford Lake
23	Lake Linda	45	Church Lake
24	Lake Padgett	46	Horse Lake
25	Keene Lake	47	Lake Alice
26	Egypt Lake	48	Lake Calm
27	Long Pond	49	Keystone Lake
28	Lake Stemper	50	Crescent Lake
29	Camp Lake		
30	Lake Ann (Parker)		
31	Lake Hiawatha		
32	Platt Lake		
33	Lake Carroll		
34	Bay Lake		
35	Lake LeClare		
36	Little Lake		
37	Rainbow Lake		
38	Lake Harvey		
39	Deer Lake		

Selected Lake Monitoring Stations

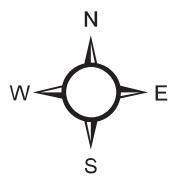
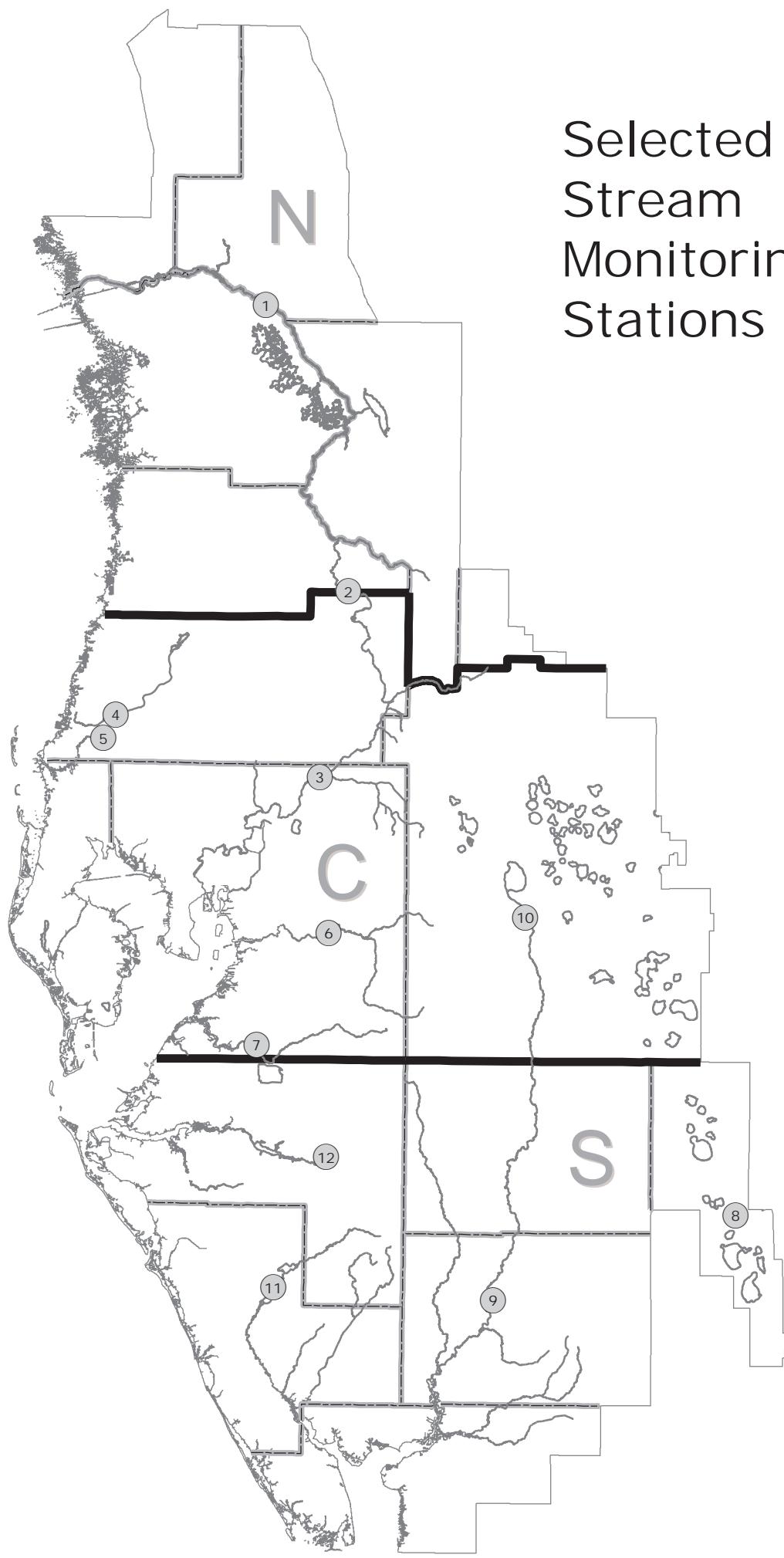
Lake Wales Ridge Region

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
51	Trout Lake
52	Lake Letta
53	Lake Jackson at Sebring
54	Crooked Lake near Babson Park
55	Lake Starr
56	Lake Annie
57	Lake Placid
58	Lake Clay
59	Lake Lotela

Polk Uplands Region

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
60	Lake Helene
61	Lake Gibson
62	Lake Ariana
63	Lake Arietta
64	Lake Julian
65	Clearwater Lake
66	Blue Lake South
67	Lake McLeod
68	Eagle Lake
69	Lake Buffum
70	Lake Garfield
71	Lake Howard
72	Lake Bonny
73	Lake Alfred
74	Lake Ruby
75	Lake Hamilton
76	Lake Otis
77	Lake Fannie
78	Lake Conine

