Welcome to the 19th Annual Wetland Assessment Procedure (WAP) Workshop!

Southwest Florida Water Management District

Instructors

Water Use Permitting

- Madison Frazier
- Tammy Plazak
- Francisco Faria

Environmental
Flows and Levels

TJ Venning

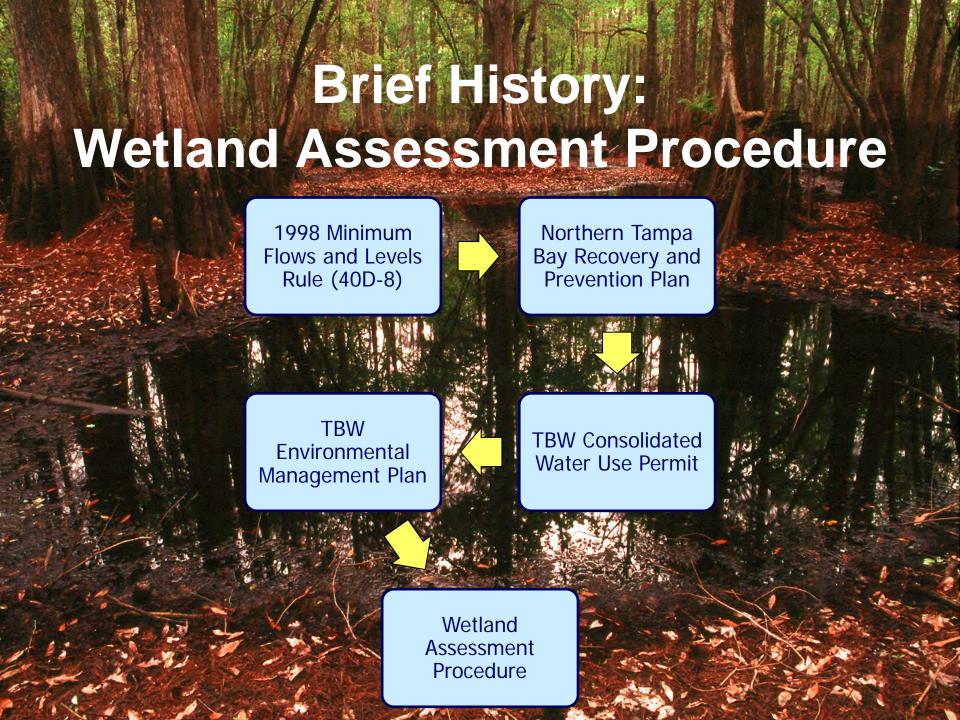
Earth Resources

Karen Hill





Objective: Collect information on vegetation, hydrology, soils, etc. in monitored wetlands to accurately characterize ongoing biological condition & health of each wetland



Original WAP Methodology (2000-2004)

- TBW evaluated 360 wetlands in Northern Tampa Bay
- District evaluated 150 wetlands
- 57 wetlands were assessed by both
- Assessments in the Spring and Fall each year

WAP Methodology Assessment (2002)

- Data collected from 2000 to 2002 was evaluated
- Results were compared from the 57 sites assessed by both TBW and the District
- Several inconsistencies were identified:
 - Variable transect set ups
 - Wetland plant zonation variable between assessors
 - Scoring system applied differently
 - Understanding of wetland history variable between assessors
 - Soil monitoring instructions interpreted differently

Revised WAP Methodology (2004)

Key changes included:

- Written wetland history required
- Transect set-up instructions clarified
- More simplistic soils method required every 5 years
- Emphasized importance of explanations and comments
- Zonation scores changed from a 3-point to a 5-point scale
- Scores for weedy and exotic species and vines discontinued
- Vegetation on hummocks, floating vegetation, and vegetation rooted in the upland are excluded

Stress scores added for shrubs and divided into appropriate and inappropriate species for both trees and shrubs

Revised WAP Methodology Assessment (May 2004)

- Field test of 10 wetlands to be assessed by TBW, District, and Consultants (21 wetland biologists in total)
- Inconsistencies persisted:
 - Plant ID issues, even among experienced biologists
 - Differences in zone scores resulted from different assessment areas around the transect
 - Stress scores were highly variable
 - Few comments included
 - Hummocks and shallow areas difficult to assess

Scoring difficult for narrow transition zone

Revised WAP Methodology (October 2004)

- Replaced FDEP plant designation with one more suitable for wetland interiors
 - Plant zonation within the wetland is more useful
 - Transition (T), Outer Deep (OD), Deep (D), and Adaptive (AD) species
 zonation assigned to 111 plants, creating the WAP plant list
- Zonation scoring system updated to include new plant classifications
- Assessors encouraged to stay within 5 meters on either side of transect



Revised WAP Methodology Assessment (October 2004)

- Field test of 10 wetlands to be assessed by TBW, District, and Consultants who participated in May 2004 field test (10 biologists in total)
- Variability between assessors still existed but was much less compared to May field test
 - The variability in scoring was now attributed to errors by individual assessor rather than problems with the methodology
- The participants and reviewers agreed that the updated zonation scoring methodology was now more logical, and the results seemed representative of the hydrologic/biologic health of the wetland

Review of Original Wetland Assessment Procedure (WAP - March 2000) and Test Results of a Proposed Revision to the WAP, May 2004



Prepared by:

Michael C. Hancock, P.E. Ted Rochow, Ph.D. Jill Hood, P.G.

December 2005



Test Results of a Proposed Revision to the Wetland Assessment Procedure (WAP), October 2004 and Development of the Final WAP Methodology Adopted in April 2005



Prepared by:

Michael C. Hancock, P.E. Ted Rochow, Ph.D. Jill Hood, P.G.

December 2005



Today's WAP Methodology

- Completed in 2005
- This methodology has since been applied in 400+ wetlands

WETLAND ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE (WAP)

INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR ISOLATED WETLANDS

March 2005

Prepared by:

Southwest Florida Water Management District

and

Tampa Bay Water, a Regional Water Supply Authority

2023 WAP Workshop Introduction



Purpose of Wetland Assessment Procedure (WAP)

- Collect biologic data in wetlands to be used to monitor change (if any) <u>due to hydrologic</u> <u>change</u> (ground-water)
- WAP data supplements hydrologic data
- Uses for data include:
 - Water Use Permitting (part of EMP)
 - TBW Recovery Assessment

Main Goal while completing the WAP

- Describe what you see on the day of your visit (snapshot)
- Data Collection
- Data Collection

Data Collection

Scores

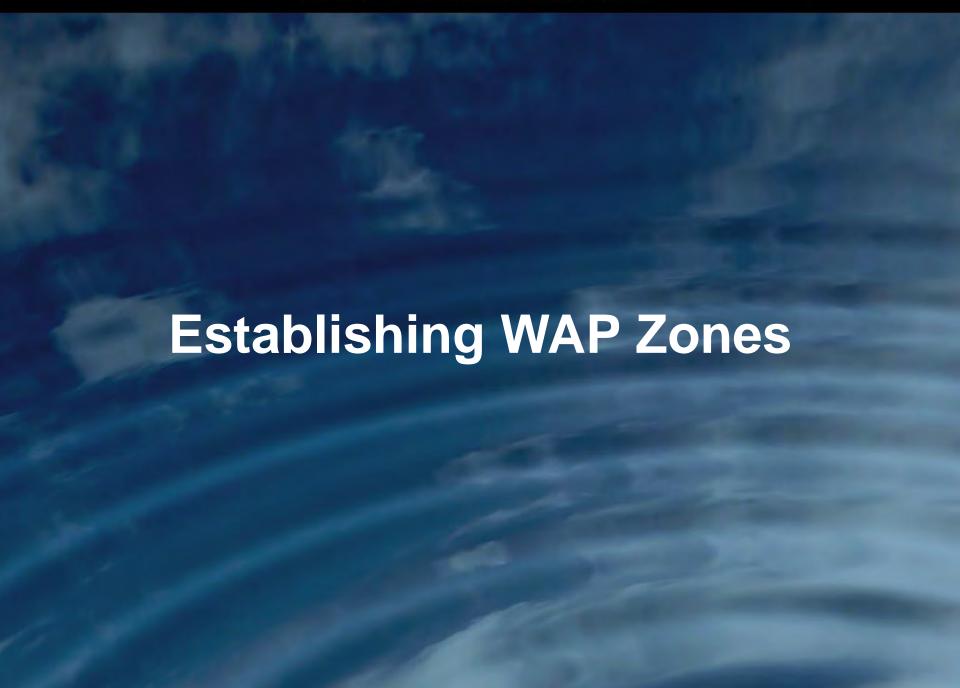
WAP Limitations

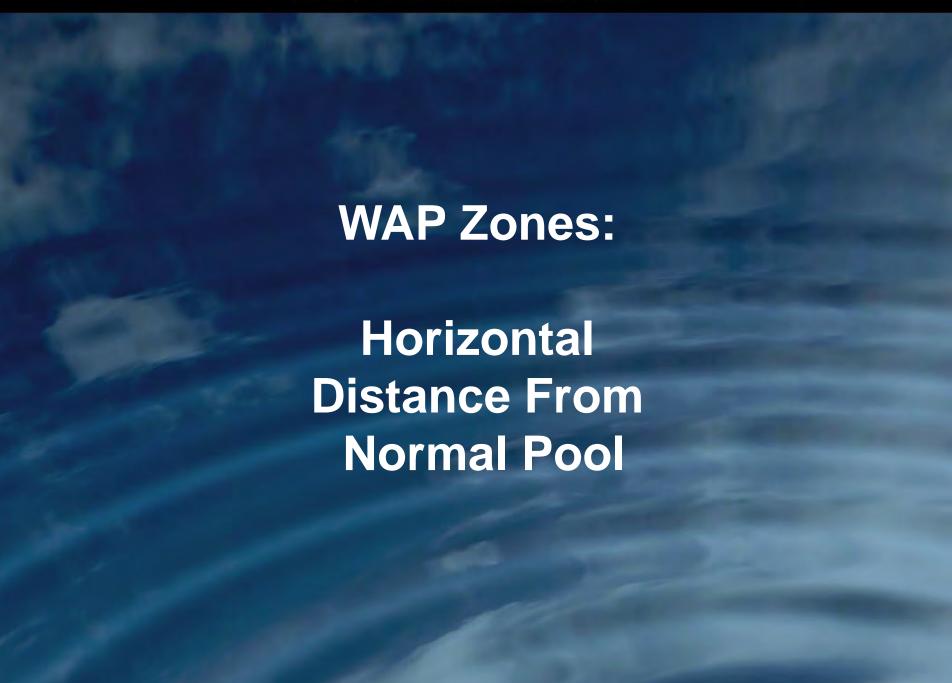
- Tested and developed for isolated systems
- Most consistent in flatwoods (mesic)
- Not consistent in sandhill (xeric)



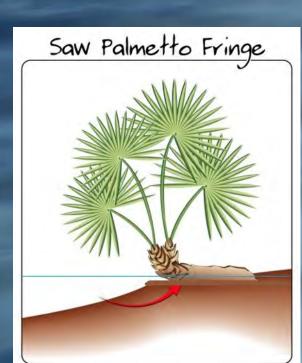
Annually

- May through June assessments
- Main components:
 - Species documentation
 - Zonation scoring
 - Explanations
 - Additional Information
 - > Stress
 - **Comments**

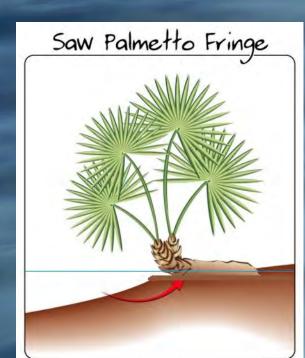


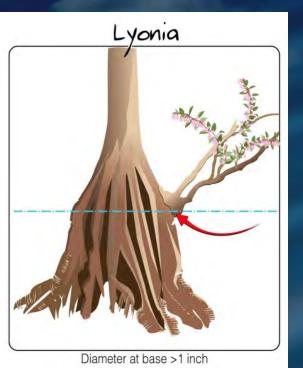


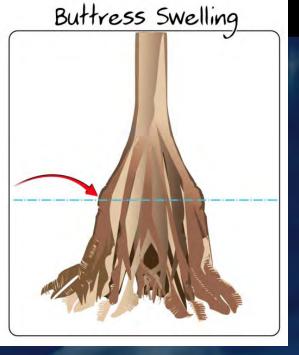




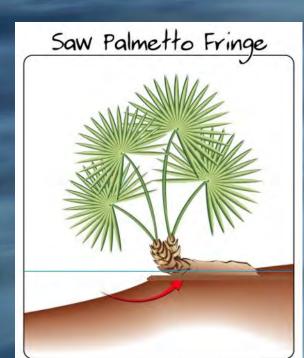


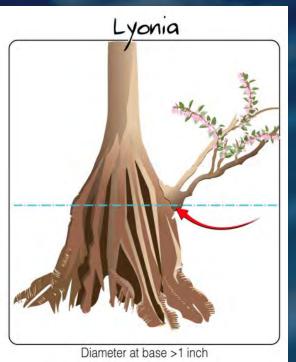


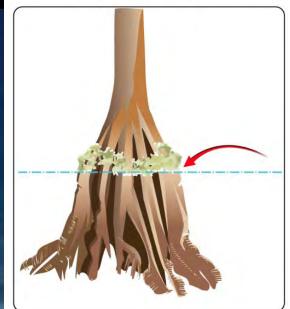




WAP Zones:

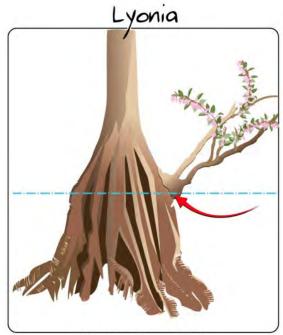




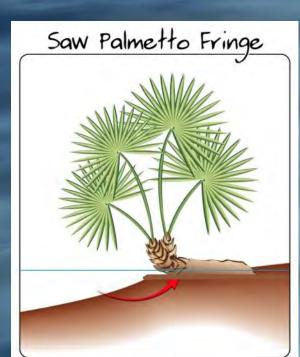


Buttress Swelling

WAP Zones:

