April 23, 2004

MEMORANDUM

TO: File

FROM: Adam Munson, Environmental Scientist III

Resource Conservation and Development Department

Southwest Florida Water Management District

SUBJECT: Proposed minimum and guidance levels for Mound Lake in

Hillsborough County, Florida

Mound Lake

General Description

Mound Lake (Figure 1) is located in the Northwest Hillsborough Basin of the Southwest Florida Water Management District in Hillsborough County, Florida (Section 11, Township 27 South, Range 17 East). White (1970) classified the area of west-central Florida containing Mound Lake as the Northern Gulf Coastal Lowlands physiographic region. Brooks (1981) characterized the area surrounding the lake as the Land O' Lakes Region in the Tampa Plain subdivision of the Ocala Uplift District and described the subdivision as a region of karst features and many small lakes. As part of the Florida Department of Environmental Protection's Lake Bioassessment/ Regionalization Initiative, the area has been identified as the Keystone Lakes Region, and described as an area of generally clear water, low nutrient, slightly acidic lakes situated in sandy well-drained soils of the Tampa Plain (Griffith *et al.* 1997).

Uplands adjacent to Mound Lake have, for the most part, been cleared of native vegetation and are used for residential development or citrus production (Figure 2). Public access to the lake is not available. Mound Lake has a drainage area of 0.3 square miles (SWFWMD 1996) and lies within the Upper Brooker Creek Drainage Basin in the Tampa Bay/Anclote River watershed. The lake has no surface inlets and discharges through a small conveyance way to Rebel Lake (Figure 2). Under peak conditions, conveyance will continue from Rebel Lake (also known as Lake Faye) through Wood Lake, Lake Fern, Crescent Lake, and Island Ford Lake to Brooker Creek. There are currently no permitted surface withdrawals from Mound Lake, although renewal of an expired permit is currently under review by District staff. There are a number of permitted surface and ground water withdrawals in the lake vicinity, including those associated with the Cosme-Odessa Wellfield.

The 1974 (photorevised 1987) United States Geological Survey 1:24,000 Odessa, Fla. quadrangle map does not indicate a water surface elevation for Mound Lake. The DRAFT

"Gazetteer of Florida Lakes" (Florida Board of Conservation 1969, Shafer *et al.* 1986) lists the lake area as 79 acres at an elevation of 45 ft above mean sea level. A topographic map of the basin generated in support of minimum levels development (Figure 3) indicates that the lake extends over 71 acres at an elevation of 45 ft above the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929 (NGVD). Data used for production of the topographic map were obtained from field surveys conducted in February 2004 and aerial photography maps containing one-foot contour lines prepared using photogrammetric methods.

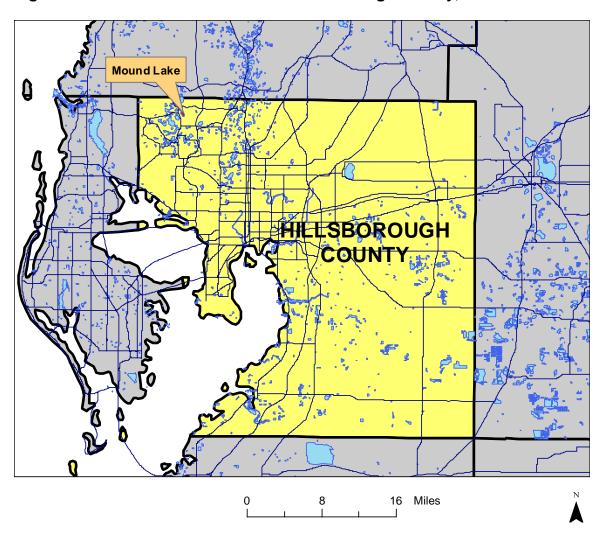
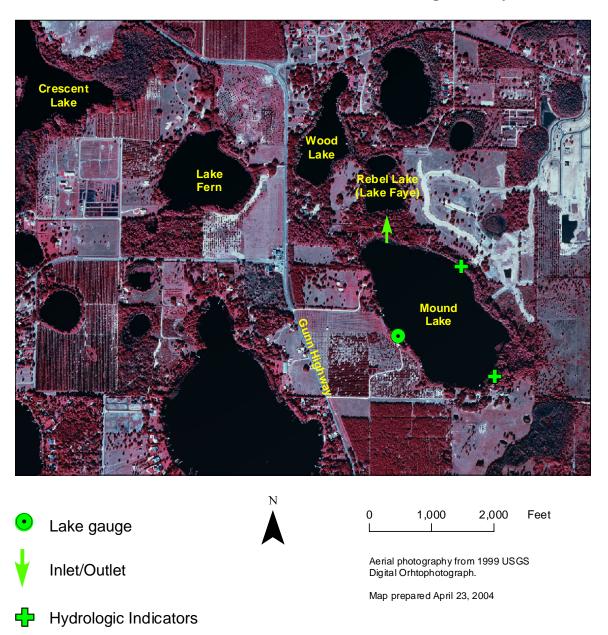


Figure 1. Location of Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.