Selected Stream Monitoring Stations



Selected Stream Monitoring Stations

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
1	Withlacoochee River near Holder
2	Withlacoochee River at Trilby
3	Hillsborough River near Zephyrhills
4	Pithlachascotee River near New Port Richey
5	Anclove River near Elfers
6	Alafia River at Lithia
7	Little Manatee River near Wimauma
8	Josephine Creek near DeSoto City
9	Peace River at Arcadia
10	Peace River at Bartow
11	Myakka River near Sarasota
12	Manatee River near Myakka Head

STREAM MONITORING STATIONS

WITHLACOOCHEE RIVER (Northern Region)

Total length: 157 miles
Headwaters: NW Polk and southern Sumter Counties
Elevation: 135 feet
Tributaries: Little Withlacoochee, Big Gant Canal, Jumper Creek, Shady Brook, Outlet River of Lake Panasoffkee, Leslie Heifner Canal, Orange State Canal, Tsala Apopka Outfall Canal and Rainbow Springs.
Mouth: Gulf of Mexico, Citrus County
Average fall: 0.9 feet/mile
Drainage area: 2000 square miles

Holder Station

County: Marion
Period-of-record: 1928
Location: 38 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 1036.3 cfs
Runoff per year: 10.36 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 7096.3 cfs in 04/1960
Min of monthly avg discharge: 111.8 cfs in 07/1992
Drainage area: 1825 square miles

Trilby Station

County: Hernando
Period-of-record: 1928
Location: 93 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 336.3 cfs
Runoff per year: 6.73 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 4254.7 cfs in 09/1933
Min of monthly avg discharge: 6.1 cfs in 07/1992
Drainage area: 570 square miles

ANCLOTE RIVER (Central Region)

Total length: 27.5 miles
Headwaters: South-central Pasco County, west of Land O Lakes
Elevation: 65 feet
Tributaries: South Branch and Hollin Creek
Mouth: Gulf of Mexico, Pasco County
Average fall: 2.4 feet/mile
Drainage area: 113 square miles

Elfers Station

County: Pasco
Period-of-record: 1946
Location: 16 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 65.1 cfs
Runoff per year: 12.20 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 633.8 cfs in 09/1988
Min of monthly avg discharge: 1.4 cfs in 05/1981
Drainage area: 72.5 square miles

HILLSBOROUGH RIVER (Central Region)

Total length: 55 miles
Headwaters: Southeast Pasco County
Elevation: 77 feet
Tributaries: Crystal Springs, Blackwater Creek, Flint Creek, Trout Creek, Cypress Creek, Curiosity Creek and Sulphur Springs
Mouth: Hillsborough Bay
Average fall: 1.4 feet/mile
Drainage area: 690 square miles

Zephyrhills Station

County: Hillsborough
Period-of-record: 1939
Location: 40 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 244.2 cfs
Runoff per year: 15.05 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 2284.5 cfs in 12/1997
Min of monthly avg discharge: 47.1 cfs in 05/1994
Drainage area: 200 square miles

PITHLACHASCOTEE RIVER (Central Region)

Total length: 41 miles
Headwaters: Crews Lake and Masaryktown area in central Pasco and southern Hernando Counties
Elevation: 120 feet
Mouth: Gulf of Mexico
Average fall: 2.9 feet/mile
Drainage area: 191 square miles

New Port Richey Station:

County: Pasco
Period-of-record: 1963
Location: 10.5 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 27.9 cfs
Runoff per year: 2.11 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 329.4 cfs in 09/1988
Min of monthly avg discharge: 0.0 cfs
Drainage area: 180 square miles

ALAFIA RIVER (Central Region)

Total length: 24 miles
Headwaters: Western Polk and eastern Hillsborough Counties
Tributaries: North and South Prongs, Lithia Springs, and Buckhorn Creek.
Elevation: 30 feet
Mouth: Tampa Bay
Average fall: 1.5 feet/mile
Drainage area: 420 square miles

Lithia Station:

County: Hillsborough
Period-of-record: 1932
Location: 16 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 339.7 cfs
Runoff per year: 13.59 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 4185.4 cfs in 09/1933
Min of monthly avg discharge: 13.0 cfs in 05/1945
Drainage area: 335 square miles

LITTLE MANATEE RIVER (Central Region)

Total length: 39 miles
Headwaters: Southeast Hillsborough County
Tributaries: Carlton Branch, the South Fork, Dug Creek and Cypress Creek.
Elevation: 130 feet
Mouth: Tampa Bay
Average fall: 3.4 feet/mile
Drainage area: 225 square miles

Wimauma Station:

County: Hillsborough
Period-of-record: 1939
Location: 15 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 171.4 cfs
Runoff per year: 15.68 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 1443.7 cfs in 07/1945
Min of monthly avg discharge: 3.8 cfs in 05/45
Drainage area: 149 square miles

JOSEPHINE CREEK (Southern Region)

Total length: 12 miles
Headwaters: Lake Josephine in central Highlands County
Elevation: 80 feet
Mouth: Lake Istokpoga in Highlands County
Average fall: 3.5 feet/mile
Drainage area: 143 square miles

DeSoto City Station:

County: Highlands
Period-of-record: 1946
Location: 4.9 miles upstream of mouth
Avg daily discharge: 74.2 cfs
Runoff per year: 8.90 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 769.9 cfs in 09/1960
Min of monthly avg discharge: 1.1 cfs in 05/56
Drainage area: 109 square miles

MANATEE RIVER (Southern Region)

Total length: 45 miles
Headwaters: Four corners area Hillsborough, Polk, Hardee and manatee Counties.
Elevation: 130 feet
Mouth: Tampa Bay
Average fall: 2.9 feet/mile
Drainage area: 330 square miles

Myakka Head Station:

County: Manatee
Period-of-record: 1966
Location: 36 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 69.6 cfs
Runoff per year: 14.62 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 529.7 cfs in 09/1994
Min of monthly avg discharge: 0.5 cfs in 04/75
Drainage area: 65.3 square miles

MYAKKA RIVER (Southern Region)

Total length: 54.1 miles
Headwaters: Western Hardee and Eastern Manatee Counties
Tributaries: Howard Creek, Deer Prairie, and Big Slough Canal
Elevation: 105 feet
Mouth: Charlotte Harbor
Average fall: 1.9 feet/mile
Drainage area: 540 square miles

Sarasota Station:

County: Sarasota
Period-of-record: 1936
Location: 36 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 250.5 cfs
Runoff per year: 15.03 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 2467.2 cfs in 09/1947
Min of monthly avg discharge: 0.0 cfs numerous times
Drainage area: 229 square miles

PEACE RIVER (Central and Southern Region)

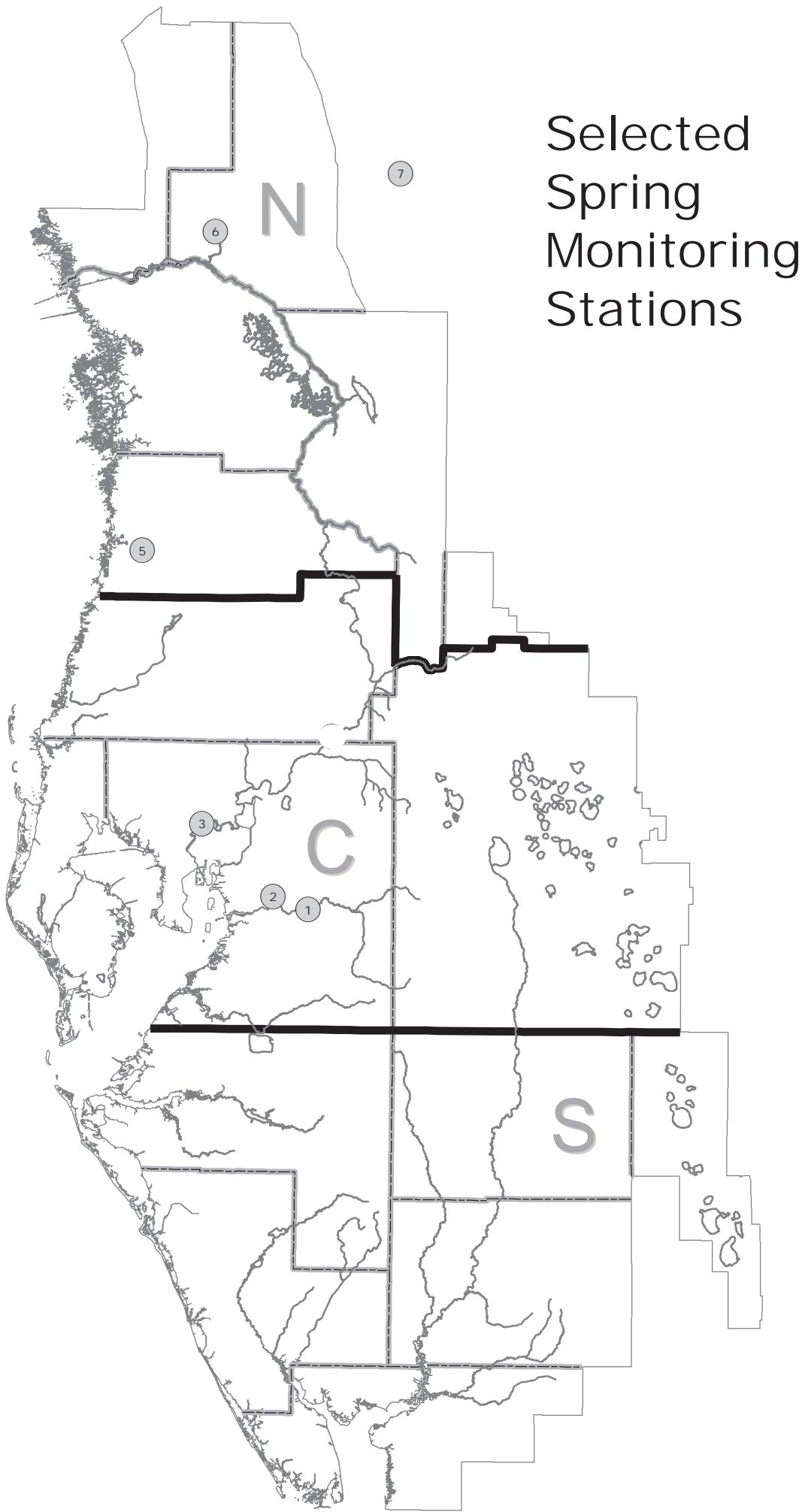
Total length: 120 miles
Headwaters: Green Swamp in northern Polk County through Lake Hancock, Winter Haven chain of lakes, and Lake Hamilton.
Tributaries: Peace Creek Canal, Saddle Creek, Charlie Creek, Prairie Creek, Horse Creek, Joshua Creek and Shell Creek. Elevation: 110 feet
Mouth: Charlotte Harbor
Average fall: 1 feet/mile
Drainage area: 2300 square miles