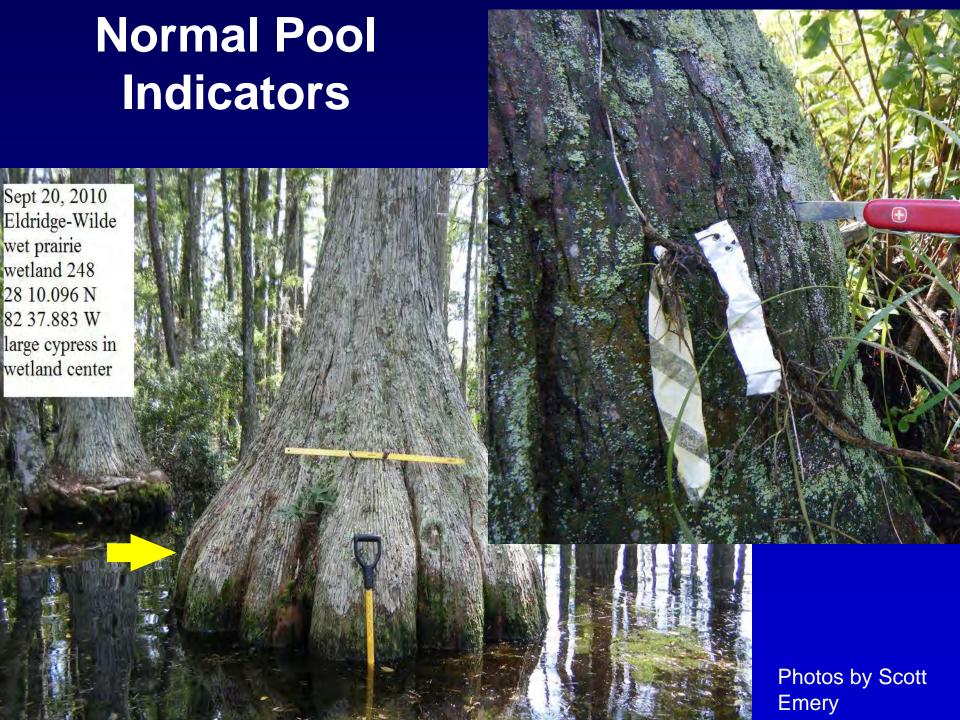


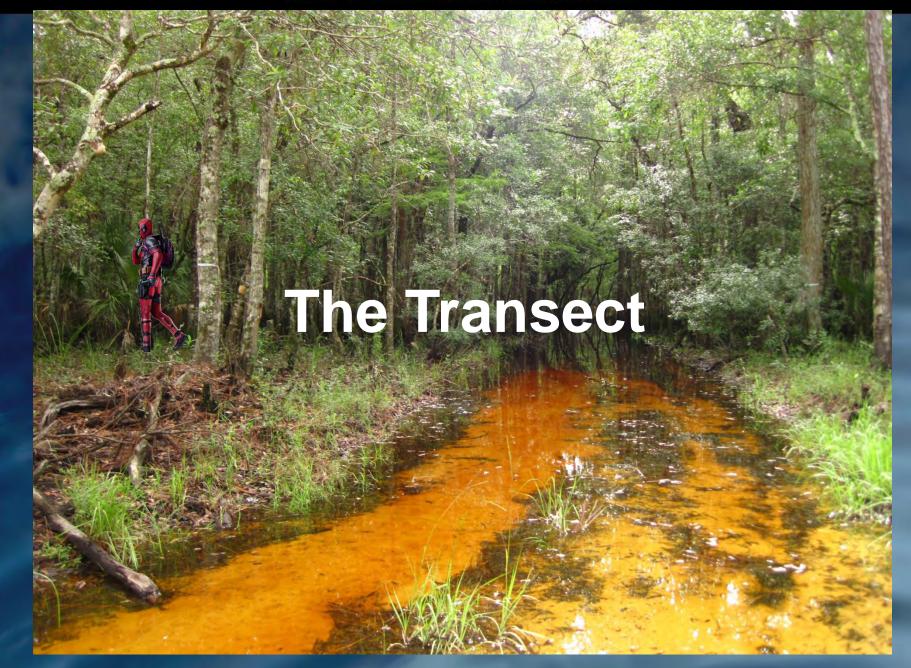
Diameter at base >1 inch



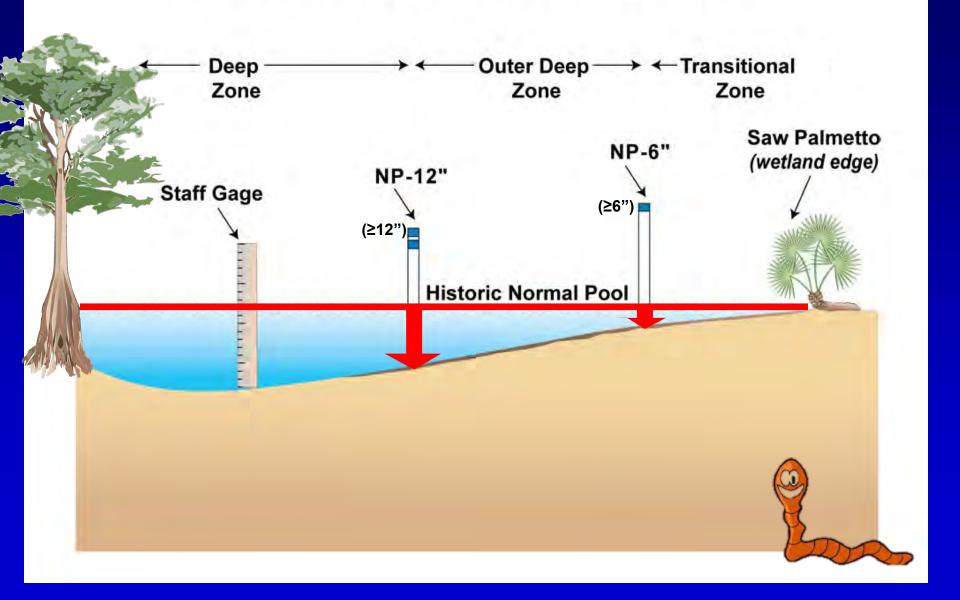
Normal Pool Indicators

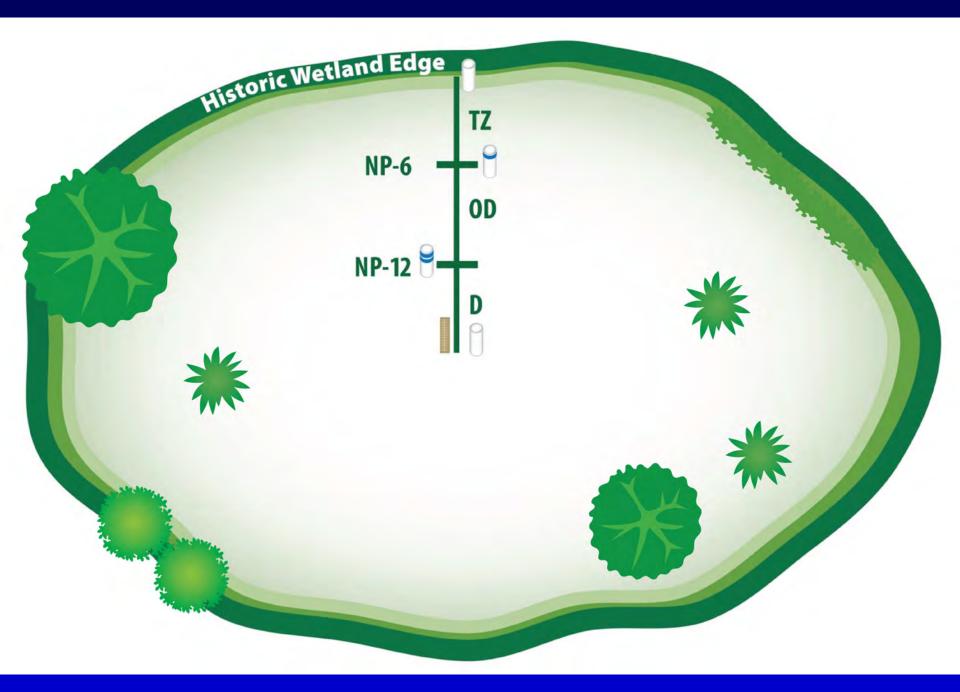


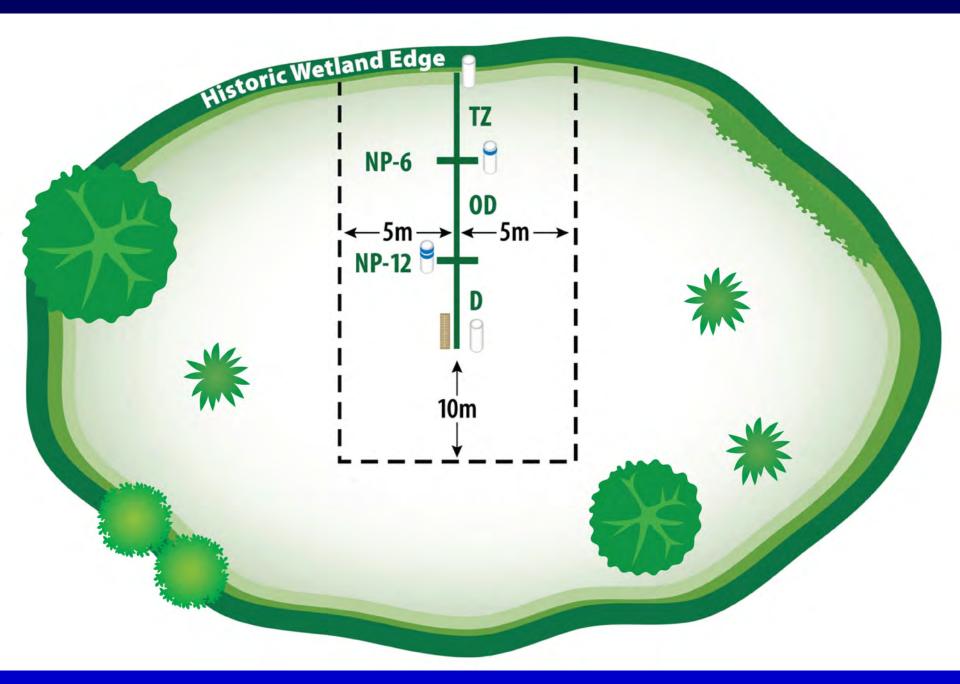


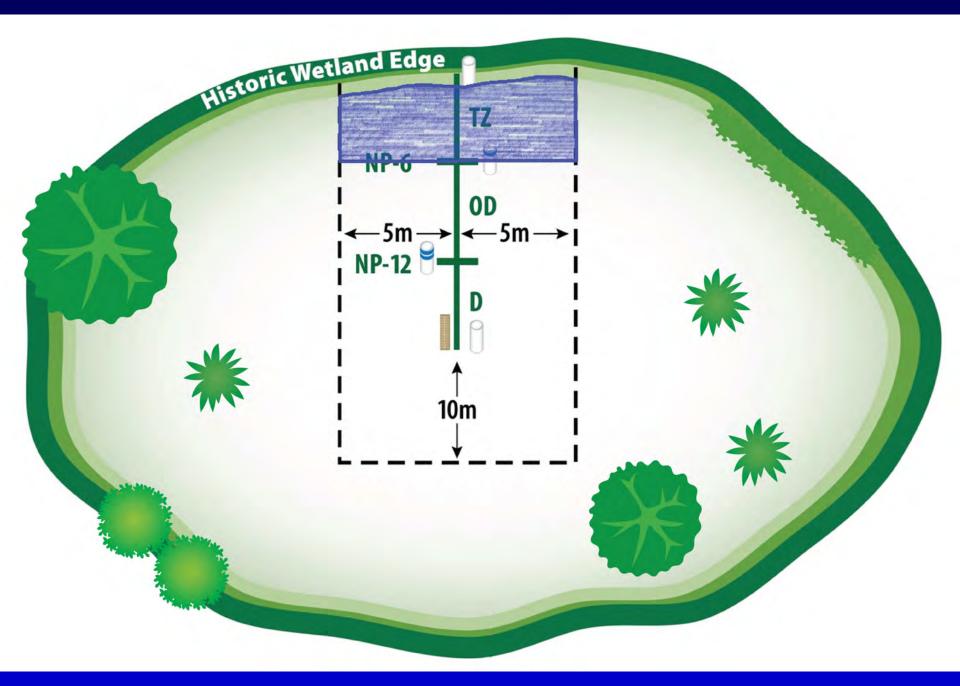


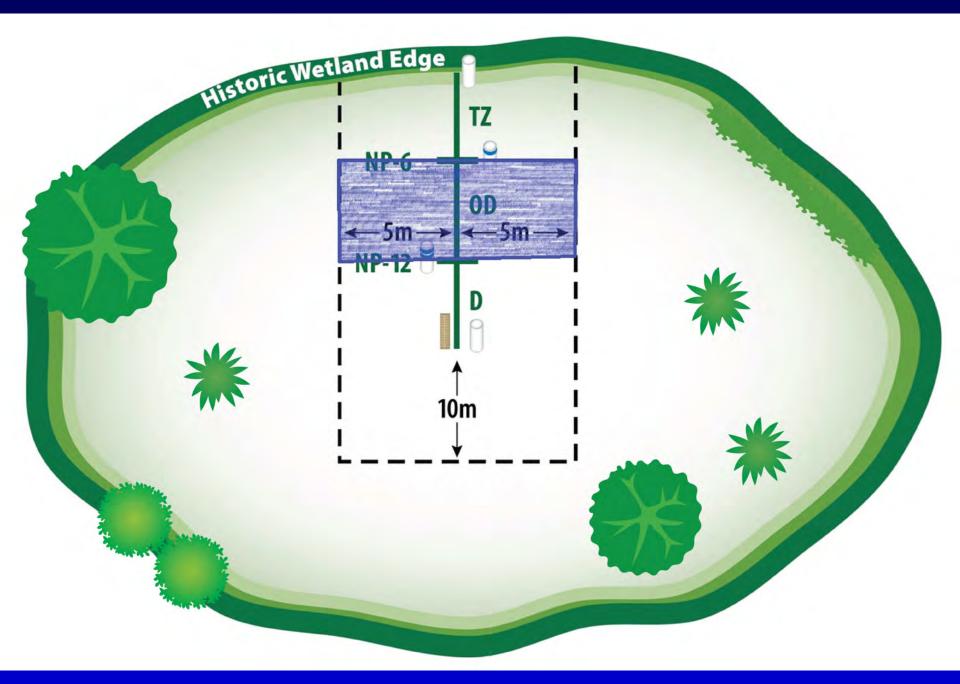
Example of Typical WAP Transect

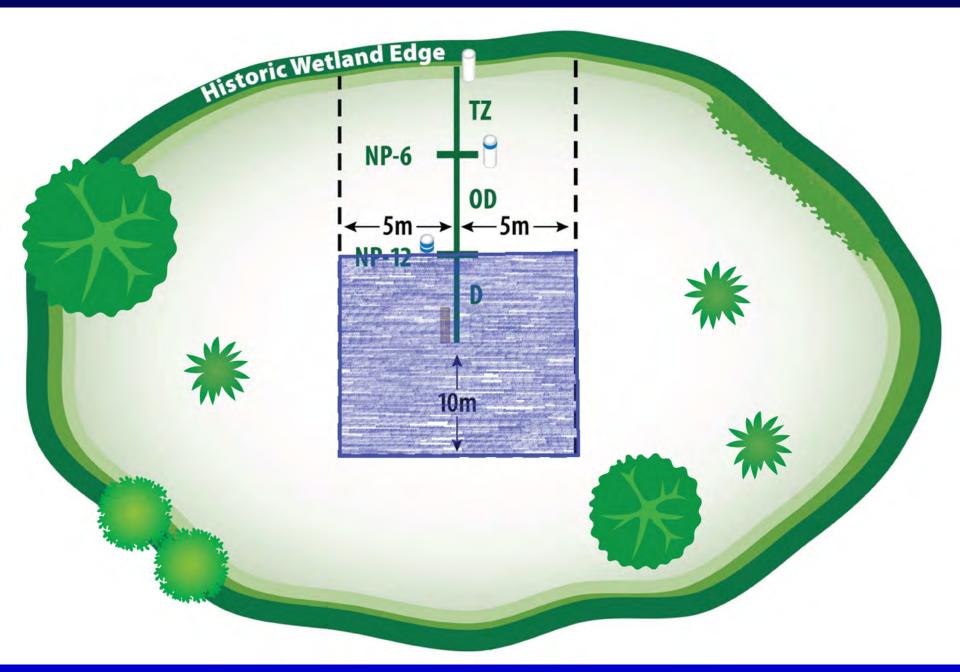








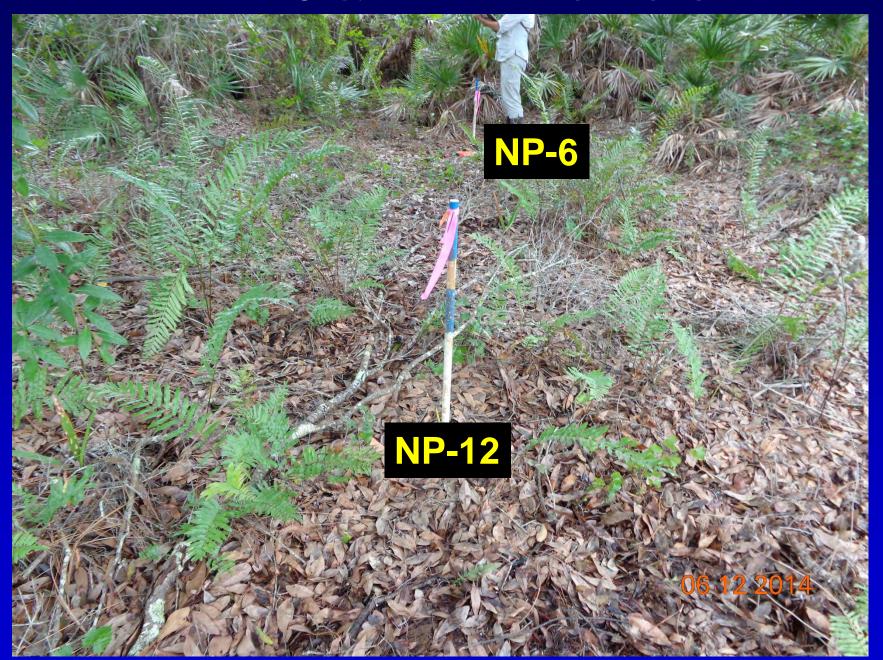




Transect End