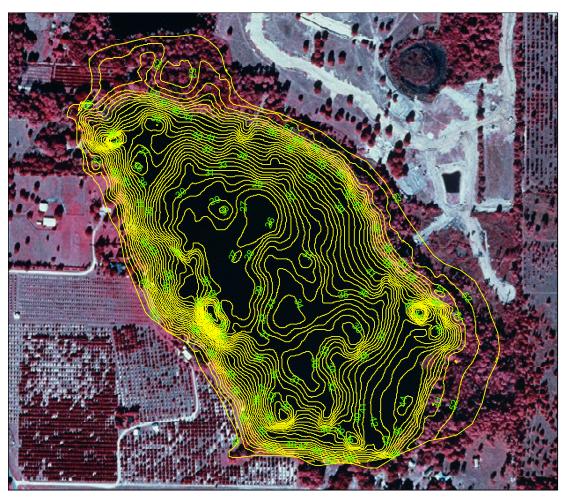
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Figure 2. Location of District lake-level gauge, outlet, and sites where hydrologic indicators were measured at Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.

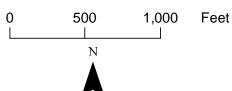


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Figure 3. One-foot contours within the Mound Lake basin in Hillsborough County, Florida. Values shown are elevations in feet above the National Geodetic Vertical Datum of 1929.



Map prepared February 18, 2004 using 1999 USGS digital orthophotography, elevation data from 1989 SWFWMD aerial photography with contours maps (Sheet No. 11-27-17,), and elevation data collected on February 17, 2004 by SWFWMD staff.



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Previously Adopted Lake Management Levels

Based on work conducted in the late1970s (see SWFWMD 1996), the District Governing Board adopted management levels (currently referred to as Guidance Levels) for Mound Lake in September 1980 (Table 1). A Maximum Desirable Level of 50.00 ft above NGVD was also developed, but was not adopted by the Governing Board.

Table 1. Adopted guidance levels and associated surface areas for Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.

Level	Elevation (feet above NGVD)	Lake Area (acres)
Ten Year Flood Guidance Level	51.60	96
High Level	51.00	90
Low Level	48.00	79
Extreme Low Level	46.00	74

Proposed Minimum and Guidance Levels

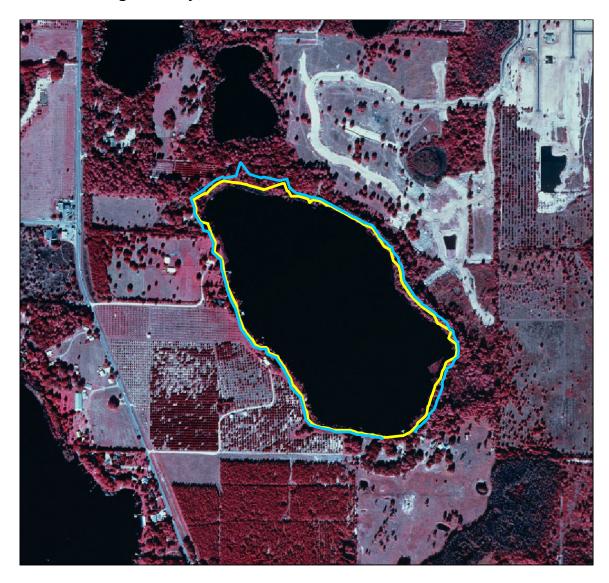
Proposed Minimum and Guidance Levels were developed for Mound Lake using the methodology for Category 1 Lakes described in current District Rules (Chapter 40D-8, Florida Administrative Code). Proposed levels, along with lake surface area values for each level are listed in Table 2. Contour lines corresponding to the proposed minimum levels within the lake basin are shown in Figure 4.

Table 2. Proposed minimum levels, guidance levels and associated surface areas for Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.

Level	Elevation (feet above NGVD)	Lake Area (acres)
Ten Year Flood Guidance Level	51.8	98
High Guidance Level	50.2	85
High Minimum Lake Level	50.7	88
Minimum Lake Level	49.3	82
Low Guidance Level	48.3	80

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Figure 4. Approximate location of the proposed Minimum Lake Level (MLL, yellow) and proposed High Minimum Lake Level (HMLL, Blue) for Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.