Arcadia Station (Southern Region):

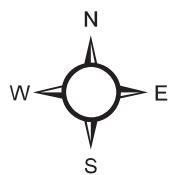
County: Desoto
Period-of-record: 1931
Location: 36 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 1078.9 cfs
Runoff per year: 10.79 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 9876.0 cfs in 09/1933
Min of monthly avg discharge: 51.6 cfs 05/85
Drainage area: 1367 square miles

Bartow Station (Central Region):

County: Polk
Period-of-record: 1939
Location: 105 miles upstream from mouth
Avg daily discharge: 224.1 cfs
Runoff per year: 6.72 inches
Max of monthly avg discharge: 2261.5 cfs in 09/1960
Min of monthly avg discharge: 6.4 cfs 05/90
Drainage area: 390 square miles



Selected Spring Monitoring Stations



Selected Spring Monitoring Stations

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
1	Lithia Main Spring
2	Buckhorn Main Spring
3	Sulphur Springs at Sulphur Springs
5	Weeki Wachee River near Brooksville
6	Rainbow Springs near Dunnellon
7	Silver Springs near Ocala

SPRINGS MONITORING STATIONS

RAINBOW SPRINGS (Northern Region)

County:	Marion
Basin:	Withlacoochee River
Magnitude:	1 st
Discharge measurement location:	5 mi downstream from head of springs
Discharge contributes to:	Rainbow River, Withlacoochee River
Public Access:	Yes
Period-of-record:	1965
Gage:	Non-recording gage
Maximum daily mean:	1061 cfs in 09/1988
Minimum daily mean:	489 cfs in 06/2000

SILVER SPRINGS (Northern Region)

County:	Marion
Basin:	Ocklawaha River
Magnitude:	1 st
Discharge measurement location:	4 to 5 mi downstream from head of springs
Discharge contributes to:	Silver Springs River, Ocklawaha River, St. Johns River
Public Access:	Yes
Period-of-record:	1932
Gage:	Water-stage recorder
Maximum daily mean:	1290 cfs in 10/1960
Minimum daily mean:	432 cfs in 07/2000

WEEKI WACHEE SPRINGS (Northern Region)

County:	Hernando
Basin:	Coastal Rivers
Magnitude:	1 st
Discharge measurement location:	1 mi downstream from head of springs
Discharge contributes to:	Weeki Wachee River
Public Access:	Yes
Period-of-record:	1993
Gage:	Water-stage
Maximum daily mean:	229 cfs in 03/1998
Minimum daily mean:	101 cfs in 06/1994

SULPHUR SPRINGS (Central Region)

County:	Hillsborough
Basin:	Hillsborough River
Magnitude:	2 nd
Discharge measurement location:	300 ft downstream from gage
Discharge contributes to:	Hillsborough River
Public Access:	Yes
Period-of-record:	1956
Gage:	Water-stage recorder
Maximum daily mean:	145 cfs in 03/1960
Minimum daily mean:	0 cfs for various days throughout the period-of-record