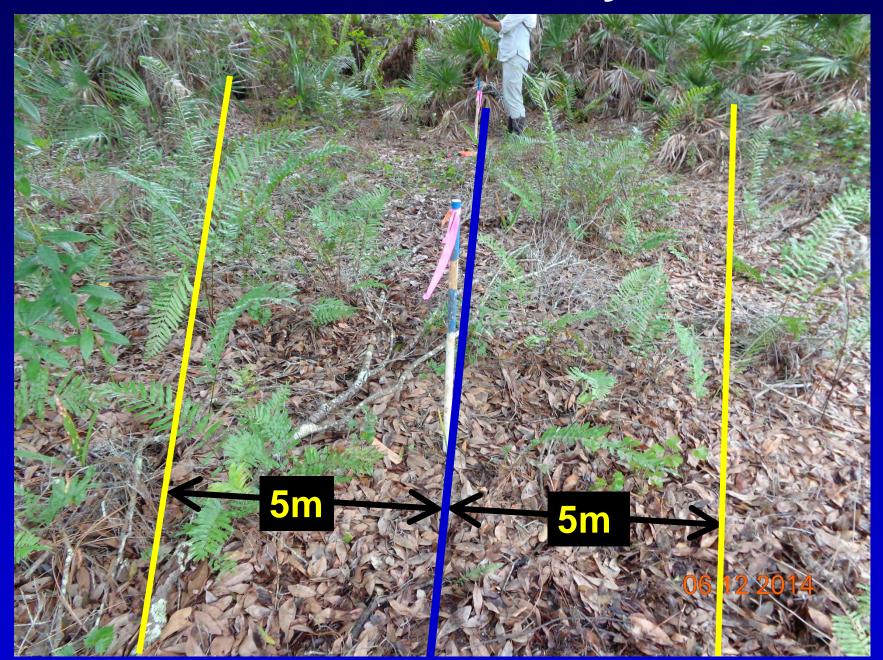
NP-6 & NP-12 Markers



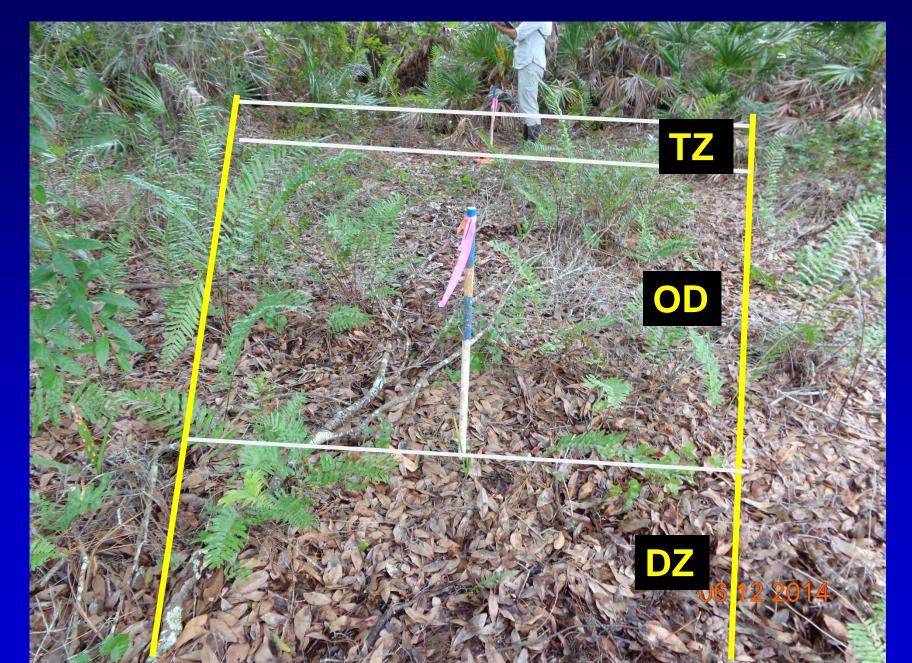
Transect Line



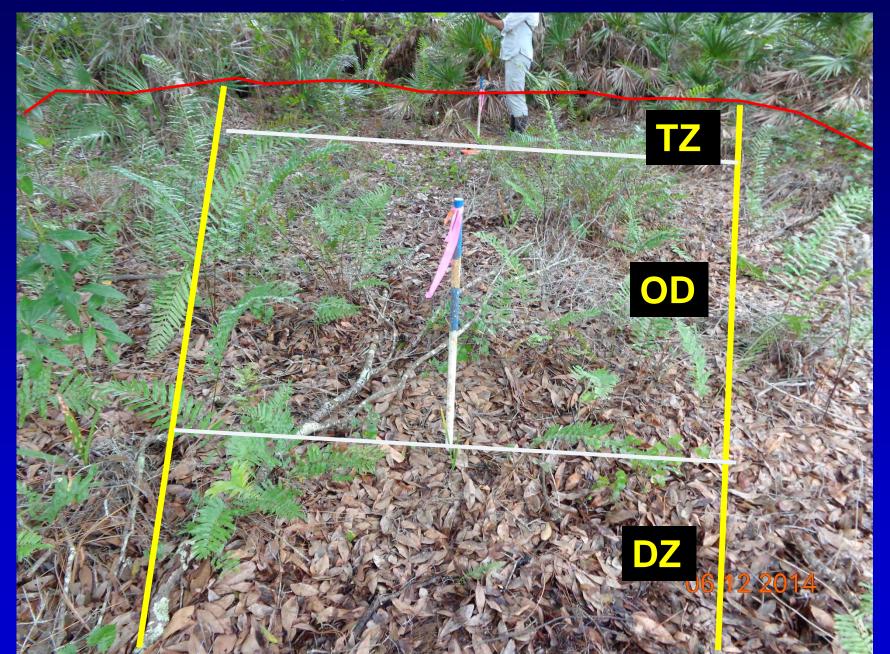
10m Boundary



Zones



Edge Delineation



Edge

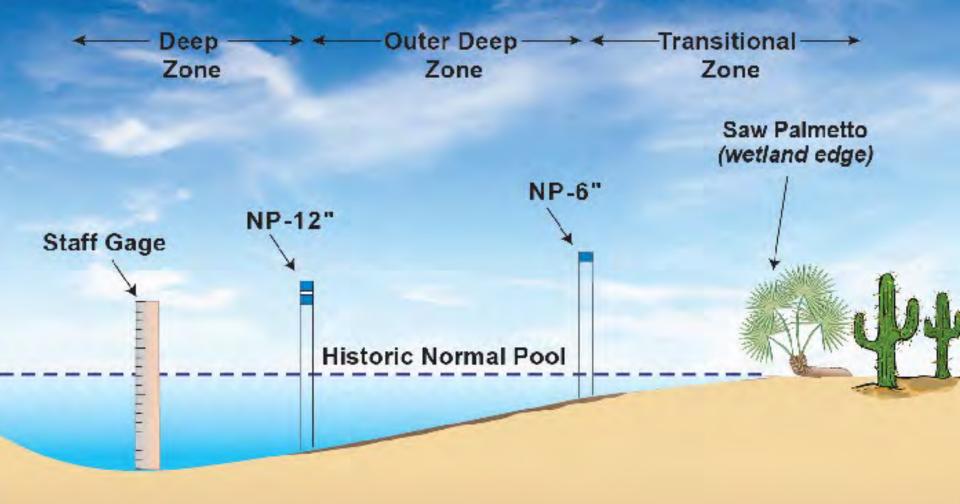


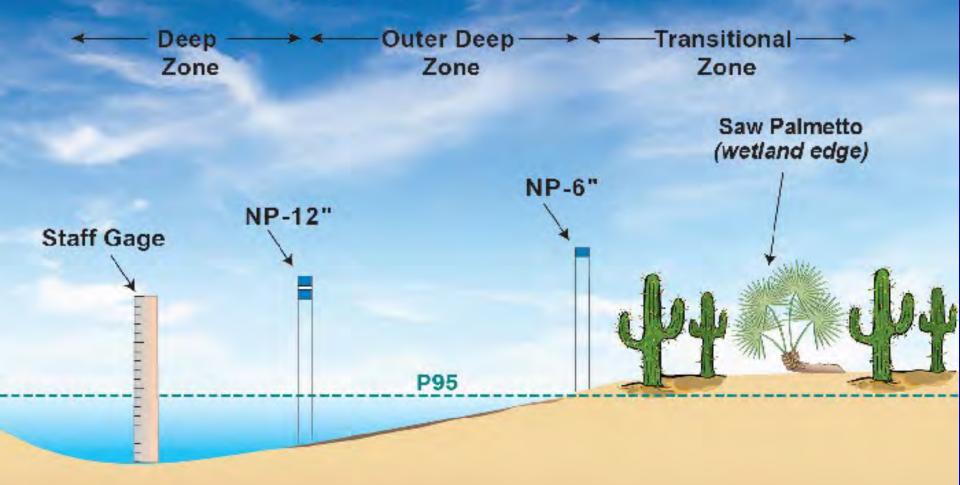


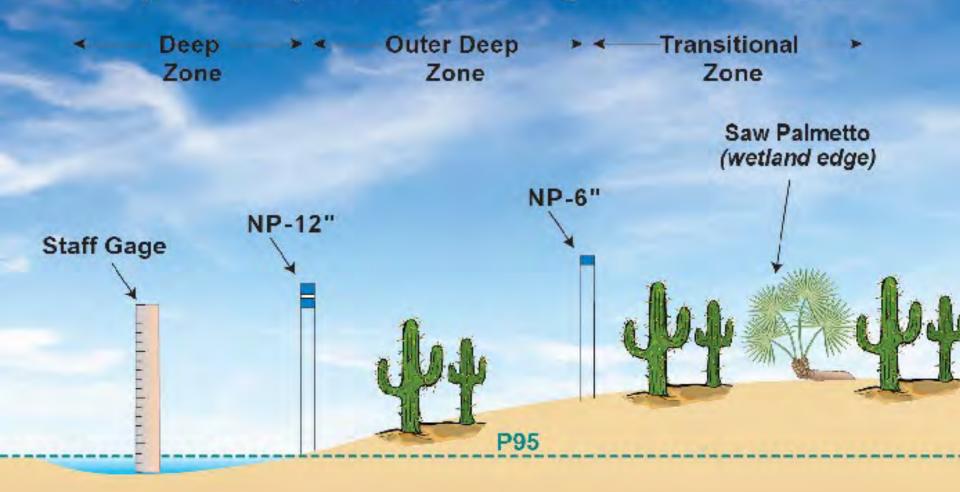
SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

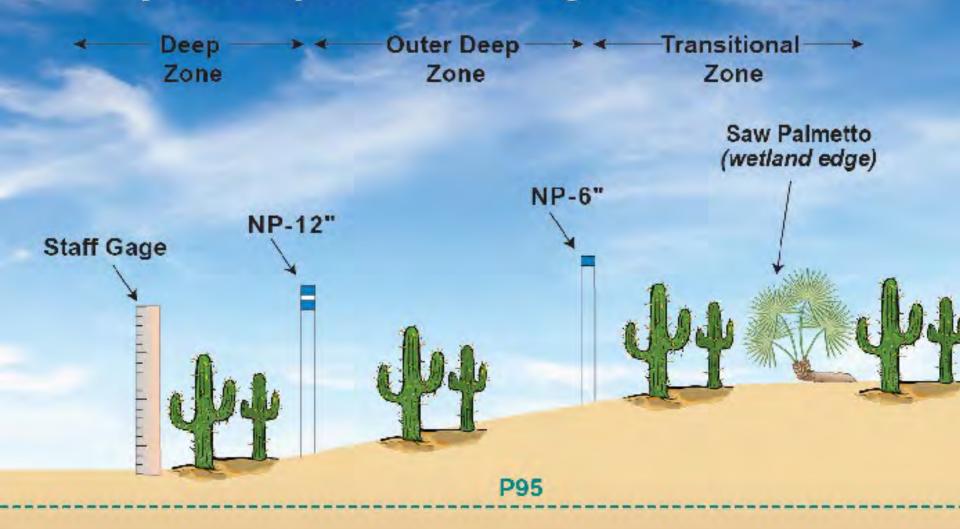
SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