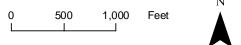
Legend

Contour

HMLL =49.3 ft above NGVD

MLL = 50.7 ft above NGVD

Map prepared February 18, 2004 using 1999 USGS digital orthophotography, elevation data from 1989SWFWMD aerial photography with contours maps (Sheet No. 11-27-17) and elevation data collected on February 17, 2004 by SWFMWD staff.



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Summary of Data and Analyses Supporting Recommended Minimum and Guidance Levels

Hydrologic (*i.e.*, lake stage) data are available from the District Water Management Database for Mound Lake (District Universal ID Number STA 153 153) from July 1972 through the present date (Figure 5, see Figure 2 for current location of the SWFWMD lake-level gauge). The hydrologic date record is not continuous; there are some months during the period of record when water level data were not recorded. Monthly mean water surface elevations, along with proposed guidance and minimum levels for the lake are graphed in Figure 6. Historic data are not available. For the period of record from July 1972 through the present, the hydrologic data are classified as Current data. Current data collected through January 2003 were used to calculate the Current P10, P50, and P90 (Table 3).

The Normal Pool elevation was established at 51.1 ft above NGVD based on elevations associated with the buttressing of cypress (*Taxodium* sp.) trees along the northeast and southern shores of the lake (Table 4, Figure 2). The low floor slab elevation, extent of structural alteration and the control point elevation were determined using available one-foot contour interval aerial maps and field survey data collected in August 2003 (Table 3). The control point elevation was established at 49.3 ft above NGVD, based on the ground elevation in a ditch leading into Rebel Lake (Lake Faye) from the northern shore of Mound Lake (Figure 2). The Normal Pool elevation is higher than the control point elevation so the lake is considered to be Structurally Altered.

Based on the relative elevations of the control point, the Normal Pool and the Current P10, the High Guidance Level was established at the Current P10 elevation of 50.2 ft above NGVD (Table 3). The Historic P50 and Low Guidance Level were established at 49.5 and 48.3 ft above NGVD, respectively, using the High Guidance Level and the difference between the current P10 and current P50 (0.7 ft) and the difference between the current P10 and current P50 (1.9 ft).

The Ten Year Flood Guidance Level for Mound Lake was established at 51.8 ft above NGVD using the methodology for open basin lakes described in current District Rules (Chapter 40D-8, Florida Administrative Code). For the analysis, Hillsborough County's modified version of the Environmental Protection Agency's Stormwater Management Model (SWMM), version 4.31C (Hillsborough County 2000) was used. Model input was based on a ten-year storm event with a 120-hour duration and an 11.3-inch rainfall depth. Based on available lake stage data, the Ten Year Flood Guidance Level has not been exceeded during the past 31 years (Figures 5 and 6). The highest surface elevation for Mound Lake included in the District water management database, 51.62 ft above NGVD, occurred on June 27, 1974. The low of record, 46.26 ft above NGVD, occurred on June 13, 2000.

Mound Lake contains diverse stands of aquatic macrophytes and other hydrophytes, including cattail (*Typha* sp.), pickerelweed (*Pontederia cordata*), pennywort (*Hydrocotyle umbellata*), Spatterdock (*Nuphar luteum*), and cypress (*Taxodium* sp.)

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The lake is contiguous with a cypress-dominated wetland greater than 0.5 acre in size, so it is classified as a Category 1 or 2 Lake for the purpose of minimum levels development. Because the Historic P50 elevation is less than 1.8 feet below the Normal Pool elevation, the lake is classified as a Category 1 Lake. Note that herein, for discussion purposes, the elevation 1.8 ft below the Normal Pool elevation is identified as the Cypress Standard. For Mound Lake, this standard is established at 49.3 ft above NGVD.