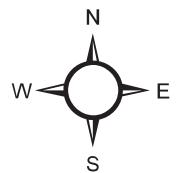
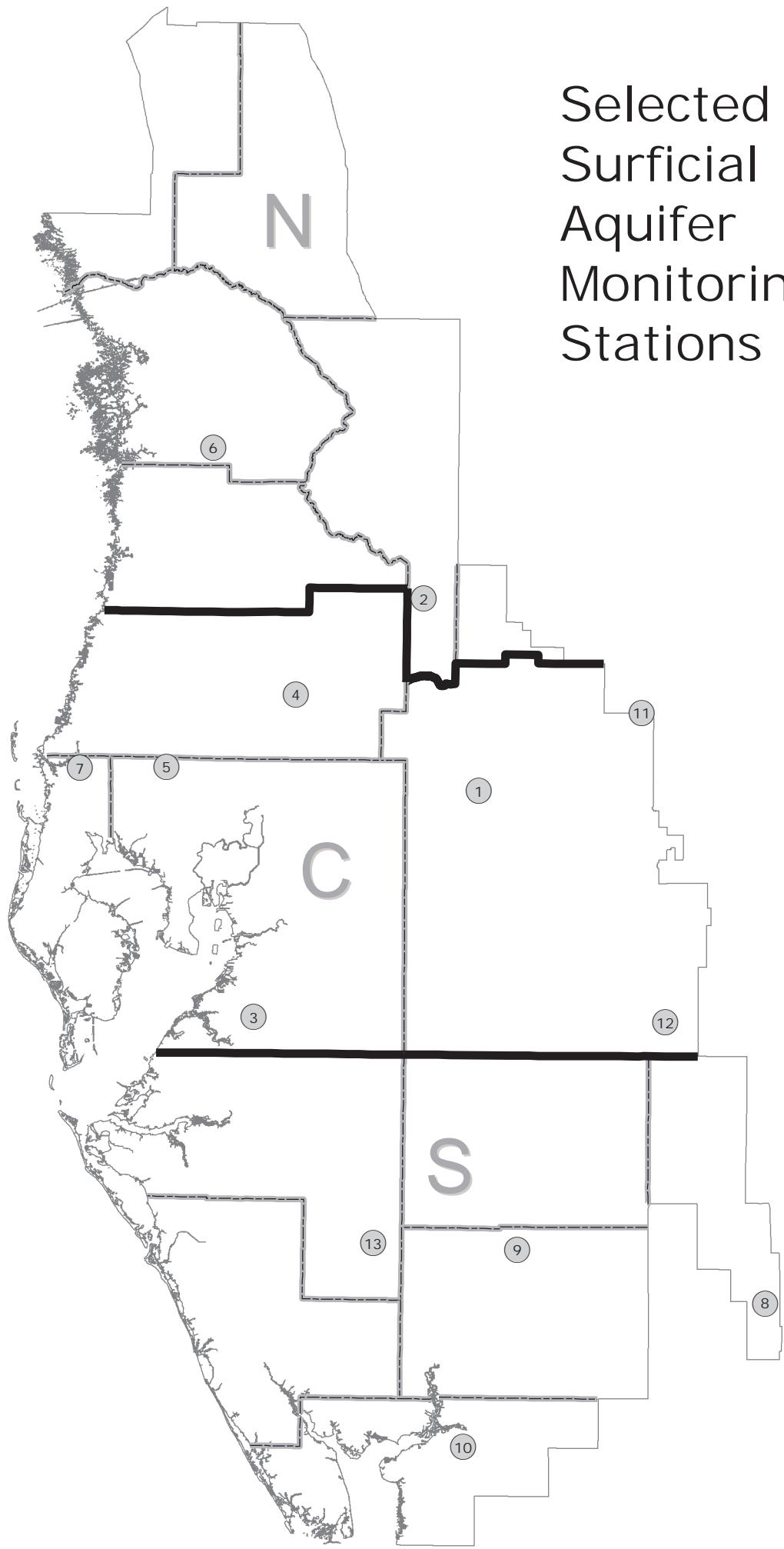
BUKHORN SPRINGS (Central Region)

County:	Hillsborough
Basin:	Alafia River
Magnitude:	2 nd
Discharge measurement location:	Difference between discharge measurements of Buckhorn Creek made 25 ft upstream from and 100 ft downstream from Buckhorn Springs
Discharge contributes to:	Buckhorn Creek, Alafia River
Public Access:	No
Period-of-record:	1987
Gage:	Water-stage recorder
Maximum daily mean:	21.9 cfs in 02/1989
Minimum daily mean:	2.7 cfs in 06/1987

LITHIA SPRINGS: (Central Region)

County:	Hillsborough
Basin:	Alafia River
Magnitude:	2 nd
Discharge measurement location:	50 feet downstream from main pool
Discharge contributes to:	Alafia River
Public Access:	Yes
Period-of-record:	1934
Gage:	Water-stage recorder
Maximum daily mean:	83.4 cfs in 10/1967
Minimum daily mean:	6.3 cfs in 02/1989

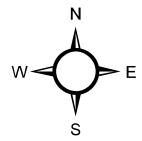
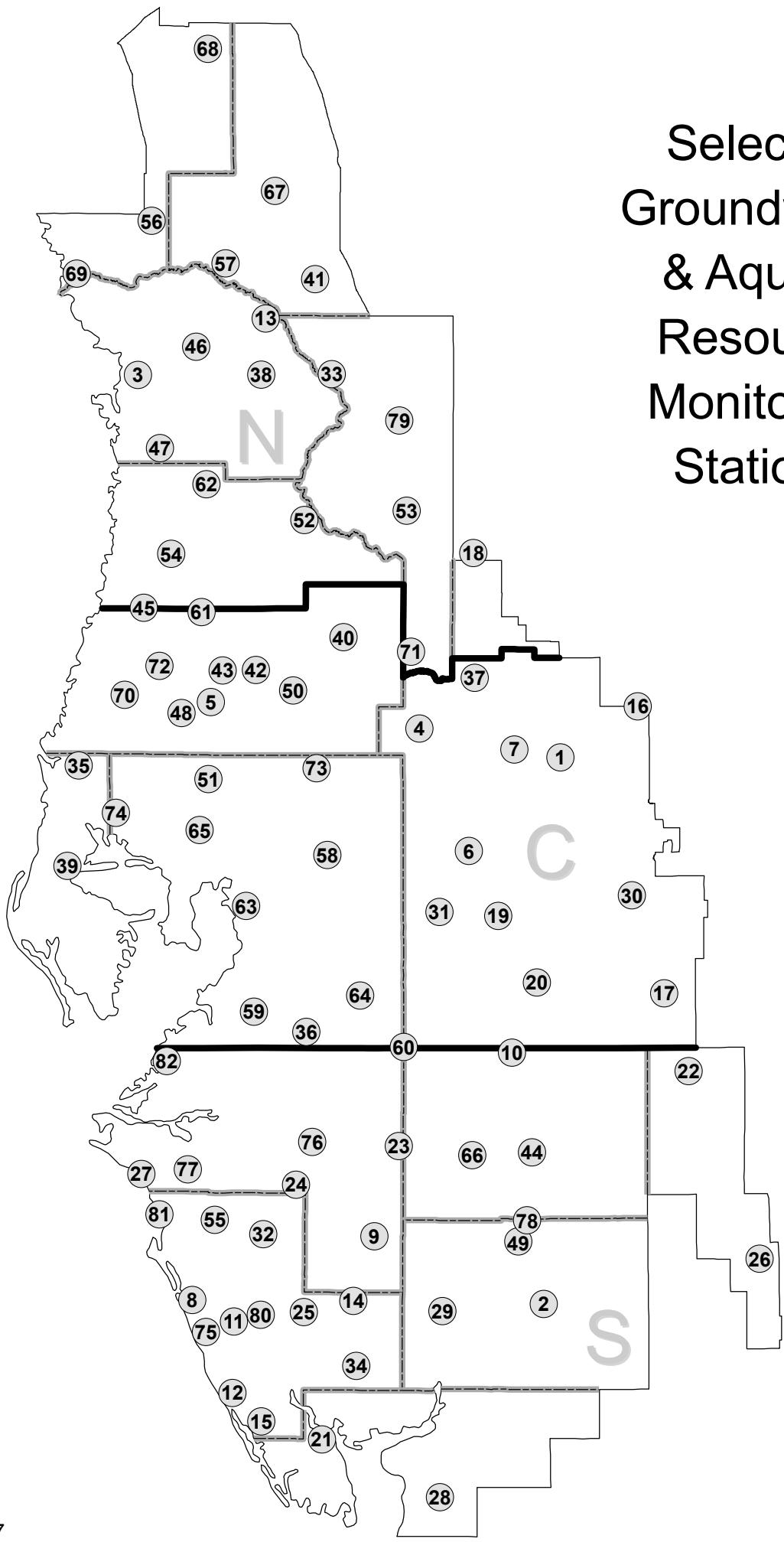
Selected Surficial Aquifer Monitoring Stations