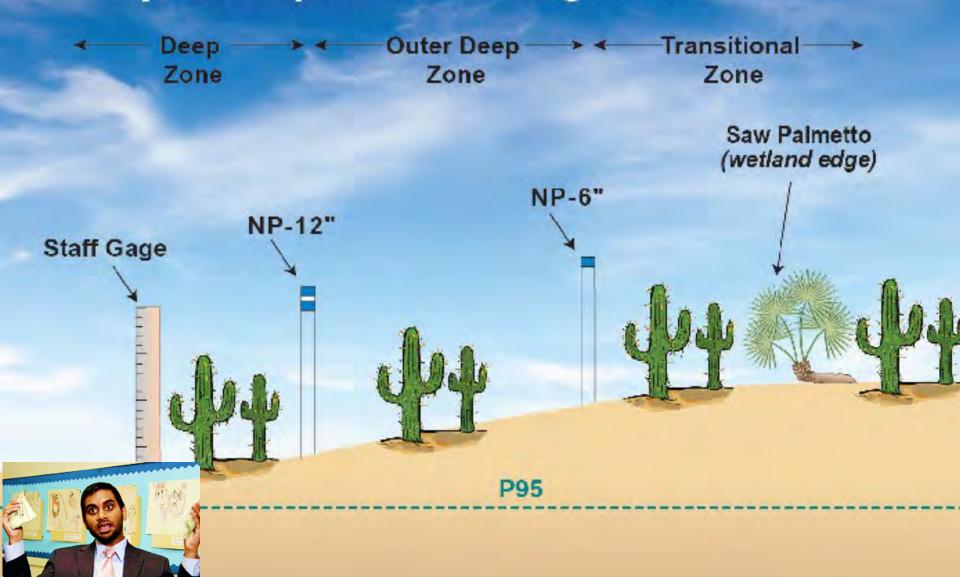


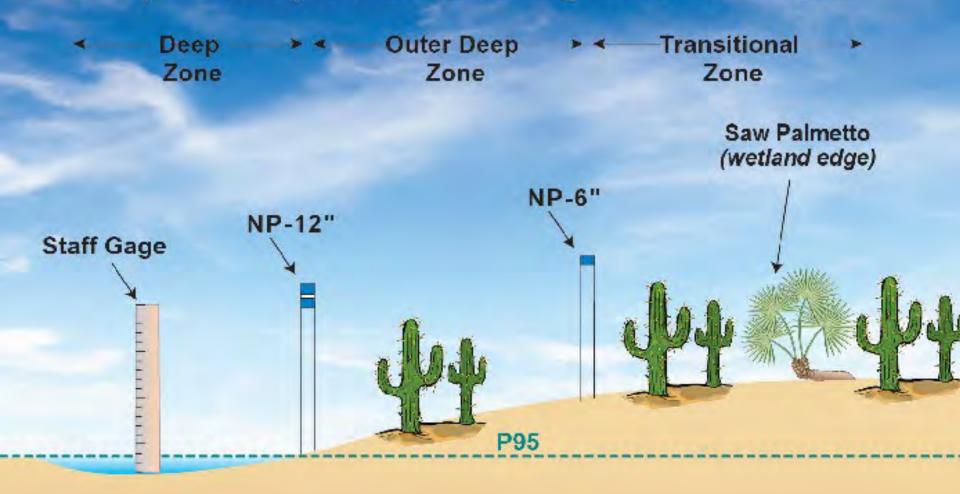


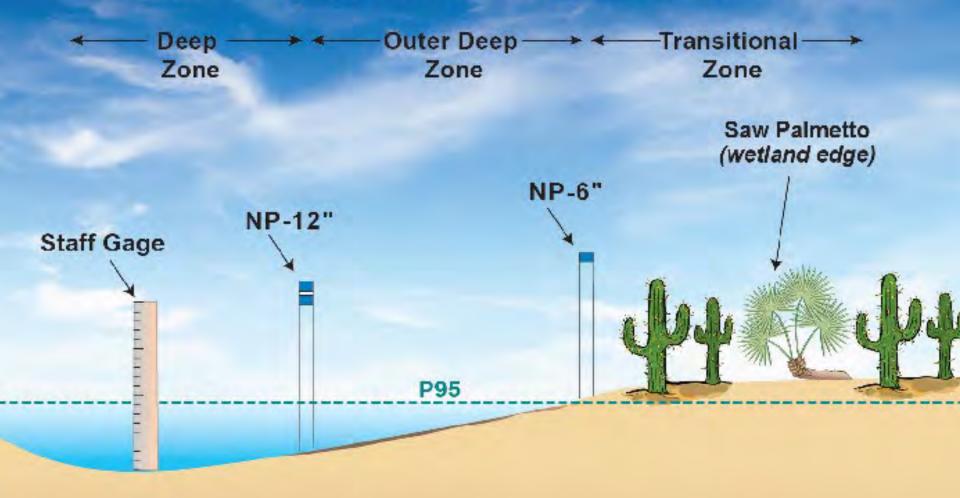


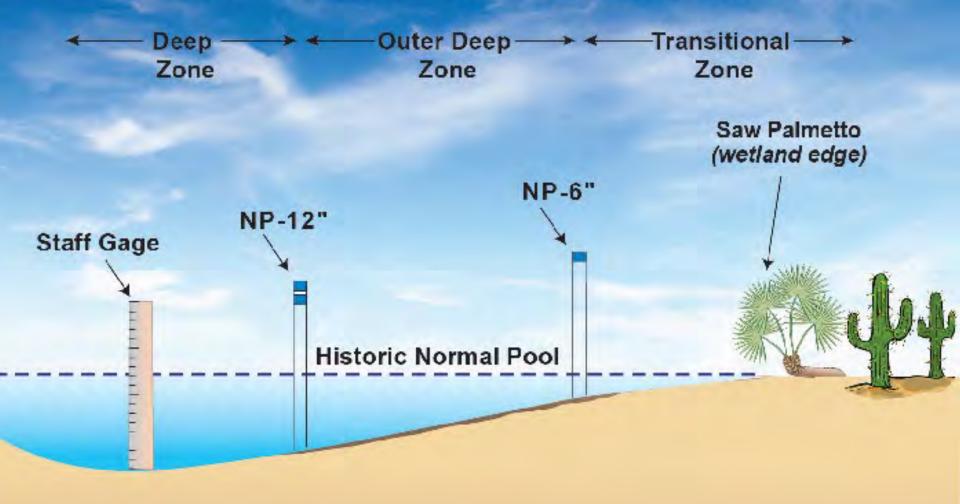














SOUTHWEST FL

The Form Our first look



	Wetland Assessment	Procedure				P. 1
DID Westrout/Property Pernollo		Walland Name			Wetland	TVDe
No DID J.B. STARKEY	Starkey T			Cypress Is		
Wellend (D. Stie ID) Data Dwner	Personnels Employer	Date	Start Time	Eng Time	Transec	
503 776584 DIST					Starkey	ГА
WAP Assessment Fersonnel						
Photo Documentation	n		Wate	er Level Info	ormation	
Frame Description P	hoto Point Desc Dire	ection	Dry?	Yes		No E
		0,000	0-710	District	1, Ages	WWW.025204.07
	- 1					
Please enter Yes (Y), No (N), or Not Sure (NS) for	the following questions and	d provide comments/ex	xplanations	(2013 data	shaded).	
Wetland Impacts	The second second			Wetland Dr	unage	F
Wetland edges filled or disturbed?	No.	Augmentation equ	ipment in pl	ace?		No
Excessive dumping or trash in wetland?	No	Augmentation occ	uring at time	of WAP?		No
Hog disturbance?	Yes	Clear evidence of	direct storm	water inflow	7	No
Significant impact from cattle (trampling)?	No	Clear evidence of	direct drains	age from we	tland?	No
Vehicles through wetland (including bicycles)?	Yes	Other drainage ac	tivities in an	ea?		No
Insect damage?	No	Borrow pit/retention	n pond in w	etland vicini	ty?	No
Disease?	INO I					
Wetland Impact Comment(s)		Wetland Drainag	e Commen	t(s)		
ndne		none				
		1				
		11-0				
Fire				Lakes/Do	cks	
		_ Docks comple	etely out of	water		
Signs of Fire? No Yes No		Docks touching	ng water or	with < 50%	of dock ove	r water
Signs of Piles (No. Yes No.		Docks > 50%	out of water	-		
		■ N/A				
		2013 is the litto	oral zone str	anded?		Current Yes N
Fire Comment (year, expanse, intensity)		Lakes/Docks Cor	mments:			
n/loe		100000000000000000000000000000000000000				
Soil Subsidence			General	Comments	Observation	ons:
New signs of oxidation/subsidence: No Yes	No			- /		
Soil Subsidence Comment:	-	1				
notes						
Future users of these data may not want to analyz	e/compare these data with					
other wetlands due to the extensive level of:	s seriquite areas outa mur					
2013 Current Non-grounded water withdraw relate	ed disturbance					
Soil subsidence						
Species Count Common Nam	ie i	Evidence Description	V.		Com	ment

Top - Page 1

Wetland Assessment Procedure													
DID:	Wellfield/Property: Po	ortfolio	Wetlan	d Name		Wetla	nd Type						
No DID	J.B. STARKEY	Stark	еу Т			Cypress Isolated							
Wetland ID: S	Site ID: Data Owner:	Personnel's Empl	oyer:	Date:	Start Time	: End Time: Transe	ect						
503	776584 DIST Starke												
WAP Assessm	nent Personnel:		7										
	Photo Documer	ntation			vvater	Level Information	on						
Frame	Description	Photo Point Desc	Direction	X Flo	Dry? ⁄ation (ft):	Yes □ Device Type:	No □ Well/Gauge ID:						
					vation (it).	Device Type.	vveii/Gauge ID.						
							<u> </u>						

Water Levels with description of inundation

443 StkDD 6Stake Landward WAP2018.jpg443 StkDD 6Stake Waterward WAP2018.jpg443 StkDD Gage Cardinal N WAP2018.jpg



Impacts and Drainage

Lower 1/2 OD rooted 6" deep -		Stormwater inflow from Publix lot						
Wetland Impact Comment(s)		Wetland Drainage Comment(s)						
Disease?	No							
Insect damage?	No	Borrow pit/retention pond in wetland vicinity?	No					
Vehicles through wetland (including bicycles)?	Yes	Other drainage activities in area?	No					
Significant impact from cattle (trampling)?	No	Clear evidence of direct drainage from wetland?	No					
Hog disturbance?	Yes	Clear evidence of direct stormwater inflow?	No					
Excessive dumping or trash in wetland?	No	Augmentation occuring at time of WAP?	No					
Wetland edges filled or disturbed?	No	Augmentation equipment in place?	No					
Please enter Yes (Y), No (N), or Not Sure (NS) for th Wetland Impacts	e following question	s and provide comments/explanations (2021 info is shaded. Fire column of yes/no entries						

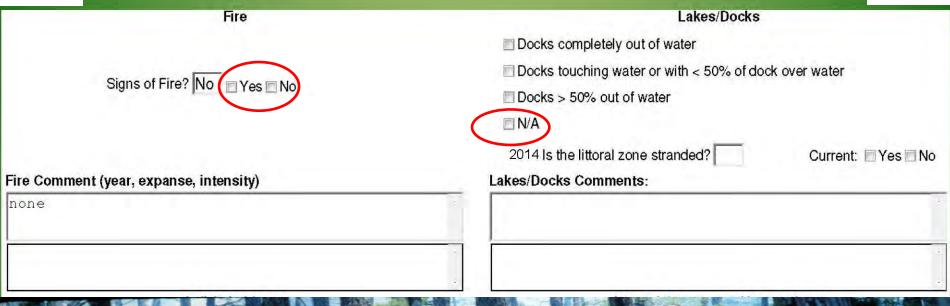






FIRE







Soil Subsidence

	Fire	Lakes/Docks
		Docks completely out of water
Signs of F	Fire? No Yes No	Docks touching water or with < 50% of dock over water
Signs of F	ire: INO TAES TINO	☐ Docks > 50% out of water
		□ N/A
		2014 Is the littoral zone stranded? Current: Yes No
Fire Comment (year, exp	anse, intensity)	Lakes/Docks Comments:
New signs of oxidation/subs Soil Subsidence Commer	Soil Subsidence sidence: No Yes No	General Comments/Observations:
·	n several Cypress near gage	
other wetlands due to the e 2014 Current	ed water withdraw related disturbance	e data with
Species Count	Common Name	Evidence Description
		-



Soil Subsidence Comments

Forested – Root Exposure

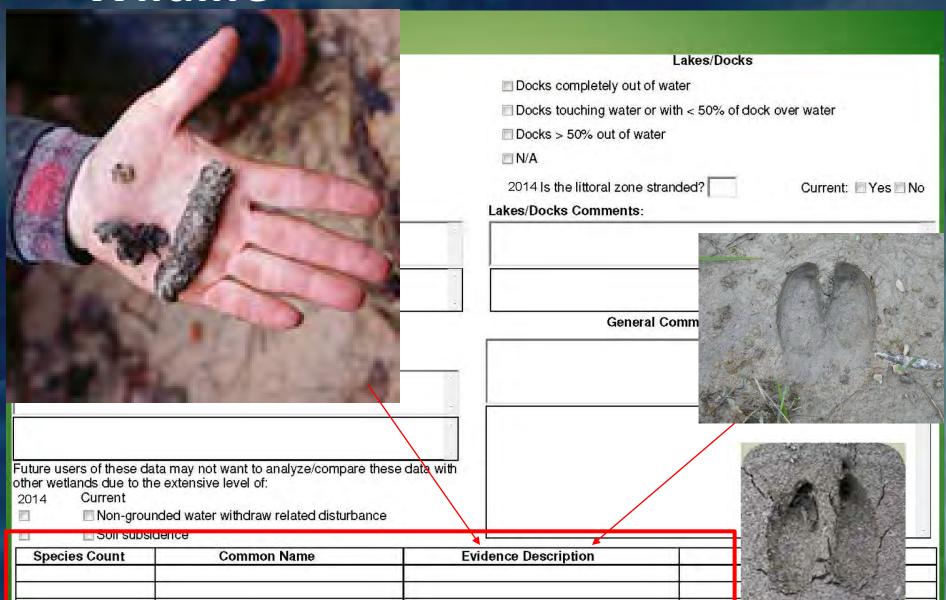
- 00-1"
- o 2"- 6"
- o 6"-12"
- 0 > 12"
- o Slumping/Pedestals





Herbaceous – Cracks / Crevices

Wildlife



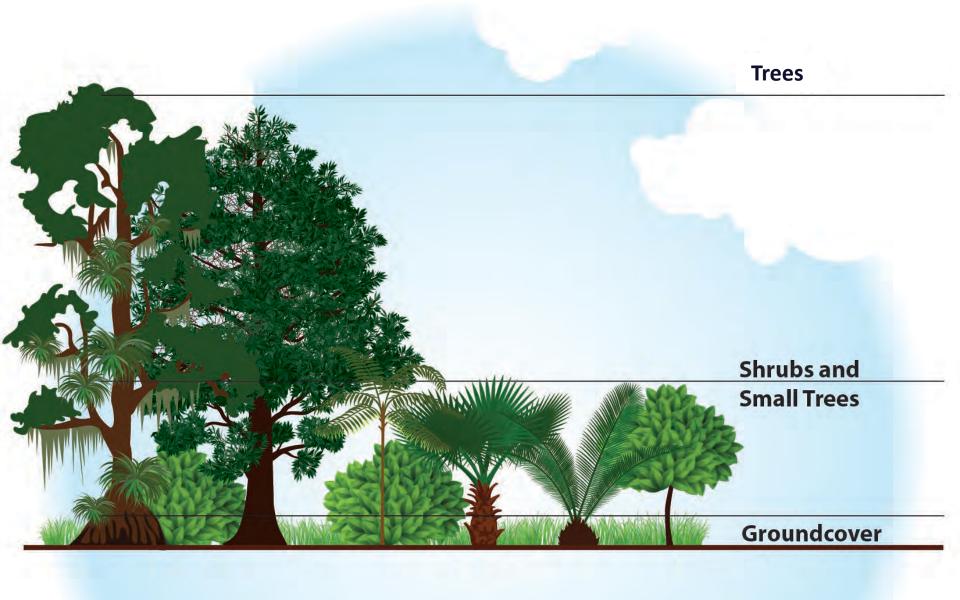
Vegetation

(pp. 2, 3, and 4)



- Groundcover (page 2)
- Shrubs and Small Trees (page 3)
- Trees (page 4)





Groundcover

- All non-woody species
- All woody species <1 meter tall
- Rooted in the wetland
- Always groundcover: Eupatorium, Typha, Rubus, and all vines



Shrubs and Small Trees

- Woody plants > 1 meter tall <u>and</u> < 4 cm DBH
- Cabbage palm >1 meter tall and <6 meters tall
- Must be rooted in wetland
- Generally have multiple stems
- Includes Hypericum spp., Ilex glabra, Myrica (Morella), Lyonia, and other woody plants with multiple stems when > 1 m tall



Trees

- All woody plants \geq 1 meter tall $and \geq$ 4 cm DBH
- Includes cabbage palms > 6 meters tall
- Rooted in the wetland
- Not Trees- Myrica (Morella), Lyonia spp., and other woody plants with multiple stems that are greater than one meter tall are assessed as shrubs and small trees.





Southwest Florida Water Management District

Appendix A. Plant list used for WAP methodology.

Botanical Name	Common Name	Synonymy	Wetland Zone
Acer rubrum	red maple		OD
Amaranthus australis	southern amaranth		Т
Ambrosia artemisiifolia	common ragweed		U
Amorpha fruticosa	Bastard indigobush; false indigobush		T
Ampelopsis arborea	Peppervine		AD
Amphicarpum muhlenbergianum	blue maidencane		OD
Andropogon glomeratus	bushy bluestem		T
Andropogon glomeratus var. glaucopsis	purple bluestem		OD
Andropogon virginicus	broomsedge bluestem		AD
Andropogon virginicus var. decipiens	broomsedge bluestem		AD
Andropogon virginicus var. glaucus	chalky bluestem		U
Axonopus spp.	Carpetgrass		AD
Baccharis spp.	silverling, groundsel tree, sea myrtle		AD
Bacopa caroliniana	lemon bacopa; blue waterhyssop		OD
Berchemia scandens	alabama supplejack; rattan vine		T
Callicarpa americana	American beautyberry		U
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper		T
Carex longii	long's sedge		T
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry; hackberry		T
Centella asiatica	Spadeleaf		T
Cephalanthus occidentalis	common buttonbush		D

Groundcover (page 2)

Groundcover

For each zone assessed, please document the following: species abbreviation, WAP zone (ZONE) (U, AD, T, OD, or D), percent cover (%) (5% or 10% - 100% in increments of 10%), count(#)(1-4), and distribution (DIST) (E=edge, B=beyond a few feet, or T=throughout).

Transition Zone					Outer	Deep	Zone		Deep Zone					
Check if no	Check if no	ground	cover		Check if no groundcover □									
Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Species Z % # D				Species	Z	%	#	D
						-								
						+								
						+								
						-					_			
						+					+			
											+			
I														

Groundcover (page 2)

Groundcover

For each zone assessed, please document the following: species abbreviation WAP zone (ZONE) (U, AD, T, OD, or D, percent cover (%) (5% or 10% - 100% in increments of 10%), count(#)(1-4), and distribution (DIST) (E=edge, B=beyond a few feet, or T=throughout).

Outer Deep Zone

Deep Zone

Transition Zone

Check if no	ground	cover [Check if no	ground	cover [Check if no groundcover □						
Species	Z 👍	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	

Zones WAP Instruction Manual Appendix B – Definition of Wetland Assessment Method Terms

Upland (U) – Plant species that are not expected to be seen in wetlands. It is possible that a few of these species may be found along wetland edges, but are not expected throughout the Transition zone.

• Adaptive (AD) – Plant species designated as FAC or UPL by DEP, but commonly seen in the Transition zone (T) in limited numbers. When Adaptive species are found in the Outer Deep (OD) or Deep (D) zones, they should be treated the same as Transition zone species.