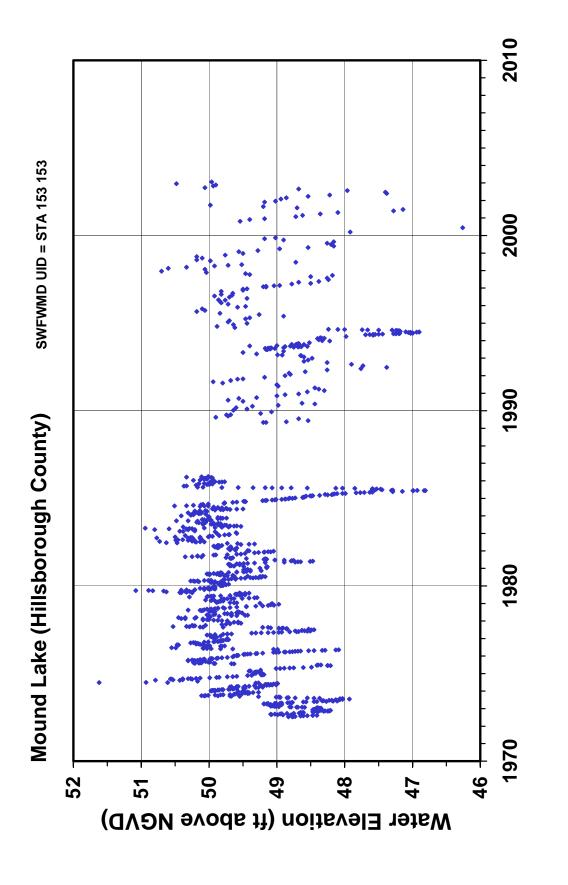
Based on the relationship between the Cypress Standard and the Historic P50 elevation, the proposed Minimum Lake Level was established at the Cypress Standard elevation (49.3 ft above NGVD). The proposed High Minimum Lake Level was established at 50.7 ft above NGVD, an elevation 0.4 ft below the Normal Pool. The proposed High Minimum Lake Level is 2.8 ft below the floor slab of the lowest residential building in the immediate lake basin, 2.5 ft below the lowest spot on the paved roads in the vicinity of the lake, and 1.2 ft below the dirt road that runs along the lake's north shore.

For comparative purposes, minimum level standards used for establishing Minimum Lake Level for lakes without fringing cypress wetlands were developed for Mound Lake (Table 3). The Aesthetic Standard for the lake was established at the Low Guidance Level elevation of 48.3 ft above NGVD. The Dock-Use Standard was established at 47.3 ft above NGVD, based on the sum of the P10 elevation of sediments at the end of the 10 docks at the lake (44.2 ft above NGVD, Table 5), a clearance value of 2 ft based on use of powerboats in the lake, and the Northern Tampa Bay RLWR 5090 value (1.1 ft). The Species Richness Standard was established at 44.9 ft above NGVD, based on limiting reduction in lake surface area to less than a 15% decrease in the lake area at the Historic P50 elevation. A Basin Connectivity Standard for ensuring connectivity among the two major lake sub-basins was established at 34.6 ft above NGVD, based on the critical high-spot elevation of 31.5 ft above NGVD between the two sub-basins, a two-foot allowance for inter-basin movement of fauna and motorized watercraft, and the Northern Tampa Bay area RLWF5090 (1.1 ft). A Recreation/Ski Standard was established at 39.1 ft above NGVD, based on the lake stage that could would allow for a five-foot deep area for safe skiing (38 ft above NGVD), and the Northern Tampa Bay area RLWR5090 (1.1 ft). A Mixing Standard for the lake was not developed based on review of dynamic ratio (basin slope) values (see Bachmann et al. 2000, Figure 7).

Review of change in the area available for plant colonization associated with change in lake stage indicated that use of the Recreation/Ski Standard for minimum levels development would not be appropriate; approximately 89% of the basin would be susceptible to colonization by aquatic plants at the standard elevation (Figure 7).

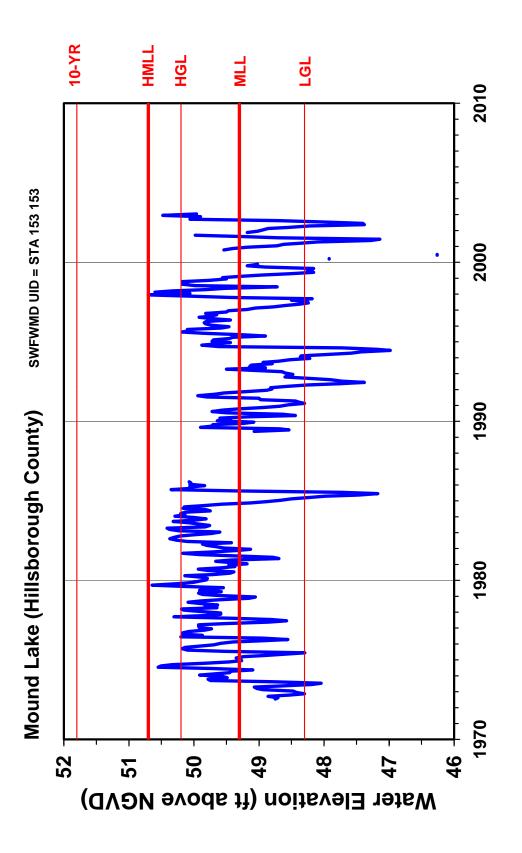
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Figure 5. Surface water elevations through January 2003 at Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.