Selected Surficial Aquifer Monitoring Stations

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
1	State Road 33/Combee Road Shallow
2	Green Swamp L12B Shallow
3	ROMP 50 Surficial
4	State Road 577 Shallow
5	Lutz-Lake Fern Shallow
6	Lecanto 2 Shallow
7	Tarpon Road Shallow
8	Bairs Den Surficial
9	ROMP 26 Surficial
10	State Road 74 (77-Foot) Shallow
11	Loughman Shallow
12	USGS P-48 Shallow
13	Edgeville 4 Shallow

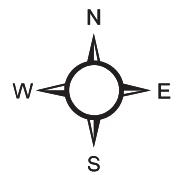
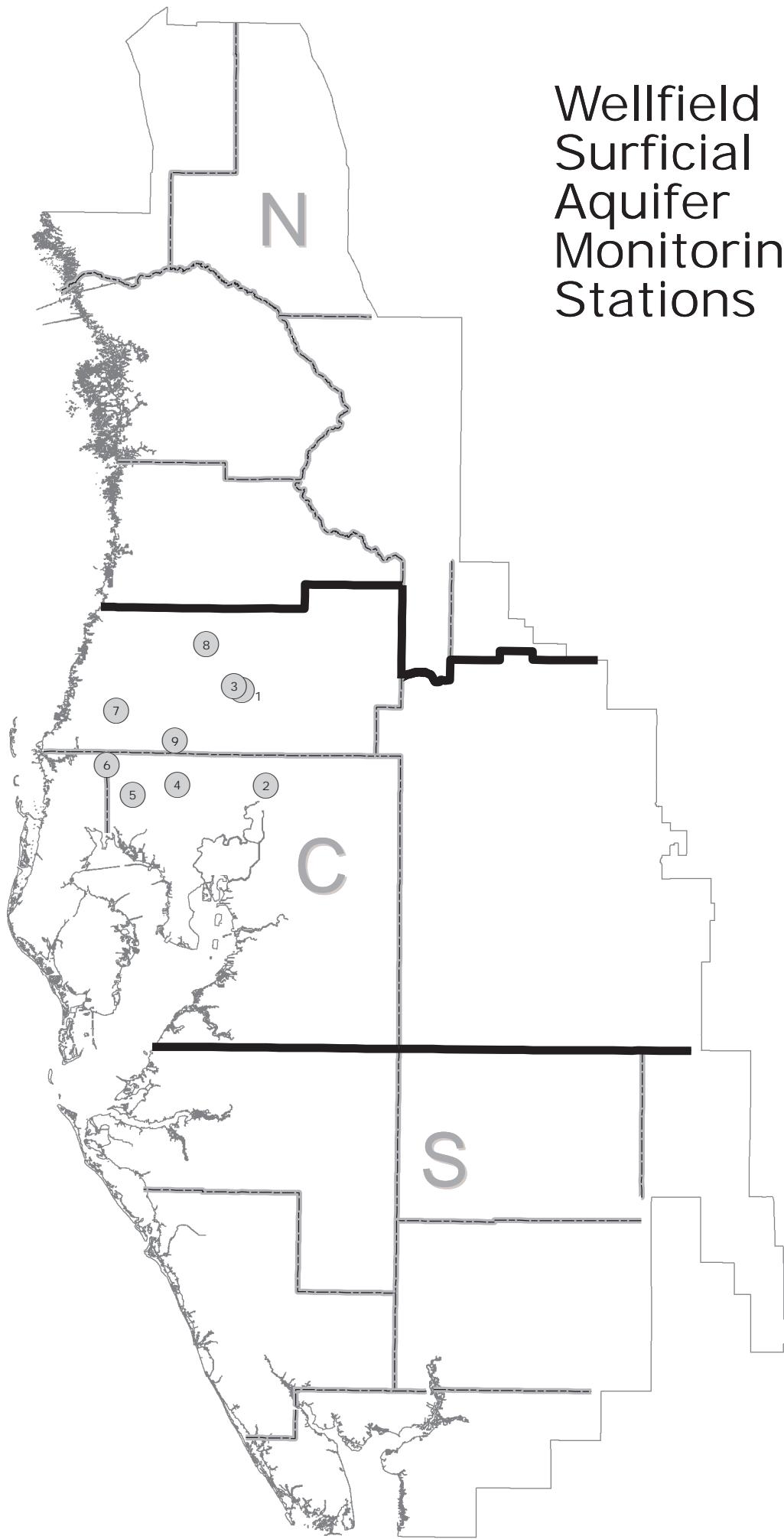
Selected Groundwater & Aquifer Resource Monitoring Stations