 Transition (T) – Plant species commonly found in the Transition zone, and designated FACW (a few OBL) by DEP.

 Outer Deep (OD) – Plant species commonly found in the Outer Deep zone, and designated either FACW or OBL by DEP.

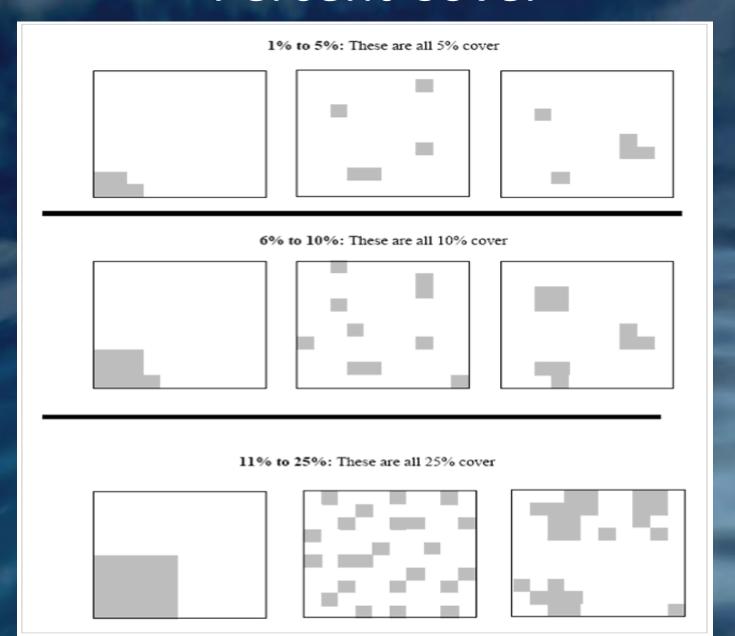
Deep (D) - Plant species commonly found in the Deep zone, and designated OBL by DEP.

Zones

If a species is not a WAP plant, Zone designation is NA

 However, all species observed should be recorded

Percent Cover



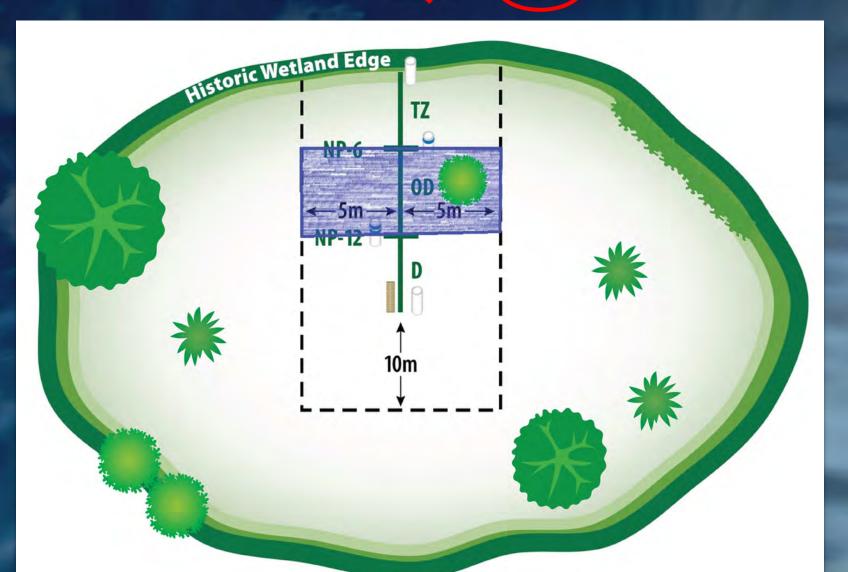
Groundcover (page 2)

Groundcover

For each zone assessed, please document the following: species abbreviation, WAP zone (ZONE) (U, AD, T, OD, or D), percent cover (%) (5% or 10% - 100% in increments of 10%), count(#)(1-4), and distribution (DIST) (E=edge, B=beyond a few feet, or T=throughout).

	nsition	Zone			g, count(#)(1-4), and Oute Check if n	r Deep	Zone		3	_	eep Zo	ne		,
Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D
Species	+ -	/0	π	- U	Species		/0	π	-	Species		/0	"	
						1								
	+										+			
	+													
											_			
	+													
											+			
				\vdash		+								

Remember, only in 10% increments. 10% < 15% < 20%



Groundcover (page 2)

Groundcover

For each zone assessed, please document the following: species abbreviation, WAP zone (ZONE) (U, AD, T, OD, or D), percent cover (%) (5% or 10% - 100% in increments of 10%), count(#)(1-4), and distribution (DIST) (E=edge, B=beyond a few feet, or T=throughout).

	nsition 2				Oute	r Deep					eep Zo			
Check if r	no ground	lcover l		/	Check if n	o ground	lcover I			Check if	no ground	lcover [
Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D
	+													
				\vdash							+			
				\vdash							+			
											+			\vdash
				\sqcup							+			\vdash

Shrubs and Small Trees/Trees (page 3 & 4)

					Shrubs	/Small	Trees	,							
For each zone asset	essed, % in in	please	docu	ment th	ne following: spe cies a count (#) (1 - >50) ar	abbrevi	iation, ibution	WAP 2	zone (ZONE) (U, AD, T, OD), or D), w feet o	percer	nt cove	er (%)
•	sition Z			.0,0,,		Deep		(5.0.	., (= .	ougo, D	•	eep Zor		.oug	zatj.
Check if no sh	rubs/sn	nall tree	s 🗆		Check if no sh			s 🗆			Check if no s	•		s 🗆	
S	1 7	l 0/	<u> </u>		Curaire.	1 7	l 0/	ш		1	C!	1 7	0/	ш —	
Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	┤├──┤	Species	Z	%	#	D
						_				 					
										1 -					
						+				\vdash					
						+				+					
										├					
										 					
Shrubs/Small Trees	s Com	ments	;												
															^
															_ '
					Z	onatio	n								
Zonation Score			Plea	ase ass	ign a score of 1-5 or	0 (for 1	V/A) an	d prov	vide ar	n explana	ation				
Zonation Score Ex	 planati	ion:													
															10.00

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT Groundcover (2014 data shaded) d, please docur<mark>ed (1) (U, AD, T, OD, or D), percent cover</mark> in increments of 10%), cour (#)(1-4), and distribution (DIST) (E=edge, B=beyond a few feet, or T=throughout) For each zone assessed, please docur (5% or 10% - 100% Transition Zone Outer Deep Zone Check if no groundcover 2014 Current Check if no aroundcover 2014 Current Check if no groundcover 2014 Current 2014 Current 2014 Current 2014 Current Species D % # Z % # % # Species Z # % # Species 10 30 Erioca decang NA 10 Rhynch inunda NA Stilli aquati E 5 Amphic muhlen OD 10 NA Panicu hemito NA Gratiola sp. 5 OD 5 Sagitt gramin NA Stilli aquati Pluche baccha 5 OD NA Eupato leptop Eupato leptop OD Carex verruc Pluche baccha OD Amphic muhlen OD Erioca decana NA NA NA NA Droser capill Rhynch inunda Cladiu jamaic B Dichan commut NA Erioca decana NA Pluche baccha OD Androp glomer Gratio ramosa OD glauco Hyperi fascic OD Rhynch cephal NA Syngon flavid NA Taxodi ascend NA Xyris elliot NA Xyris jupica NA Sagitt gramin Androp glomer Juncus scirpo NA Shrubs/Small Tre 2014 data shaded) For each zone assessed, please document the following: species abbreviation AP zone (ZONE) (U, AD, T, OD, or D), percent cover (%) (5% or 10% - 100% in increments of 10%), count (#) (1 - >50), and distribut DIST) (E=edge, B=beyond a few feet, or T=throughout). Transition Zone Outer o Zone Deep Zone Check if no shrubs 2014 Current Check if no shrub 14 Current Check if no shrubs 2014 Current 2014 Current 2014 Current Current % % Species Z % % Species # D D Species D AD 10 Stilli aquati Myrica cerife Taxodi ascend D D Taxodi ascend 10 Stilli aguati D B 5 AD Stilli aquati Myrica cerife Hyperi fascic Pinus elliot AD

Groundcover (page 2)

						undco		•						
For each zone ass (5% or 10% -	essed, 100% ir	please	docu	ment th	ne following: species and only, count(#)(1-4)	abbrevi distribu	i ation, ition (E	WAP 2	zone (Z E=eda	ONE) (U, AD, T, OD, e. B=bevond a few fe	or D), et. or T	percer =throu	nt cove	er (%)
	sition 2				Outer			, ,			ep Zor		J	
Check if n	o ground	lcover [Check if no	ground	cover [Check if no	ground	cover [
Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D
-														
										1				(I

Dead vs. Live Vegetation



Explanations and Comments

						Shrub	s/Small	Trees							
											ZONE) (U, AD, T, OI				
	•	u% in ir isition ?		ents of	10%), (ına aistr r Deep		ו (טוס)	I)(E=€	edge, B≐beyond a fe D	w teet, d eep Zoi		rougn	out).
	Check if no s			es 🗆		Check if no s	•		s 🗆		Check if no s	•		s 🗆	
		Z	%					%							
	Species	1 2	70	#	D	Species	Z	70	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D
							+								
							+								
							+								
							+								
1	Shrubs/Small Tree	ne Com	monte												
	Siliubs/Siliali Tree	es Com	illellis	•								\rightarrow			^
1															Ç
															_ '
						Z	Zonatio	n							
	Zonation Score			Ple	ase ass	ign a score of 1-5 o	r 0 (for N	V/A) an	nd prov	vide ar	n explanation				
1	Zonation Score Ex	 xplanat	ion:			3		,							
		•										\			
1															
															~
							Stress								

Guidance/Reminders

- Don't include plants in pathways / trails
- The total percent cover does not have to equal 100%
- Be careful with ID and estimates of distant plants
- Add any notes to explain yourself, as needed
- Remember to include only living plants
- Edge vs. Throughout

Guidance/Reminders

- Look at previous year's data, and try to be consistent (within reason)
- Trees shouldn't change much
- Exact width of transect is not critical
- When disagreeing with previous years, include explanation

Guidance/Reminders

If any zone has been <u>temporarily</u> disturbed (pig rooting, fire, etc.):

- Check "no cover" box (top of zone species list, pp. 2,3, and 4)
- Add an explanation
- Re-evaluate next year

Examples of not enough groundcover (NA)







https://vetstreet.brightspotcdn.com/dims4/default/02bd838/214748 3647/thumbnail/645x380/quality/90/?url=https%3A%2F%2Fvetstreet

brightspot.s3.amazonaws.com%2Fa3%2F767b00a33511e087a800505 68d634f%2Ffile%2FSphynx-4-645mk062211.jpg

When is NA an Appropriate Score?

Not enough cover in any zone to make an evaluation of a stratum

 If <5% groundcover, only one shrub or small tree, or only one tree

<u>Guidance</u>: If you feel there is not enough of the cover to make a meaningful score, choose NA.

 Can also be due to high water, fire, inaccessibility, or other temporary reasons

Explain reasons

Zonation Score

- For each stratum, score each zone
 - Stick closely to the rules
 - A choice of 1-5 or NA must be made for each stratum based on the *lowest zone score in* each stratum

SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT

	<u>.c</u>	OVER CATE	GORIES RA	NKING SCALE	Per	tland IDsonnel
						ste gory can have only 1 Rank m for each cover category. Two
						accumulate percentages or
						gory to the WAP Field Form
RANK SCORE	00111001120	лез. сору ше	anning searce	uorreu jor euen	COTO CAT	gory to the war I total own
5	No Migratio	on or				
			OND or THRO	UGHOUT or	Species fo	and only along Zone EDGE (within 1
	GC		or all inappropria	te species		5% - 25% cover for all species
		□ < 2 specim				2 or 3 specimens
		Compared to the second seco			Tr 🗆	2 or 3 specimens
	AN	D/OR (Adaptive 25% GC		Transition Zone) r = 5 specime	ns S and/o	r 🗅 <5 specimens Tr
4	Migration I	Inward 1 Zone	- Species distri	buted BEYOND	a few feet or	THROUGHOUT a Zone
	GC	E 5% - 25%		ies		
		□ 2 or 3 spec				
	Tr	□ 2 or 3 spec				4 4
	D			5 specimens S an		
3	Migration	Inward 1 Zone	– Species distr	ibuted THROUG	HOUT MU	CH of the Zone
			r for all species			
		□ > 5 specim	ens			
		□ > 5 specimens				
				ones distributed B	EYOND OF	HROUGHOUT)
		5% - 25% 2 but <5 :		les		
	Tr					
2				ributed THROUG	HOUT the	Zone
		□ >25% cove				
		□ > 5 specim	ens			
		□ > 5 specimens	nd species more	d into DEED rone	distributed I	SEYOND or THROUGHOUT)
		□ 5% - 25%			uisti ibatea 1	ETOND W THROCOMOCT)
		2 but <5				
		□ >2 but < 5				
1				THROUGHOUT	much of the	DEEP zone
		□ >25% cov				
		□ >5 specim □ >5 specim				
N/A	Not enoug	gh Cover to mal	ce an evaluatio	n, <2 S or <5% C	C (Please e	xplain below)
	GC					
	Tr		10 mm 1 mm 2	and the same	Palalako.	11 4 60 107
						nd in the OD and D Zones
Legend	. If there a	ire not enough	species or #'s	s to justify one s	core, choos	se the higher score.
GC = Gro	und Cover		= Tree Cover	T = Transitions	l AD	=Adaptive
S = Shrub	& Small Tree	Cover D	= Deep Zone	OD = Outer Dee	p	

Ranking Scale

- 5. Normal zonation. Some species may have migrated inward one zone, but they are not in enough numbers and/or right along the zone edge. Adaptive species in the transition zone are not considered abnormal if they are not in high numbers and distribution.
- Species have moved in one zone in enough numbers and distribution to be of concern, and/or species with an adaptive classification are in high numbers and distribution in the transition zone.
- Species have moved in one zone in high numbers and distribution, and/or species have moved in two zones in enough numbers and distribution to be of concern.
- Species have moved in two zones in high numbers and distribution, and/or some species with an upland classification have moved into the deep zone in enough numbers and distribution to be of concern.
- Species with an upland classification have moved into the deep zone in high numbers and distribution.
- NA. Not enough cover to make evaluation (< 5 percent for groundcover, and < 2 individuals for "shrubs and small trees" and "trees"

Guidance:

For groundcover:

- a. "Enough numbers" generally means greater than 5 percent cover for all species.
- b. "High numbers" generally means greater than 25 percent cover.
- c. "Enough distribution" generally means located beyond a few feet of the appropriate zone.
- d. "High distribution" generally means located throughout much of the zone.

For shrubs and small trees, and trees:

- a. "Enough numbers" generally means 2 or 3 specimens.
- b. "High numbers" generally means greater than 5 specimens.
- "Enough distribution" generally means located beyond a few feet of the appropriate zone.
- d. "High distribution" generally means located throughout much of the zone.

If there are not enough specimens to justify one score, choose the one higher. For example, if all you have is one I shrub well into the deep zone (two zone move), a "3" is not justified (less than 2 to 3 specimens). Choose a "4".

Note: For scoring purposes, AD species are treated the same as I species when they are found in the Outer Deep and Deep zones.

Numbers & Distribution

- "Enough numbers": >5% for groundcover and
 2-3 trees or shrubs / small trees
- "High numbers": >25% for groundcover, and>5 individual trees or shrubs / small trees.
- "Enough distribution": Located beyond a few feet of the appropriate zone marker (edge, NP-6, NP-12).
- "High distribution": Located throughout much of the zone.

Numbers & Percentages

- Percentages are not cumulative between zones
 - Adaptive (AD) plants into the Outer Deep (OD) zone, and 3 Outer Deep plants into the Deep (D) zone is <u>not</u> a one zone move for 6 plants
 - 2 15% Adaptive species into the Outer Deep zone, and 20% Outer Deep species into the Deep zone is not a 35% one zone move.