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Flood Guidance Level (10-YR), High Guidance Level (HGL), Low Guidance Level (LGL), High Minimum Lake Figure 6. Mean monthly surface water elevations through September 2003, and proposed guidance and minimum levels for Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida. Proposed levels include the Ten Year Level (HMLL), and Minimum Lake Level (MLL).



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Table 3. Elevation data and associated area values used for establishing minimum levels for Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.

Level or Feature	Elevation (feet above NGVD)	Lake Area (acres)
Current P10	50.2	85
Current P50	49.5	83
Current P90	48.3	80
Normal Pool	51.1	91
Low Floor Slab	53.5	NA
Low Road	53.2	NA
Low Road (dirt)	51.9	99
Control Point	49.3	82
High Guidance Level	50.2	85
Historic P50	49.5	83
Low Guidance Level	48.3	80
Cypress Standard	49.3	82
*Aesthetic Standard	48.3	80
*Dock-Use Standard	47.3	77
*Species Richness Standard	44.9	71
*Recreation/Ski Standard	39.1	49
*Connectivity Standard	34.6	34
*Mixing Standard	NA	NA

NA = not available

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^{* =} Established for comparative purposes only; not used for minimum levels development

Table 4. Elevation data used for establishing the Normal Pool Elevation for Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida. Data were collected on October 1, 2002 by SWFWMD staff.

Hydrologic Indicator	Elevation (feet above NGVD)
Cypress buttress	51.16
Cypress buttress	51.26
Cypress buttress	51.26
Cypress buttress	51.46
Cypress buttress	50.76
Cypress buttress	51.16
Cypress buttress	51.36
Cypress buttress	51.06
Cypress buttress	51.06
Cypress buttress	50.96
Cypress buttress	51.16
Cypress buttress	50.76
Cypress buttress	51.16
Cypress buttress	50.86
Cypress buttress	50.96
Cypress buttress	51.06
N	16
Median	51.1
Mean (SD)	51.1 (0.2)

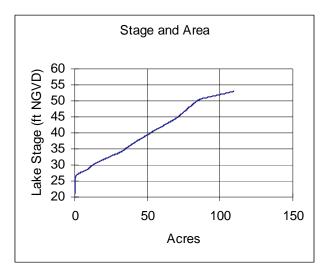
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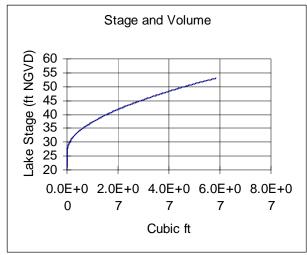
Table 5. Summary statistics for elevation data determined for docks (n=10) at Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida, based on data collected by SWFWMD staff on September 12, 2002. Percentiles (P10, P50, P90) represent elevations exceeded by 10, 50 and 90 percent of the docks.

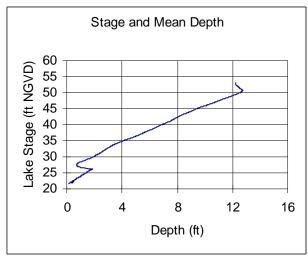
Statistic	Elevation of Sediments at Waterward End Docks (feet above NGVD)	Elevation of Dock Platforms (feet above NGVD)
Mean (SD)	43.2 (1.2)	51.9 (0.9)
P10	44.2	53.2
P50	43.3	51.6
P90	41.4	51.1
Maximum	45.4	50.7
Minimum	41.4	53.4

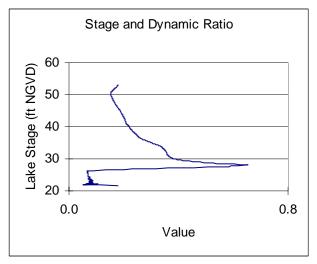
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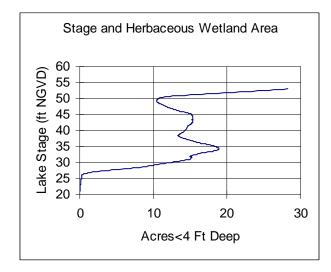
Figure 7. Surface area, volume, mean depth, dynamic ratio (basin slope), area available for colonization by aquatic macrophytes, and potential herbaceous wetland area versus lake stage for Mound Lake in Hillsborough County, Florida.

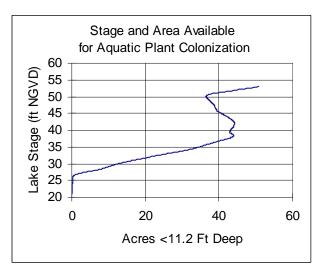












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