



An Equal Opportunity Employer

Southwest Florida Water Management District



2379 Broad Street, Brooksville, Florida 34604-6899
(352) 796-7211 or 1-800-423-1476 (FL only)
TDD only 1-800-231-6103 (FL only)
WaterMatters.org

The Southwest Florida Water Management District (District) does not discriminate on the basis of disability. This nondiscrimination policy involves every aspect of the District's functions, including access to and participation in the District's programs and activities. Anyone requiring reasonable accommodation as provided for in the Americans with Disabilities Act should contact the District's Human Resources Bureau Chief, 2379 Broad St., Brooksville, FL 34604-6899; telephone (352) 796-7211 or 1-800-423-1476 (FL only), ext. 4702; TDD 1-800-231-6103 (FL only); or email ADACoordinator@WaterMatters.org.

Susanna Martinez Tarokh
1-800-423-1476, ext. 2008 or
Cell Phone: (813) 781-9817

March 2, 2018

The Southwest Florida Water Management District urges year-round water conservation. Water levels may rise and fall, but our water resources remain limited. The District encourages efficient, non-wasteful uses of water to sustain our high quality of life. For more information about ways to conserve water, contact the District at 1-800-423-1476 or visit the District's website at WaterMatters.org

January Water Resource Monthly Update

Aquifer* Levels (percentile)

Regions **	Feb. 28 percentile***	Previous week percentile	Same date last year percentile	Normal range percentile****
North	55	55	30	25-75
Central	56	60	46	25-75
South	48	54	40	25-75

* Aquifers are underground layers of rock and sand that hold water. In southwest Florida, more than 80 percent of the water supply comes from aquifers.

** **North** (Citrus, Hernando, Lake, Levy, Marion and Sumter counties)

Central (Hillsborough, Pasco, Pinellas and Polk counties)

South (Charlotte, DeSoto, Hardee, Highlands, Manatee and Sarasota counties)

*** The **percentile** compares current aquifer levels to historical levels during the same time of year on a scale of 0-100. For example, the if groundwater level is at the 50th percentile, it means that half of the historical levels for this time of year were higher and half were lower than the current level.

**** Any level that falls between the 25th and the 75th percentile is considered **normal**. Less than the 25th would be considered below normal and above the 75th percentile is above normal.

NEWS RELEASE

2018 Rainfall (in inches) *

	Feb. 28	February		Jan-Feb		
	Actual **	Historic Avg.***	Normal Range***	Actual**	Historic Avg.***	Normal Range***
North	1.00	3.05	1.52–4.08	5.16	5.84	3.48–7.38
Central	1.37	2.82	1.39–4.07	4.59	5.31	3.39–6.90
South	0.81	2.48	1.15–3.58	3.26	4.62	2.50–6.22

Historic Rainfall (January - December in inches)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	Jan. through Dec.	
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Historic Avg.***	Normal Range***
North	52.41	48.49	52.04	61.12	50.54	55.81	48.35	49.61	53.45	48.62 – 58.07
Central	51.37	55.38	57.27	56.16	47.92	50.30	53.44	49.29	52.36	46.77 – 56.55
South	57.43	56.79	54.24	52.57	52.64	47.36	46.40	48.61	52.44	47.04 – 57.17

* The rainfall values for the current month and year are considered provisional and subject to revision. The other annual figures are final.

** Actual rainfall for the time frame referenced at the top of the column.

*** Historical average rainfall for the time frame referenced at the top of the column. The District’s historical rainfall records date back to 1914. The “normal range” is defined as rainfall totals that fall on or between the 25th to 75th percentile values derived from the historical data for each month.

Lake Levels (in feet, relative to MLM) *

Regions **	February levels	Previous month	Same date last year
Northern	-0.61	-0.55	-1.20
Tampa Bay	0.95	0.92	0.36
Polk Uplands	1.64	1.74	1.34
Lake Wales Ridge	0.39	0.48	-0.06

* Each month the District measures water levels in 76 lakes. The lake levels are compared to the lakes' adopted minimum low management (MLM) levels. The MLM level is how low each lake has historically dropped at the end of the dry season each year.

** **Northern** (Citrus, Hernando and Sumter counties)

Tampa Bay (Hillsborough and Pasco counties)

Polk Uplands (Northern Polk County)

Lake Wales Ridge (Portions of Polk and Highlands counties)

Streamflows *

	February percentile **	Previous month percentile	Same date last year percentile	Normal range percentile ***
Withlacochee River near Holder	54	54	13	25-75
Withlacochee River near Trilby	48	45	17	25-75
Hillsborough River near Zephyrhills	45	37	22	25-75
Peace River at Arcadia	37	40	9	25-75
Peace River at Bartow	36	23	15	25-75

* **Streamflow**, also known as discharge, is the volume of water passing a location in a certain amount of time, usually measured as cubic feet per second.

** The **percentile** compares current flows to historical flows during the same time of year on a scale of 0-100. For example, if the river is shown at the 50th percentile, it means that half of the historical flows for this time of year were higher and half were lower than the current flow.

*** Any flow that falls between the 25th and the 75th percentile is considered **normal**. Less than the 25th would be considered below normal and above the 75th above normal.