Ranking Scale

- 5. Normal zonation. Some species may have migrated inward one zone, but they are not in enough numbers and/or right along the zone edge. Adaptive species in the transition zone are not considered abnormal if they are not in high numbers and distribution.
- 4. Species have moved in one zone in enough numbers and distribution to be of concern, and/or species with an adaptive classification are in high numbers and distribution in the transition zone.
- Species have moved in one zone in high numbers and distribution, and/or species have moved in two zones in enough numbers and distribution to be of concern.
- Species have moved in two zones in high numbers and distribution, and/or some species with an upland classification have moved into the deep zone in enough numbers and distribution to be of concern.
- Species with an upland classification have moved into the deep zone in high numbers and distribution.
- NA. Not enough **cover** to make evaluation (< 5 percent for groundcover, and < 2 individuals for "shrubs and small trees" and "trees")

r	W	etland Asses	sme	nt P	roce	dur	e								1	P. 2	
Wellfield/Property: Portfolio			Wet	land i	Vame	3					Wet	land 7	Гуре				
MORRIS BRIDGE		Morris Bridge Cl	lay G	ully C	урге	ss				Cypress Isolated	ď						
Wetland ID: Prev Yr. Assessment Area Width	20									1		Frans	ect				
273 5M on each side of transect		Tran	sition	nal z	one t	too n	arro	w to	evalu	late.	100	Morris	s Brid	ige (Clay G	ully C	ypi
		Ground	cove	er (20)17 c	lata:	shad	ed)									
For each zone assessed, please document (5% or 10% - 100% in increments of 10	t the	following: spe , count(#)(1-4)	ecies , and	abb ddist	revia ribut	ition,	WA DIST	P zo (E	ne (Z =edg	ONE) (U, AD, `e, B=beyond a	T, OE few f	o, or eet,	D), p	erc =thre	ent co	over out).	(%)
Transition Zone			Oute	r De	ер Z	one	-				D	еер	Zone	0			
Check if no groundcover 2017 ☐ Current ☐		Check if no g	groun	dcove	er 20°	17 🗆	Cur	renti		Check if no g	groun	dcove	er 201	17 🗆	Cur	rent E	_
2017 Current					2	017		Curr	ent	\			20	017	-	Curre	int
		Species	Z	%	#	D	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	ø	19	1%	#	D
		Amphic muhlen	OD	20	i	Т	20		1	Woodwa virgin	NΑ	30		T	40		7
pan hemit MA 5 T		Xyris spp.	NA.	5		Т	50	_	\perp	Eupate leptop	OD	10		1	5		
1 '	_	Pteroc			-	-	-		-	Juncus effusu					13		-V
syng flavid MY 5 T		pycnos Panicu	NA	5	_	Т	_			solutu Androp	NA	10	_	Т	10		1
and rop glom of 5 T		hemito Androp	NA	5	ļ_	Т	5		IT	glomer	OD	5		Т	5		Ültern
		glomer	OD	5	Ì	Т	5		1	Panicu hemito	NA	5		Т	5		τ
hyp myst T at		Eupato leptop	OĐ		2	Т	5	-	T	Carex verruc	NA	5		Т	10	-	τ
2 2 AD		Pinus elliot	AD		2	T		2	7-	Lachna caroli	NA	5		T	15		Ť-
eup cap AD IT	i	Quercu laurif	т		1	Ť		2	7	Erecht hierac	AĐ-	5_		T.			
eup lep OD at		synoon Plavid	NZ		Ė	Ė	5	~	÷	Smilax bona- n	AD	5		Ť	5		丁
drosera NA & T		in bal palicell					\Box	1	7	Bupate-capill-	AD-	5~	_	T		_	
		lachn mol	MA				5		7	Amphic muhlen	OĐ	5		T	5		T
		unk herb	NA				Ì	1	Ì	Pinus elliot	AD		4	Т		1	8
lachna carel NA ST						_			<u> </u>	sag grams	T	1	-	₩	15	蒙	丁
Kyris SEP. NR 2T	-			-			\vdash			Q. burishe		\vdash		Н	1	1	÷
The off Min at	-		_					_		Q VITEINIONE	Ď	\vdash	-	1-	5	-1	÷
										taxodium		\vdash		++	1		
10- 50/2+1										cladium	MPY	\vdash	-	+-	1-	_ \	1
AD- 5%+1 (5)										polyganum	OD	\vdash	-		5		1
													<u> </u>	\vdash	-		1
		AD+T: 4			7	3))		_		0,	Ļ	<u> </u>	<u>_</u>	1		
Groundcover Comments					-				_(AD+T: 10				(3	5)		
								_									^
<u> </u>																,	<u> </u>
																	1
L																	<u> </u>
			7	onat	tion												
Zonation Score: 3	eige	a score of 1 5 c	. 0 (1			d pro	wide:	an e	olana	tion							
Zonation Score Explanation:																	
2 zone more in en	00	osh \$15	- (/sr	150	٦.٠	÷	ļc.	يبي	out in	10	D	ee	(9			^

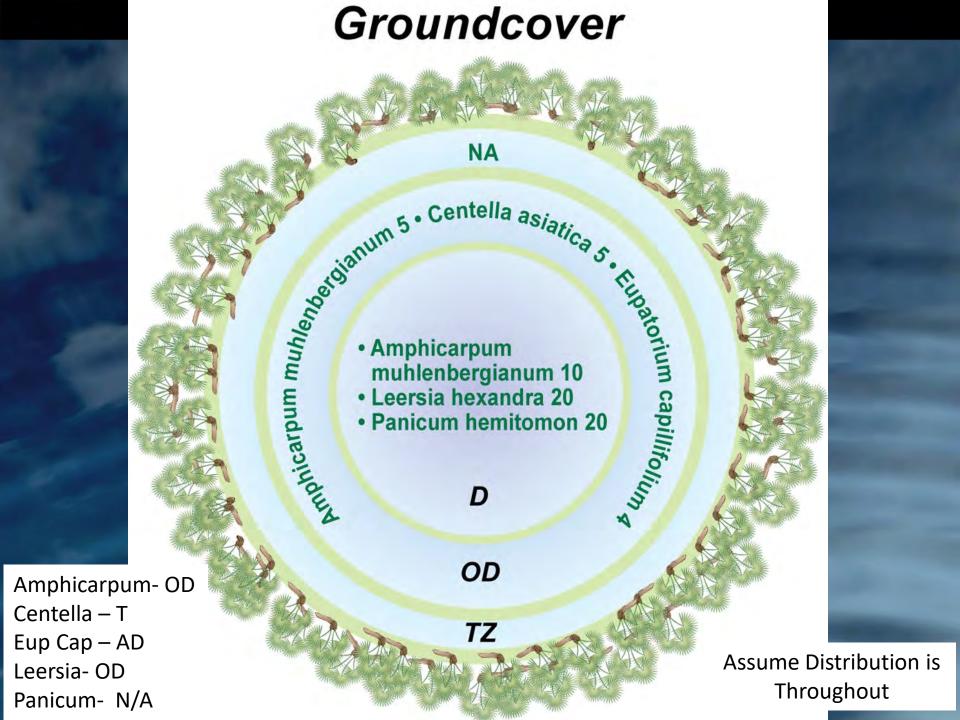
Explanations

 Explain your score in the Zonation Score Explanation box

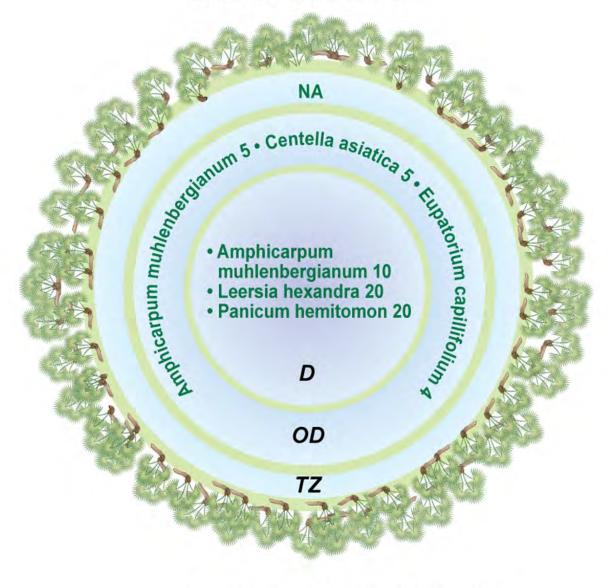
Critical and mandatory part of process

Also, comments in theComments box, if appropriate





Groundcover

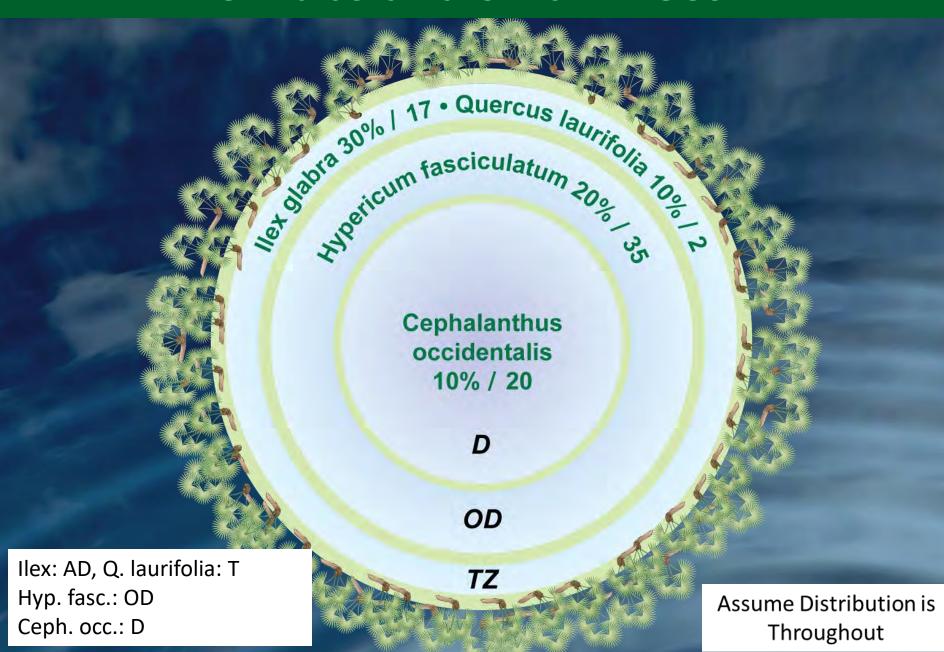


Groundcover Zonation Explanation

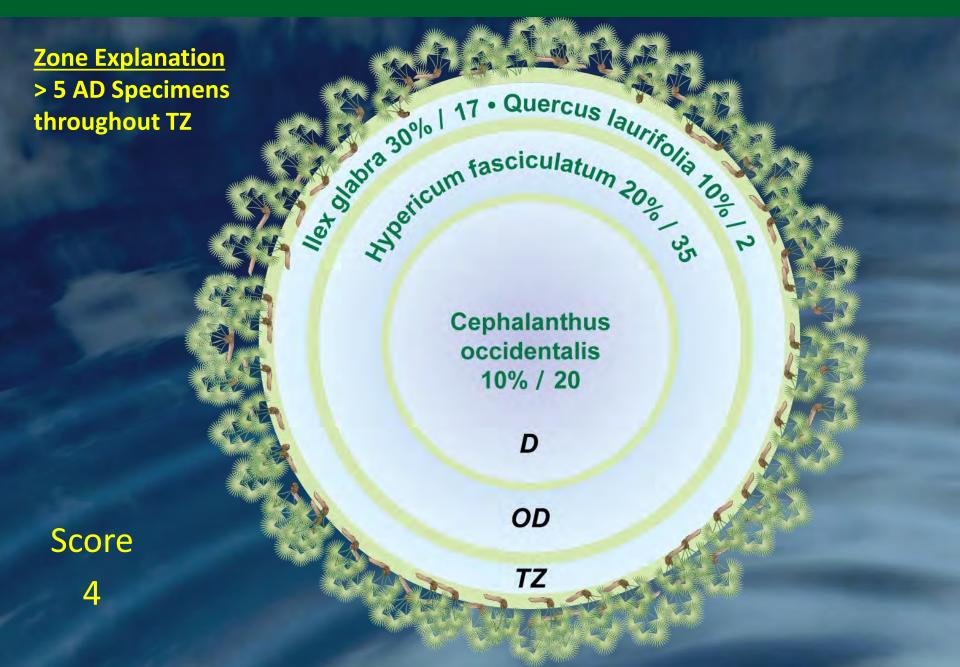
SCORE 3

Species have moved one zone in high numbers and distribution.

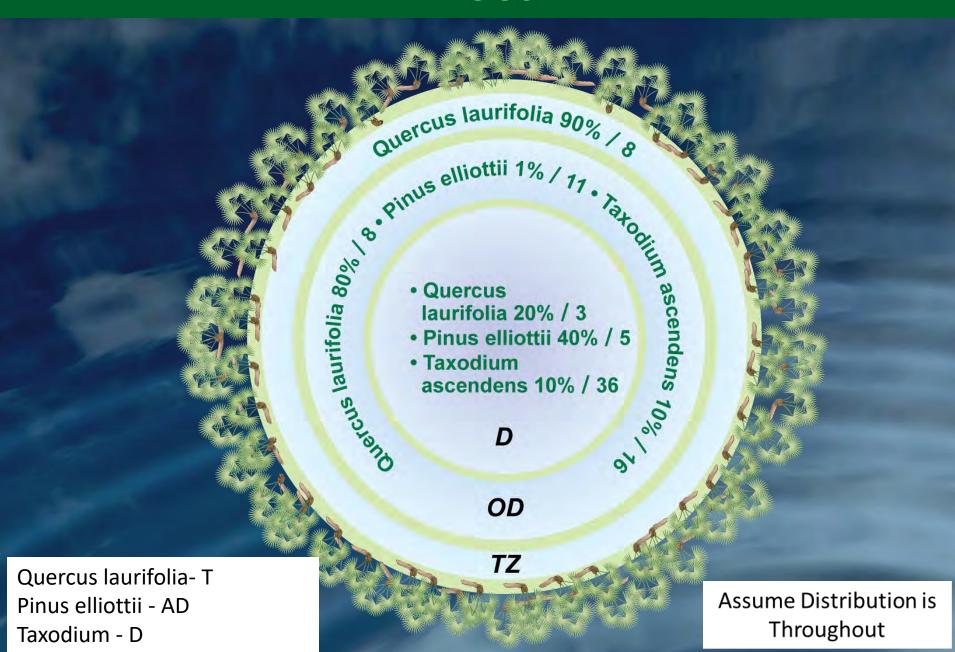
Shrubs and Small Trees



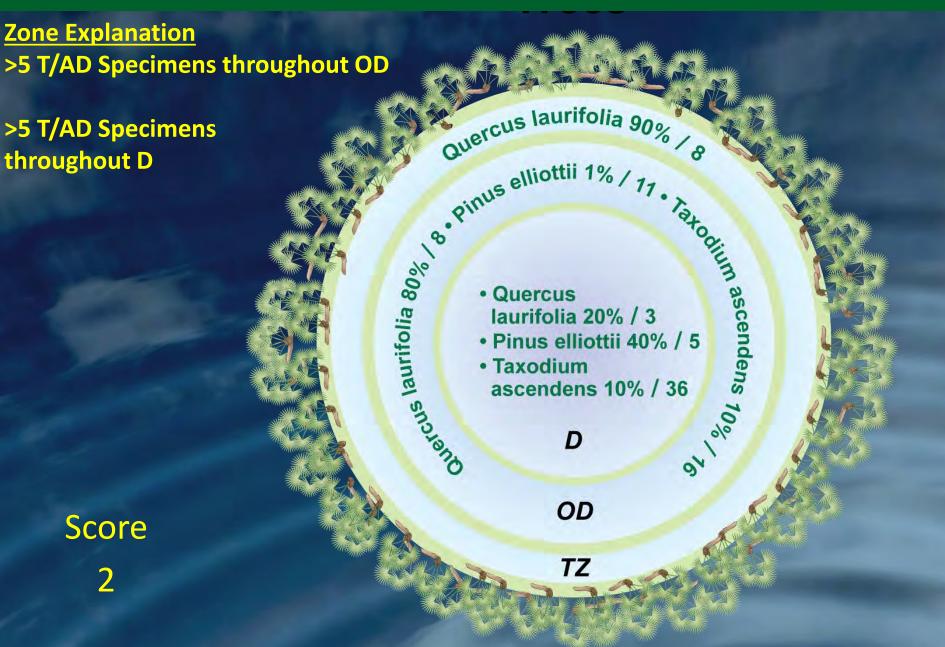
Shrubs and Small Trees



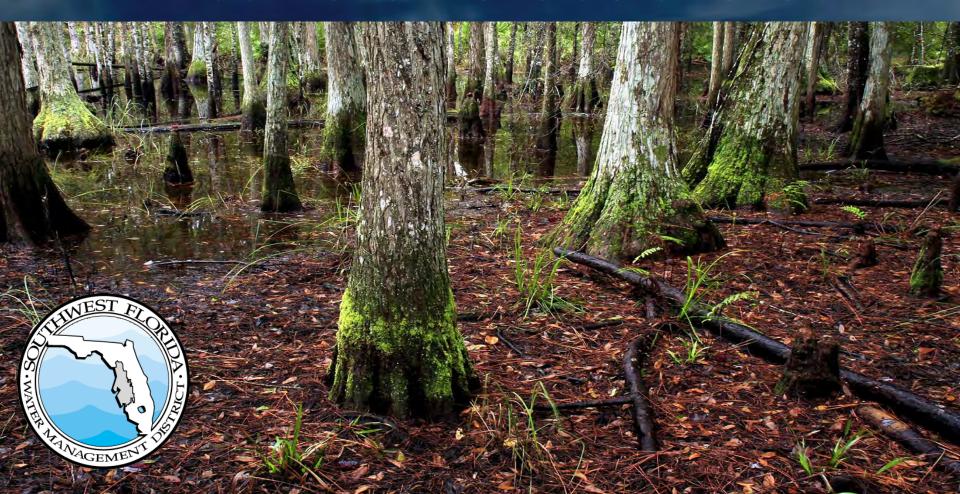
Trees



Trees



2023 WAP Training Part 2 Additional Considerations



Additional Considerations

- Additional criteria on WAP forms
 - -Shrub and Tree Stress (pages 3 and 4)
 - Tree Recovery (page 4)