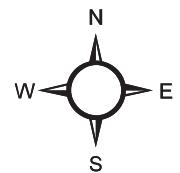
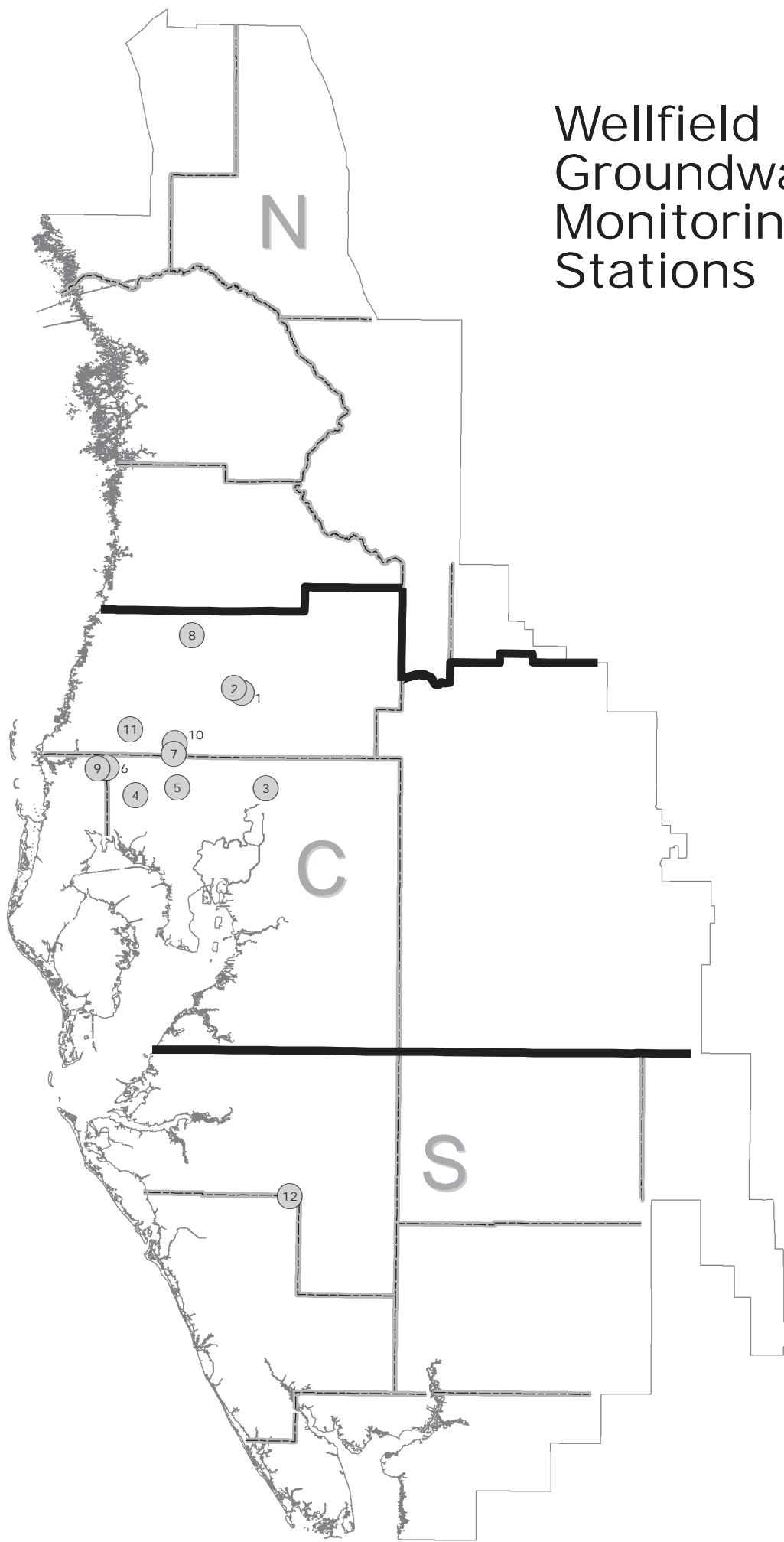
Select Groundwater & Aquifer Resource Monitoring Stations