Challenging aspects of WAP

Shrubs and Small Trees (page 3)

•	nsition Z				ount (#) (Ĭ - >50), a Oute	г Деер		1-	-/ (-)		eep Zo			,
Check if no			es 🗆		Check if no s			s 🗆		Check if no s			s 🗆	
Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D
									acksquare					
								\rightarrow						
								\longrightarrow	acksquare			<u> </u>		
	+-							\rightarrow	\Box			<u> </u>		
	+-	<u> </u>	-			+-		\rightarrow	\vdash		+	-		-
	+-		-			+	\vdash	\longrightarrow	 		+	-		-
: 12 U.T.				ا لـــــــا										
rubs/Small Tre	es Com	ments	•											
					2	Zonatio	n							
vation Score			Ple:	rea assir				d prov	ide an e)	relanation				•
	volanati	ion:	Plea	ase assiç	gn a score of 1-5 o			d prov	∕ide an e>	xplanation				•
	xplanat	ion:	Plea	ase assiç				d prov	vide an ex	xplanation				
	xplanati	ion:	Plea	ase assiį				d prov	<i>i</i> ide an ex	xplanation				^
	xplanat	ion:	Plea	ase assi(d prov	∕ide an ex	xplanation				^
	xplanat	ion:	Plea	ase assiį				d prov	∕ide an ex	kplanation				^ ~
	xplanat	ion:	Plea	ase assi		r 0 (for N		d prov	∕ide an ex	xplanation				^ ~
nation Score E						r 0 (for N		d prov	ride an ex	kplanation				^ ~
nation Score E					gn a score of 1-5 o	r 0 (for N		d prov	ide an ex	kplanation				^
nation Score E ns of stress of application of the None Noticeable					gn a score of 1-5 o	r 0 (for N		d prov	ide an ex	xplanation				^ ~
nation Score E ns of stress of app Little or None Noticeable Significant					gn a score of 1-5 o	r 0 (for N		d prov	ide an ex	xplanation				^
nation Score E ns of stress of application of the None Noticeable Significant Not Applicable	propriate	shrubs	and sm	nall trees (gn a score of 1-5 o	Stress		d prov	vide an ex	xplanation				Ŷ
nation Score E ns of stress of application of stress of application of stress of application of stress of income of income of stress of income of	propriate	shrubs	and sm	nall trees (gn a score of 1-5 o	Stress		d prov	vide an ex	xplanation				^ `
gns of stress of application of stress of application of stress of application of stress of its ecies)	propriate	shrubs	and sm	nall trees (gn a score of 1-5 o	Stress		d prov	ide an ex	kplanation			_	^ ~
Little or None Noticeable Significant Not Applicable	propriate	shrubs	and sm	nall trees (gn a score of 1-5 o	Stress		d prov	ide an ex	kplanation				^ ~

Stress (Shrubs and Small Trees)

- Appropriate species species found in the WAP zone in which they would normally be expected (e.g., Myrica (Morella) in Transition zone)
- Inappropriate species species found in the WAP zone in which they would not normally be expected (e.g., Myrica in the Outer Deep or Deep zones)
- Include all dead shrubs and small trees (appropriate and inappropriate)

Stress

Little or None



Noticeable



Significant



Not Applicable



Stress

- Do not include non-WAP species in stress assessment, but include comments for stress/death of non-WAP species
- Do not include species on hummocks or overhanging from the uplands into Transition zone. It must be rooted in the wetland!
- List the species, specify zone(s), and nature of stress.



Stress (Shrubs and Small Trees)

		Stress								
Signs of stress of app	oropriate	shrub	s and s	mall	trees	s (includ	ling de	ad	species)	2014 Data: NOTICEABLE
	Нур	fas	dead	in	OD	Zone	and	D	Zone.	
Little or None										
Noticeable										
Significant										
□ Not Applicable										

Trees (page 4)

Towns 1	inn 7-	a Ton	_			Out.	Deer 7	. T.				an 7	or T=th		
	Transition Zone Trees Check if no trees □						Deep Zook if no tre		es			ep Zone ck if no tre			
Species	Z	1 %	#	D			Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	1 %	#	D
Species	- 2	70	#	- 0	- 3	pecies	- 2	76	#	-	Species	- 2	70	#	U
	-				-		_					_			
	-	7.1		-			11 1 1 1 1	11-11		+			1		1111
			-				11								
					-		1					*			
				\vdash			-			-		_			
					_		_						-		
ree Comments:															
															_
						,									
						/	Zonatio	0							_
			-	77-7							1				
onation Score			Ple	ase ass	ign a so	ore of 1-5	or 0 (for I	N/A) ar	nd prov	ride an e	planation				
onation Score E	xplanat	ion:		/											- 4
	_			_			Stress								
igns of stress of	noroni	ata tra	or (do	not incl	udo dos	d rooning)									
	ppropra	ate tree	es (ao	not inci	ude dea	iu species)									
Little or None Noticeable															- 3
□ Noticeable □ Significant															
															- 2
Not Applicable	_	a street	-	5.0	-6300	4.5									_
igns of stress of	napprop	riate tr	ees (ii	nclude d	ead sp	ecies)		_							
Little or None															
Noticeable															
☐ Significant															
Not Applicable				201		7 NO.	2.0								_
ead/leaning trees		e stand	ding de	ead tree	s and d	ead trees o	on ground	i i							
hat are appropriat	e.														
Little or None															
Noticeable															
Significant															
☐ Not Applicable	-														
							Recove	У							
igns of tree recov	ery														
Yes															-
No															
Not Sure															
Not Applicable															_
appropriate vine	death s	innest	ing ter	never											
appropriate vine ∃Yes	ueaui St	aggest	ing rec	OASIA.											
ites															
3.45															
No															
□ No □ Not Sure □ Not Applicable															3







Stress of Appropriate Trees

	Stress
Signs of stress of appropriate trees (do not include dead species)	2014 Data: LITTLE OR NONE
☐ Little or None ☐ Noticeable	
☐ Significant ☐ Not Applicable	



Stress of Inappropriate Trees

Signs of stress of inappropriate tree:	(include dead species)
☐ Little or None	
□ Noticeable	
□ Significant	
☐ Not Applicable	

Southwest Florida Water Management District



Dead and Leaning Trees

	Stress	
Signs of stress of appropriate trees (do not include	ide dead species)	
☐ Little or None		- 1
□ Noticeable		-0
☐ Significant		- 0.
☐ Not Applicable		
Signs of stress of inappropriate trees (include de	ead species)	
☐ Little or None	4.074.1	= 1
□ Noticeable		.0
☐ Significant		and the second
□ Not Applicable		
Dead/leaning trees (include standing dead trees	and dead trees on ground	
hat are appropriate.		
☐ Little or None		- 1
☐ Noticeable		
Significant		100
□ Not Applicable		
A	Recovery	
Signs of tree recovery		
□Yes		
□No		9
□ Not Sure		
□ Not Applicable		
nappropriate vine death suggesting recovery		
□Yes		
□No		
□ Not Sure		la l
☐ Not Applicable		-

Dead and Leaning Trees

- Include only appropriate trees.
- Include all trees in entire wetland (viewable distance).
- Include standing and fallen dead trees.
- Do not include timbered trees or storm/wind impacts.
- Include leaning trees that are alive (leaning = 30 degrees or more.)

Think: Is it hydrology related?





Recovery

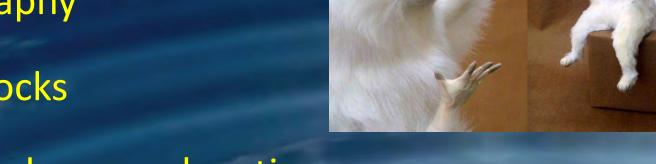
an was public of		uleu-l			full main an area for	Trees		MAD	(70	NEWL AD T OF	01			- (0/)	
										NE) (U, AD, T, OI ge, B=beyond a fe					
Transit				12.00		Deep Zo		eep Zone Trees							
Check	if no tre	es 🗆			Check	k if no tre	es 🗆			Check if no trees □					
Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	Species	Z	%	#	D	
	100			7		1	111	17.	-					-	
			100			11 1 1 1 1	100	7.11				-	-		
													-		
						100	177	-							
							1								
ree Comments:															
						Zonatio	in								
onation Score			Ple	ase assig	in a score of 1-5 o	or O (for	N/A) a	nd pro	vide an e	xplanation					
10000															
onation Score E	xplanat	tion:												_3	
						Stress	5								
igns of stress of a	ppropri	iate tre	es (do	not inclu	de dead species)										
Little or None															
□ Noticeable															
☐ Significant ☐ Not Applicable															
igns of stress of i	napprop	oriate tr	rees (ir	nclude de	ad species)										
☐ Little or None		7		19	HE SECOND										
□ Noticeable															
□ Significant															
□ Not Applicable		No. of the	S. 2.	Tr. Allina	W. J. W. T.	10.50								_	
ead/leaning trees hat are appropriat		e stano	ding de	ead trees	and dead trees o	n ground	d								
☐ Little or None														_	
□ Noticeable														- 7	
Significant															
- Horrison															
Since of tree reason						Recover	ry								
igns of tree recov □Yes	ery														
□ Yes □ No														18	
□ Not Sure															
Not Applicable														_	
nappropriate vine	death s	uggest	ing red	covery											
□Yes															
□ No															
☐ Not Sure ☐ Not Applicable															

Recovery

		Recovery	
Signs of tree recov	ery	2015	4 Data: N/A
□Yes			
□No			
☐ Not Sure	Example: Young cypress recru	 uitment.	
☐ Not Applicable			
Inappropriate vine	death suggesting recovery	2015	5 I Data: N/A
□Yes			
□No			
☐ Not Sure	Example: Vitis in deeper zones (no	t on hummock) no	ow dying.
☐ Not Applicable	· [1]=	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, 0

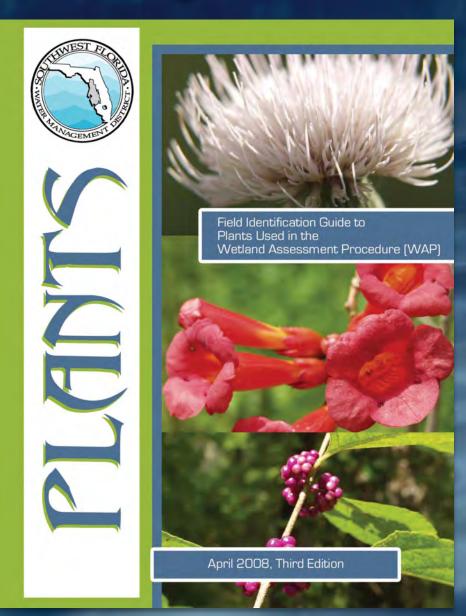
Challenging Aspects of WAP

- Knowing the plants / WAP Field ID Guide
- Percent cover
- Topography
- Hummocks

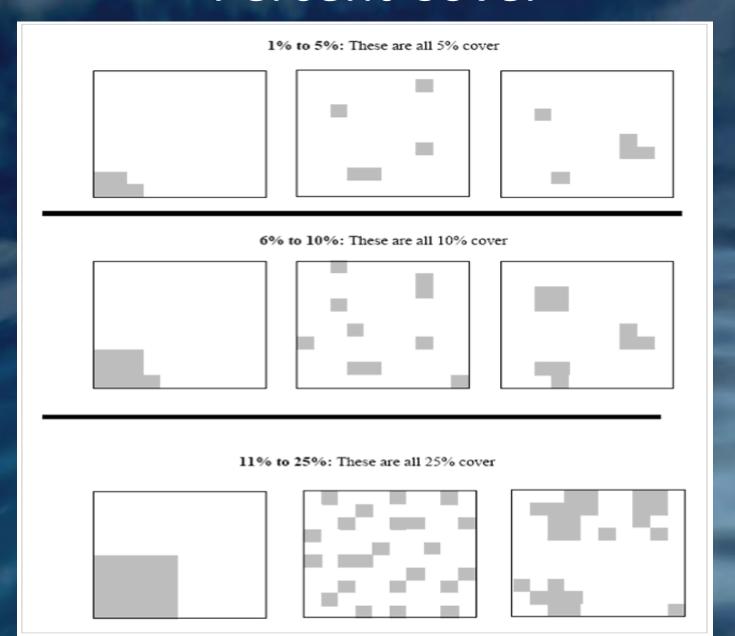


- Writing down explanations
- Trusting your judgement

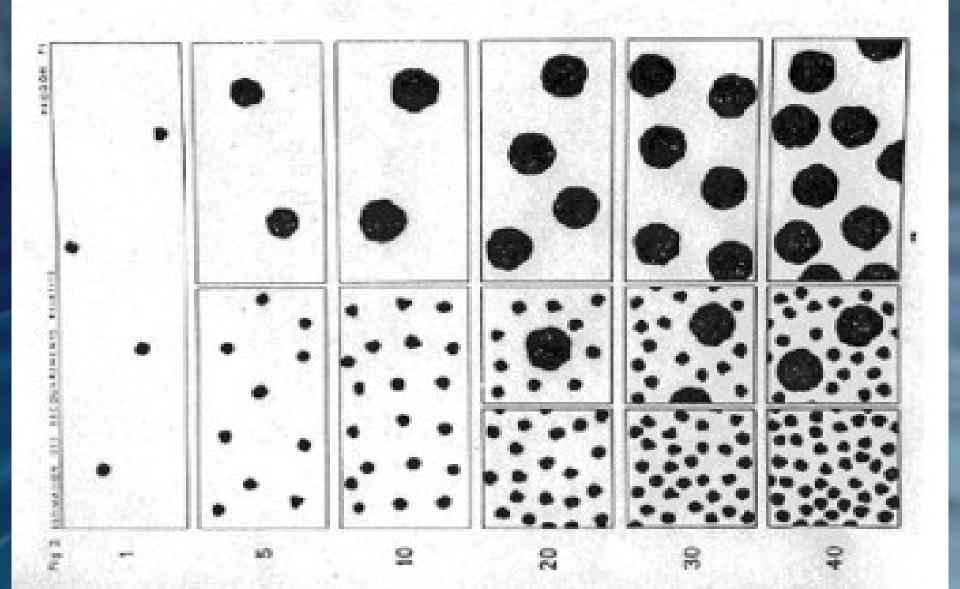
Knowing the Plants



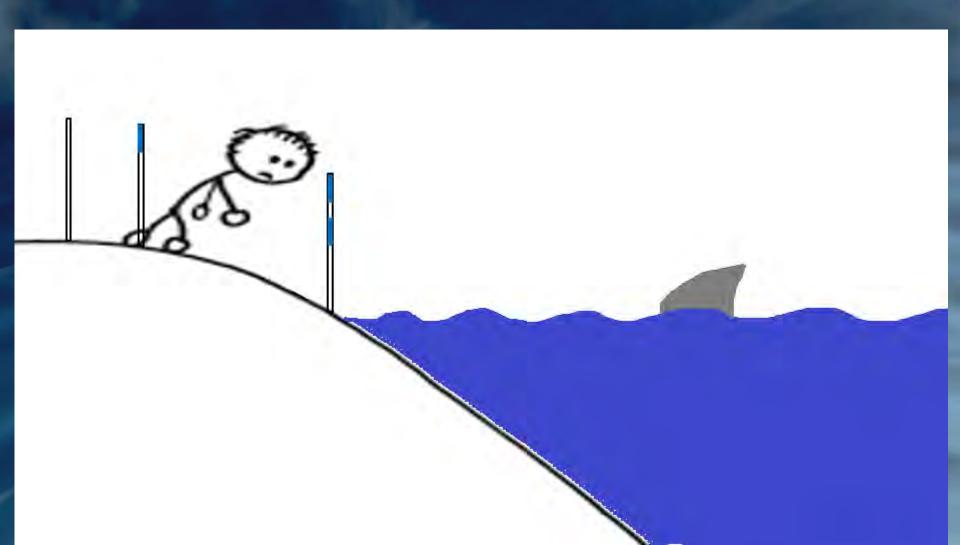
Percent Cover



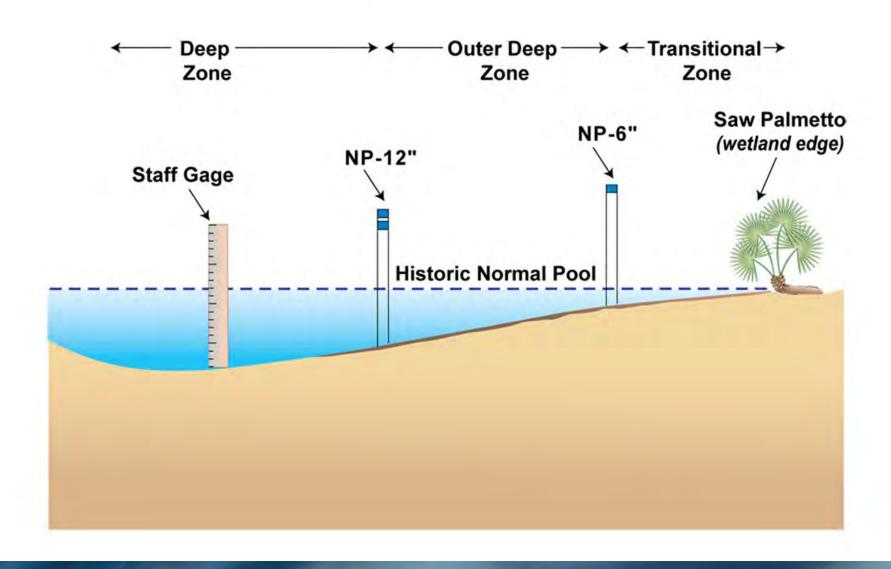
Percent Cover

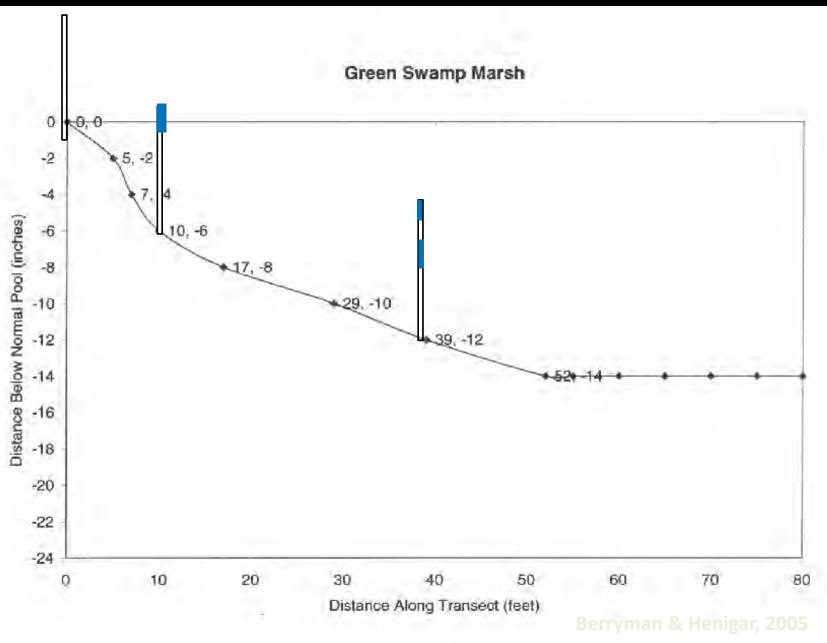


Topography Transect Issues



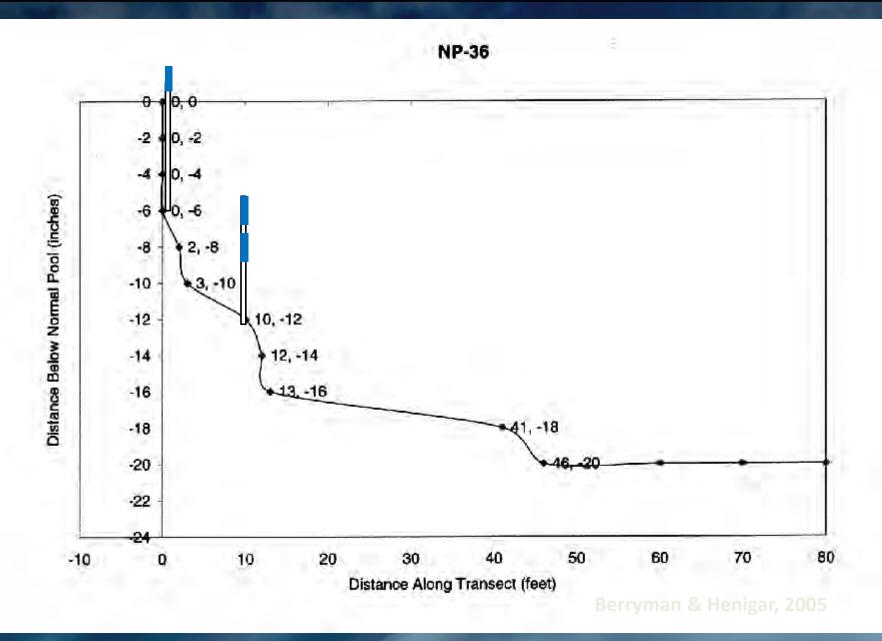
Example of Typical WAP Transect



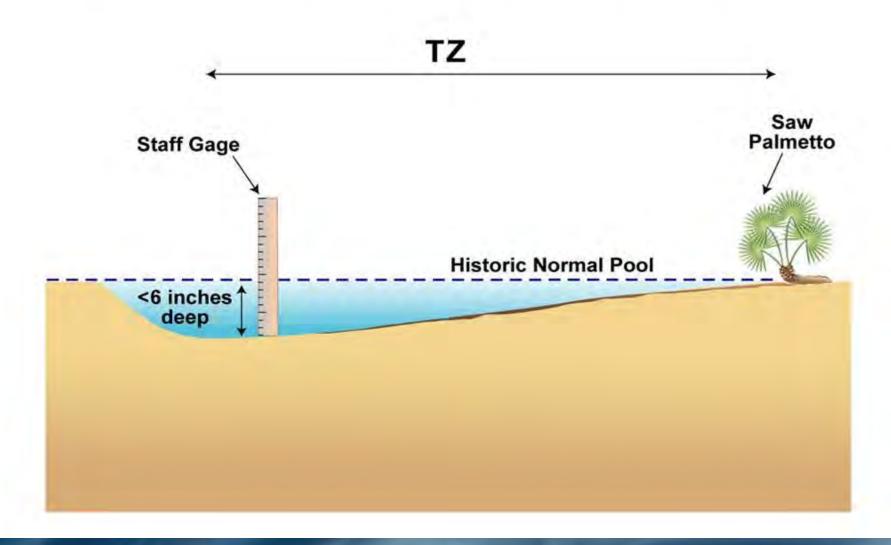


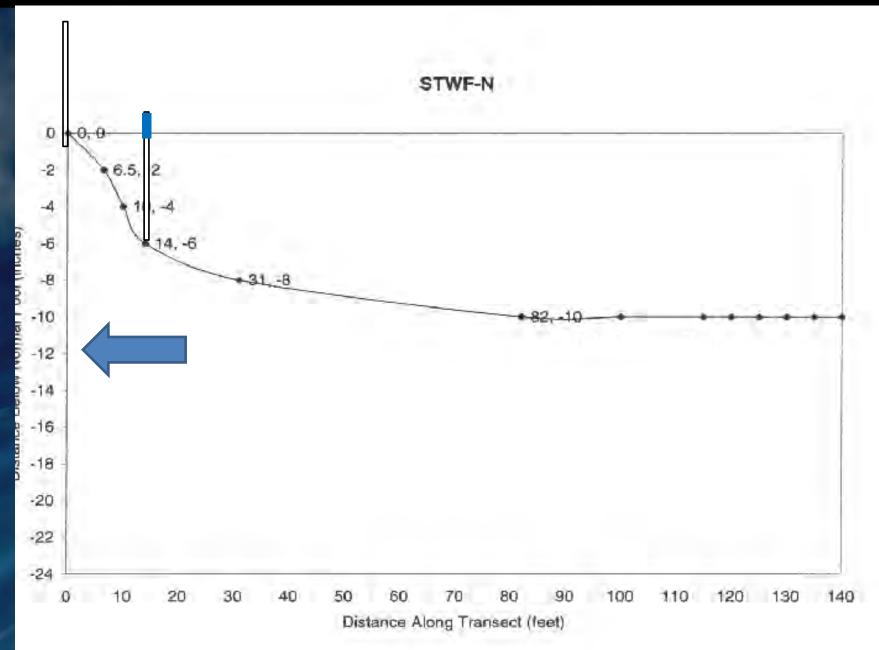
Missing Zones





Example of WAP Transect in a Shallow Wetland



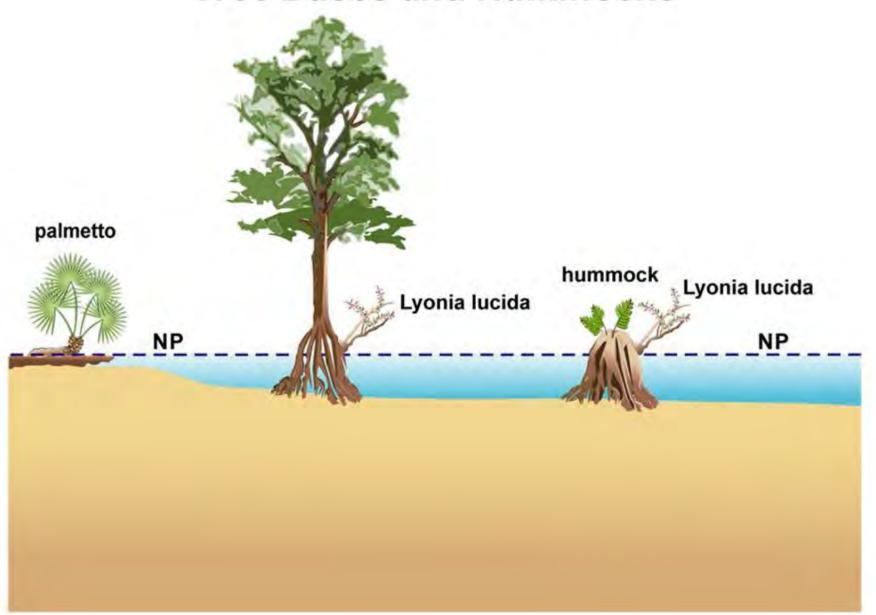




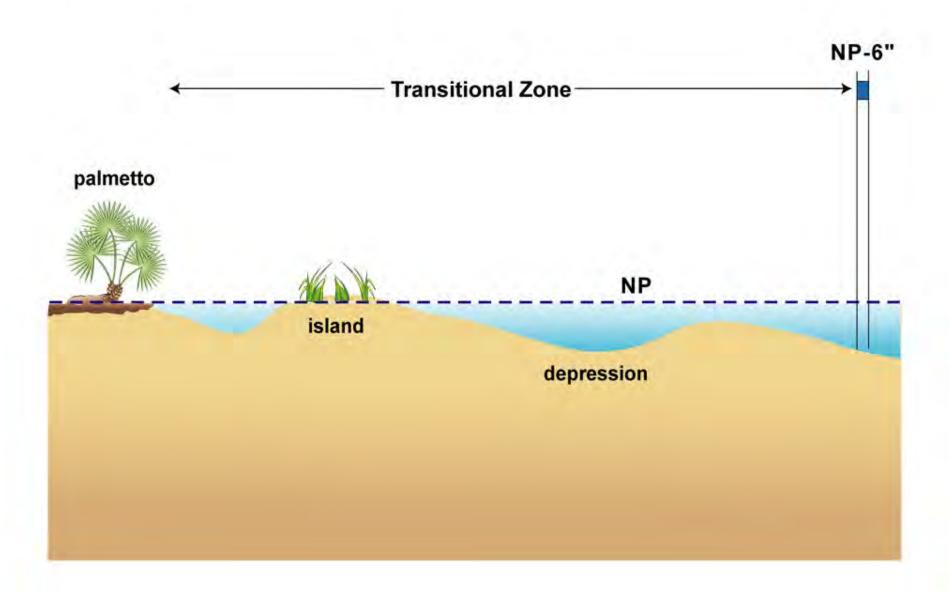




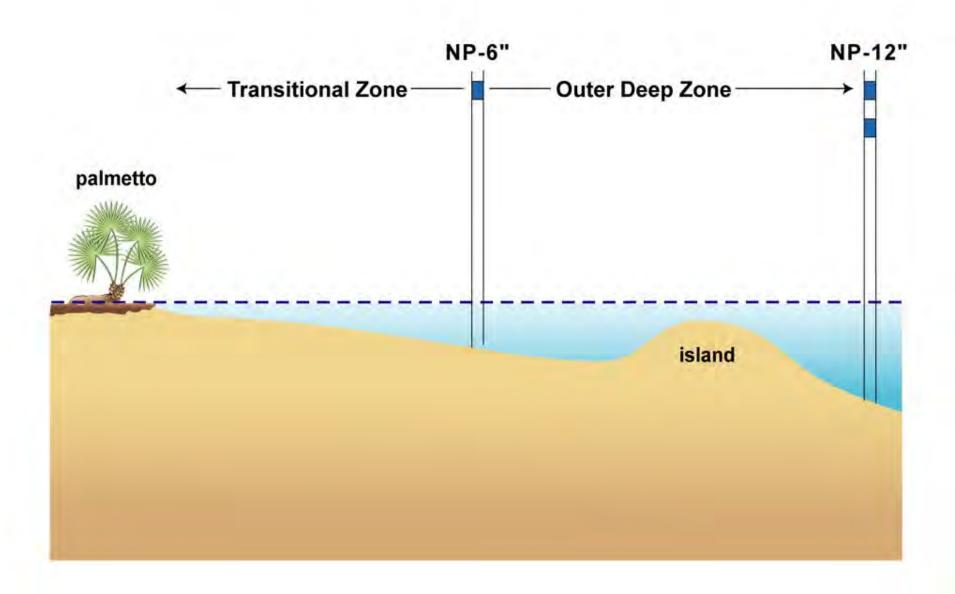
Tree Bases and Hummocks



Island and Depression in the Transitional Zone



"Island" in the Outer Deep Zone



SOUTHWEST FLORIDA WATER MANAGEMENT DISTRICT





Vehicle Impacts



Appendices of WAP Manual

- A Plant List
- **B** Definitions
- C Historic Normal Pool and Historic Wetland Edge
- D Wetland Types
- **E** Wetland History
- F Transect Information "Worksheet"
- **G** References

https://www.swfwmd.state.fl.us/projects/ntb-wetland-assessment-procedure