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>	<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
1	Lake Alfred Deep nr Lake Alfred	49	ROMP 26 U Fldn Aq Monitor
2	ROMP 16 U Fldn Aq Monitor	50	SR 577 Deep
3	ROMP TR 21-2 U Fldn Aq Chloride Monitor	51	Debucl Road Deep
4	ROMP 87 U Fldn Aq (Avpk) Monitor	52	ROMP 103 U Fldn Aq Monitor
5	Pasco 13 nr Drexel Fldn	53	Webster City Fldn
6	Sanlon Ranch Fldn	54	Weeki Wachee Fldn Repl
7	ROMP 76 U Fldn Aq Monitor	55	Sarasota Service Office U Fldn Aq Monitor
8	ROMP 20 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor	56	Tidewater 1 Fldn
9	Edgeville 3 Deep	57	CE 14 Dunnellon Deep
10	Cargill FA-1 Fldn	58	DV-1 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor
11	ROMP TR 5-2 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor	59	ROMP 50 U Fldn Aq (Avpk) Chloride Monitor
12	Manasota 14 Deep	60	ROMP 40 U Fldn Aq Monitor
13	ROMP 116 U Fldn Aq Monitor	61	Masaryktown Deep
14	Big Slough Deep	62	ROMP 107 U Fldn Aq Monitor
15	Englewood 14 Deep	63	ROMP TR 10-2 U Fldn Aq Monitor
16	Loughman Deep	64	ROMP 48 U Fldn Aq (Tampa/Swnn) Monitor
17	Coley Deep	65	ROMP 66 U Fldn Aq Monitor
18	Mascotte Deep (L-0062)	66	ROMP 31 U Fldn Aq Monitor
19	ROMP 59 U Fldn Aq Interface Monitor	67	ROMP 120 U Fldn Aq Monitor
20	ROMP 45 U Fldn Aq (Avpk) Monitor	68	ROMP 134 U Fldn Aq (Ocal-Avpk-Oldm) Monitor
21	ROMP TR 3-1 U Fldn Aq Monitor	69	ROMP TR 124 U Fldn Aq Monitor (Avpk) 2
22	ROMP 43XX U Fldn Aq Monitor	70	Moon Lake Deep
23	ROMP 32 U Fldn Aq (Avpk) Monitor	71	ROMP 89 U Fldn Aq Monitor
24	Verna Test 0-1	72	SR 52 Deep West nr Fivay Junction
25	ROMP 19X U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor	73	Hillsborough River State Park Parking Lot Deep
26	ROMP 28X U Fldn Aq Monitor	74	ROMP TR 13-3 U Fldn Aq Monitor
27	ROMP TR 7-1 L Arca Aq Interface Monitor	75	ROMP TR 5-1 U Fldn Aq Sulfate Monitor
28	ROMP TR 1-2 U Fldn Aq Monitor	76	Kibler Deep
29	ROMP 17 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor	77	ROMP TR 7-4 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor
30	ROMP 58 U Fldn Aq Monitor	78	Marshall Deep (USGS)
31	ROMP 60 U Fldn Aq (Avpk) Monitor Repl	79	ROMP 111 U Fldn Aq Monitor
32	ROMP 22 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor	80	ROMP 19 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor
33	Sumter 13 JC 59 Up Fldn Repl	81	ROMP TR SA-1 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor
34	ROMP 9 U Fldn Aq (Swnn) Monitor	82	Florida Power Fldn at Piney Point
35	Tarpon Road Deep		
36	ROMP 123 Htrn As/U Fldn Aq Monitor		
37	ROMP 88 U Fldn Aq Monitor		
38	Inverness DOT Fldn		
39	Pinellas 665 Fldn		
40	Lykes Pasco Fldn		
41	ROMP 119 U Fldn Aq Sulfate Monitor		
42	SR 52 And CR 581 Deep		
43	ROMP 93 U Fldn Aq Monitor		
44	ROMP 30 U Fldn Aq Monitor		
45	ROMP 97 U Fldn Aq Monitor		
46	North Lecanto Deep		
47	Chassahowitzka 1 Deep		
48	Bexley 2 Fldn		

Wellfield Surficial Aquifer Monitoring Stations



Wellfield Groundwater Monitoring Stations



Wellfield Groundwater Monitoring Stations

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
1	Cypress Creek TMR-1 Deep
2	Cypress Creek TMR-3 Deep
3	Morris Bridge 3A Floridan
4	Cosme 3 Floridan
5	St. Pete Hillsboro 13 Deep
6	Eldridge-Wilde 11 Floridan
7	St. Pete 42 Deep
8	Cross Bar WRW Floridan
9	Eldridge-Wilde 2S Deep
10	State Road 54 Deep
11	Starkey Regional Floridan
12	Verna 08 Deep

Wellfield Surficial Aquifer Monitoring Stations

<u>Map ID</u>	<u>Site Name</u>
1	Cypress Creek TMR-1 Shallow
2	Morris Bridge 3A Surficial
3	Cypress Creek TMR-3 Shallow
4	St. Pete Hillsboro 13 Shallow
5	St. Pete IC-6 Shallow
6	Eldridge-Wilde 11 Surficial
7	Starkey 707 Shallow
8	Cross Bar SERW Shallow
9	State Road 54 Shallow

Reservoir Locations

